



Indicators

- ➡ Corporate prime rate so far in October: 4.4 percent
- ➡ Interbank interest rate at 3.6 percent so far in October
- ➡ Gross Domestic Product 1.2 percent in August
- ➡ Country risk at 171 bps

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Monetary and foreign exchange operations

At October 21, the monetary operations carried out by the Central Bank so far this month have been aimed at injecting liquidity into the market in the short-term to meet the current account requirements of financial entities. The Central Bank has also continued making its regular placements of BCRP-CDs three times a week and has placed CDs for a total of S/. 800 million with the purpose of contributing to increase liquidity in the secondary market of these instruments.

- Repos: At October 21, the BCRP has placed overnight repos for a daily average of S/. 2.60 billion, as well as 1-week repos for a total of S/. 3.5 billion and 3-month repos for a total of S/. 15 million. The balance of these operations at October 21 was S/. 3.27 billion, with an average interest rate of 3.56 percent.
- FX swaps for a total of S/. 91.5 million at an average interest rate of 3.65 percent have been placed. The balance of these operations at October 21 was S/. 4.39 billion, with an average interest rate of 4.13 percent.
- BCRP-CDs: 6-month BCRP-CDs for a total of S/. 300 million were placed at an average rate of 3.55 percent; 12-month BCRP-CDs for a total of S/. 300 million were placed at an average rate of 3.61 percent, and 18-month BCRP-CDs for a total of S/. 200 million were placed at an average rate of 3.58 percent.
- Overnight deposits: At October 21, overnight deposits show a daily average of S/. 899 million. The balance of overnight deposits on this date was S/. 1.44 billion.

In October, the Central Bank has also made operations in the spot foreign exchange market to reduce volatility in the foreign exchange rate.

- CDR BCRP: The Central Bank has placed CDR-BCRP for a total of US\$ 161 million (S/. 465 million) at an average interest rate of 0.15 percent. The balance of these operations at October 21 was US\$ 2.17 billion (S/. 6.29 billion).
- Interventions in the foreign exchange market: At October 21, the BCRP has sold FC for a total of US\$ 60 million in the spot market at an average rate of S/. 2.90 per US dollar.
- Exchange Swaps: So far this month, the BCRP has placed Sell-Exchange Swaps for a total of S/. 2.63 billion (US\$ 905 million). At October 21, these instruments show a balance of S/. 2.63 billion.

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MONETARY AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE OPERATIONS (Million nuevos soles)

		Sterilization	Balance								Maturities	
			(Interest rate)		Placements							
			Sep 30	Oct 14	Overnight	1-week	2-month	3-month	6-month	12-month	18-month	
Monetary operations	CD BCRP	CD BCRP	17,565	15,935					300	300	200	2,430
			(3.72%)	(3.69%)					(3.55%)	(3.61%)	(3.58%)	
	Term deposit											
	Overnight deposits	Overnight deposits	2,287	1,442	12,592							13,437
			(2.30%)	(2.30%)								
Foreign exchange operations	Repos	Repos	5,100	3,265	36,432	3,500		15				41,782
			(3.92%)	(3.56%)	(3.63%)	(3.72%)		(3.52%)				
	Fx-Swaps	Fx-Swaps	4,700	4,392			92					400
			(4.11%)	(4.13%)			(3.65%)					
	CDR BCRP	CDR BCRP	5,955	6,290		465						130
			(0.08%)	(0.08%)		(0.15%)						0
	Exchange swaps	Exchange swaps		2,630		2,630						
				(0.09%)		(0.09%)						

Interbank interest rate in soles at 3.50 percent

At October 21, the interbank interest rate in soles showed an average level of 3.50 percent, a similar rate to that of the benchmark interest rate.

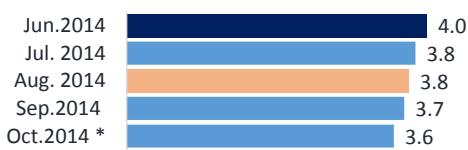
Corporate prime rate in soles at 4.4 percent

At October 21, the **corporate prime rate** –the interest rate charged by commercial banks to lower risk businesses– in soles recorded a daily average rate of 4.4 percent (a similar rate to that registered in the previous month). In the same period, the corporate prime rate in dollars was 0.9 percent.

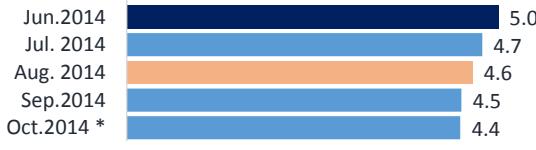
AVERAGE INTEREST RATES

DOMESTIC CURRENCY (%)

Interbank rate



90-days corporate prime rate

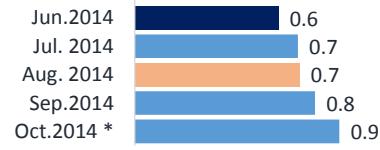


FOREIGN CURRENCY (%)

Interbank rate



90-days corporate prime rate

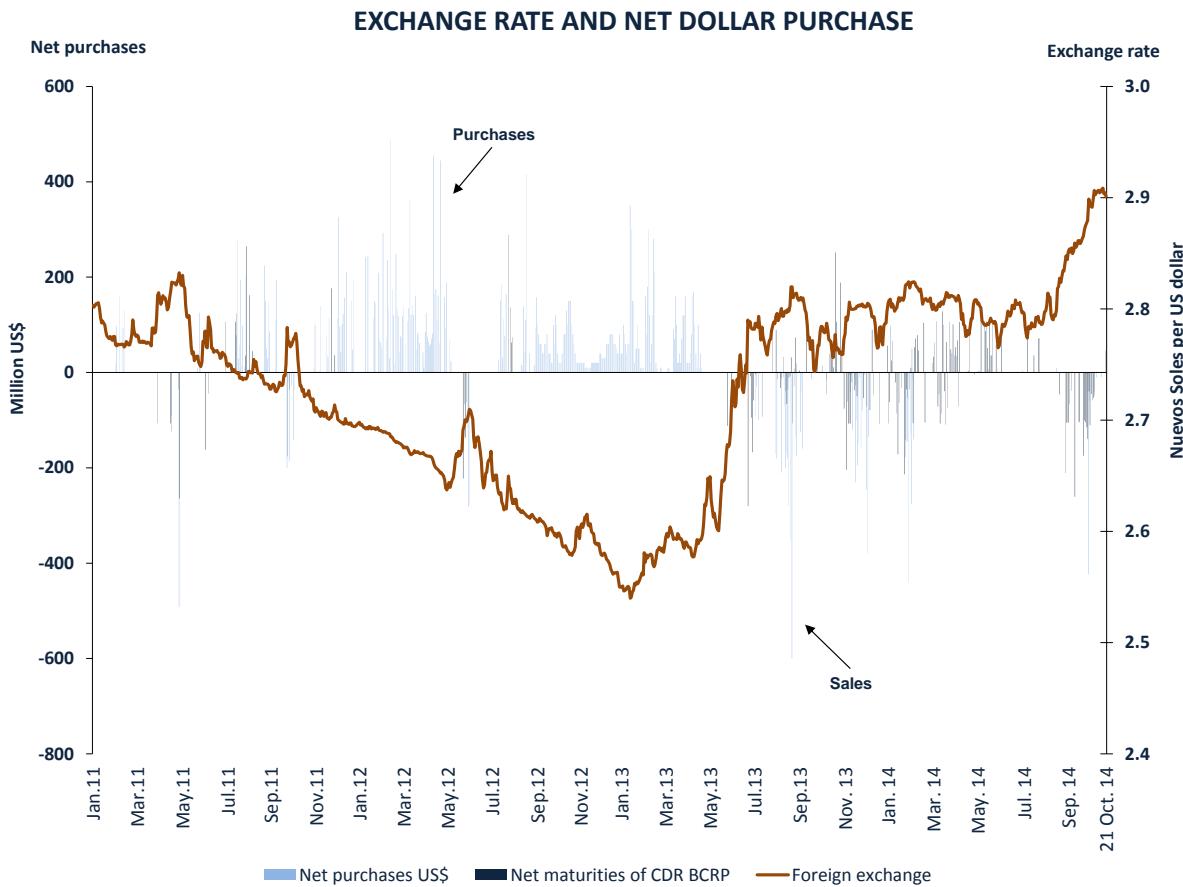


* As of 21.

Exchange rate: S/. 2.90 per US dollar

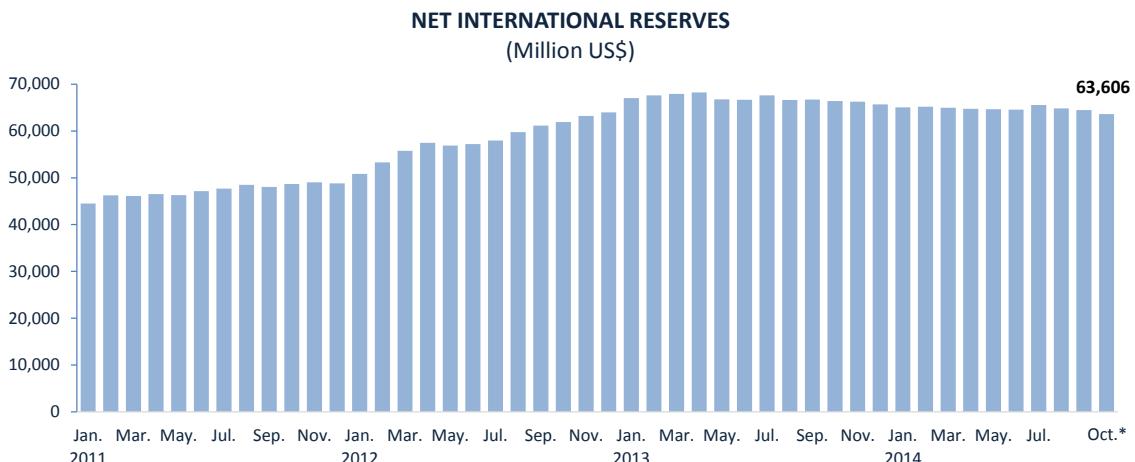
On October 21, the average selling price of the dollar in the interbank market was S/. 2.90 per dollar.

Since 2012 the Central Bank has purchased FC for a total of US\$ 19.09 billion and sold FC for US\$ 7.94 billion. In net terms, the BCRP purchases of foreign currency are US\$ 11.15 billion higher than the BCRP sales of foreign currency.



International reserves amount to US\$ 63.61 billion on October 21

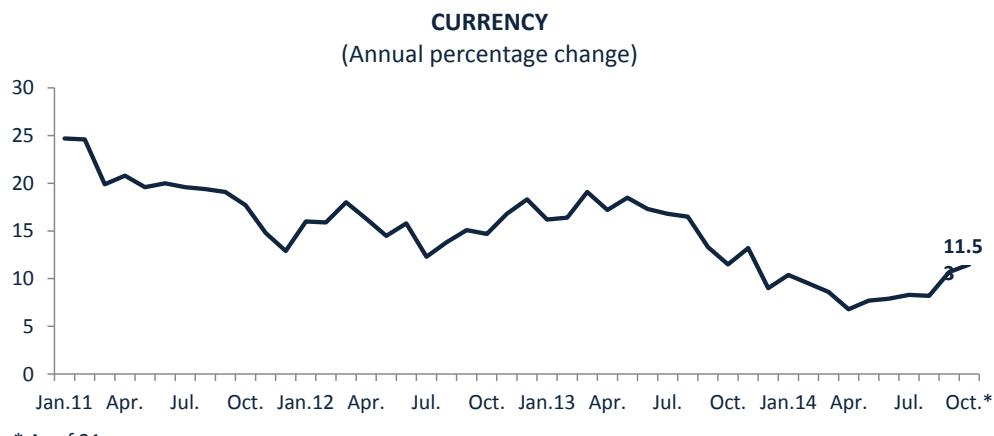
International reserves on October 21, 2014, amounted to US\$ 63.61 billion. On the same date, the foreign exchange position of the BCRP was US\$ 40.1 billion.



* As of 21.

Currency

Currency in circulation on October 21, 2014, showed a balance of S/. 35.32 billion and registered a growth rate of 11.5 percent in the last 12 months.



Gross domestic product: August 2014

In August, **GDP showed a growth rate of 1.2 percent**, which reflected an expansion of 2.2 percent in non-primary activities and a decline of 2.6 percent in primary activities. In January-August, GDP accumulated a growth rate of 2.8 percent.

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT
(Real percentage change respect to the same period of previous year)

% structure of GDP 2013 1/	2013		2014		
	Year	July	August	January-August	
Agriculture and Livestock 2/	5.3	1.5	1.6	3.1	0.5
Agriculture	3.6	1.0	1.1	2.7	-0.7
Livestock	1.6	2.5	2.5	3.7	2.8
Fishing	0.5	18.1	13.5	-22.0	-3.6
Mining and Fuel 3/	12.1	4.9	-1.6	-3.5	-0.6
Metallic mining	7.8	4.2	-3.9	-3.8	-1.4
Hydrocarbons	2.0	7.2	6.9	-2.4	2.2
Manufacture	15.1	5.5	-5.7	-3.2	-0.9
Based on raw materials	3.2	8.7	-1.5	-5.4	0.8
Non-primary industries	11.9	4.4	-7.2	-2.5	-1.3
Electricity and water	1.7	5.5	4.3	4.5	5.1
Construction	6.9	8.9	-6.0	-3.7	0.3
Commerce	11.0	5.9	4.2	3.2	4.5
Services	38.7	6.3	5.3	5.2	5.9
Transportation	5.3	6.6	0.1	1.0	2.4
Restaurants and hotels	3.1	6.4	4.0	3.9	5.0
Communications	3.9	8.3	6.7	5.7	6.4
Financial and insurance	4.8	10.5	12.4	12.3	13.1
Given to companies	4.5	6.1	6.0	5.8	6.6
Government Services	4.4	5.2	3.6	3.6	4.1
Other services	13.3	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.6
Import duties and other taxes	8.8	4.8	-1.7	-1.0	0.9
GDP Global	100.0	5.8	1.2	1.2	2.8
Primary	21.1	4.8	-0.5	-2.6	-0.2
Non-primary	78.9	6.0	1.6	2.2	3.6

1/ At 2007 prices.

2/ Includes silviculture.

3/ Includes non-metallic mining.

Source: INEI.

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Production in the **agriculture sector** grew 3.1 percent in August due to the recovery observed in rice crops, the higher yield obtained in olive, and the greater production of poultry.

Activity in the **fishing sector** decreased 22.0 percent due to the lower catch of anchovy and scallops, species for industrial consumption.

The output in the **mining and hydrocarbons sector** declined by 3.5 percent due to a lower production of gold and copper.

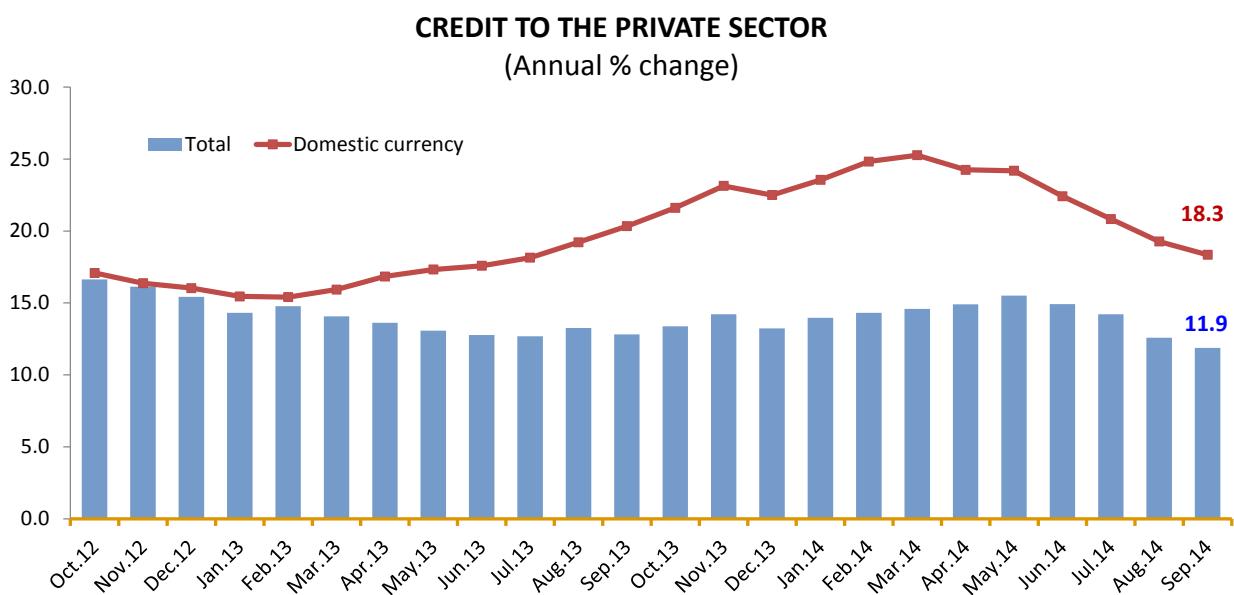
Production in the **manufacturing sector** decreased 3.2 percent in August as a result of lower primary manufacturing activity by the lower output of refining of non-ferrous metals and fish products, and lower non-primary manufacturing activity in the industrial branches like printing activities, explosives, and natural and chemical scents, and investment (transportation, electric machinery, and industrial services).

Finally, activity in the **construction sector** fell 3.7 percent in the month due to the decline observed in the domestic consumption of cement and in the physical implementation of public works.

Liquidity and credit to the private sector: September 2014

Total credit of depository institutions to the private sector –which includes the loans placed by the branch offices of local banks in other countries– increased 0.5 percent in September (S/. 1.07 billion). As a result of this, the annual growth rate of credit to the private sector in September was 11.9 percent.

Credit in Nuevos Soles grew 1.7 percent in the month (S/. 2.16 billion) and 18.3 percent in the last twelve months. On the other hand, credit in dollars declined 1.3 percent (negative flow of US\$ 392 million) and accumulated an annual growth rate of 2.9 percent.



Credit to businesses grew 0.2 percent in the month of September, with the increase observed in the segments of credit to corporate and large companies standing out, and credit to individuals grew 1.0 percent. In the latter segment, mortgage loans grew 1.2 percent while consumer loans grew 0.9 percent in the month.

TOTAL CREDIT TO THE PRIVATE SECTOR, BY TYPE OF LOAN

	Monthly % change		12-month % change	
	Aug.	Sep.	Aug.	Sep.
<u>Loans to companies 1/</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>12.7</u>	<u>11.7</u>
Corporate and large companies	-0.6	0.9	14.5	14.4
Medium-sized enterprises	0.4	-0.9	19.8	16.6
Small businesses	0.6	0.0	2.5	2.0
<u>Loans to individuals 3/</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>12.4</u>	<u>12.2</u>
Consumer loans	0.7	0.9	11.8	11.5
Of which:				
Car loans	0.5	-0.3	7.6	6.3
Credit cards	0.7	1.9	11.5	12.7
Rest	0.7	0.6	12.4	11.4
Mortgage	0.9	1.2	13.2	13.1
TOTAL	0.3	0.5	12.6	11.9

1 / Includes loans to legal persons and holdings of corporate bonds, including loans from foreign branches of banks.

2 / Includes non-profit organizations.

In September, **total liquidity in the private sector** slowed 0.1 percent –a negative flow of S/. 302 million– and recorded an annual growth rate of 6.1 percent. The evolution of liquidity corresponds to a decline in total deposits (-0.1 percent).

Liquidity in soles showed almost no variation in September (S/. 27 million) and 10.0 percent in the last twelve months. On the other hand, liquidity in dollars declined 0.5 percent in the month (negative flow of US\$ 118 million) and showed a growth rate of 1.3 percent relative to September 2013.

LIQUIDITY BY TYPE OF LIABILITY

	Monthly % change		12-month % change	
	Aug.	Sep.	Aug.	Sep.
Currency	0.3	0.1	8.6	10.8
<u>Deposits</u>	<u>-0.9</u>	<u>-0.1</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>4.8</u>
Demand deposits	-0.7	0.4	1.7	3.4
Saving deposits	0.2	0.0	15.0	13.9
Term deposits	-0.9	-0.7	0.7	-0.4
CTS	-4.4	-2.6	10.8	9.1
Securities and others 1/	3.5	-2.4	25.1	30.8
TOTAL	-0.6	-0.1	5.9	6.1

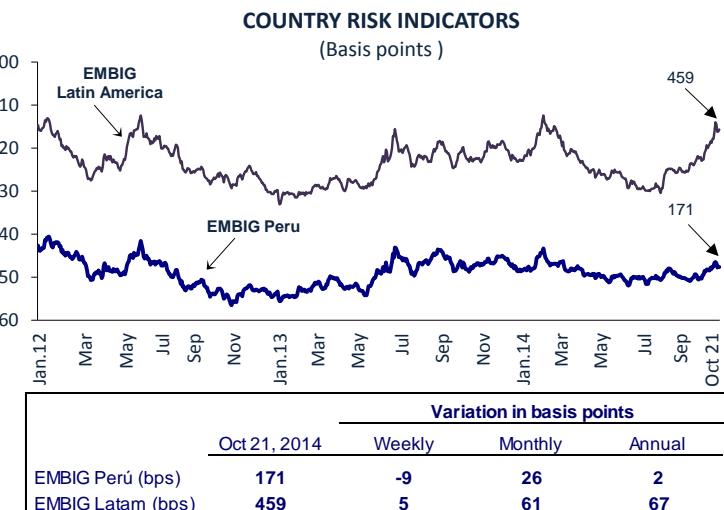
1/ Includes debt securities and other obligations issued by the depository corporations and by non-financial private sector.

International Markets

Country risk at 171 basis points

In October 14-21, the country risk indicator, measured by the **EMBIG Peru** spread, fell from 180 bps to 171 bps.

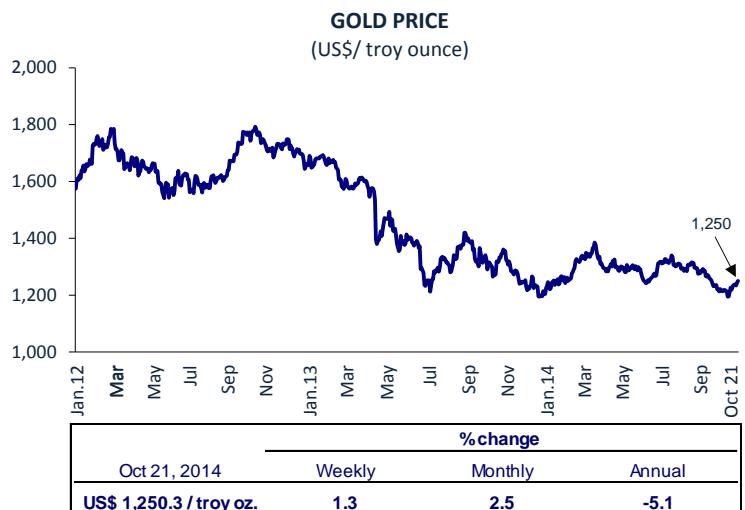
On the other hand, the **EMBIG LatinAmerica** spread rose 5 bps amid concerns about global growth by negative activity indicators in the Eurozone, mainly in Germany.



Price of gold at US\$ 1,250.3 per troy ounce

In the same period, the price of **gold** rose 1.3 percent to US\$ 1,250.3 per troy ounce.

The price of gold was influenced by an increased demand for this metal as a hedge after the drop of European exchange markets and depreciation of US dollar against the euro.



In the week of October 14-October 21, the price of **copper** decreased 1.8 percent to US\$ 3.02 per pound.

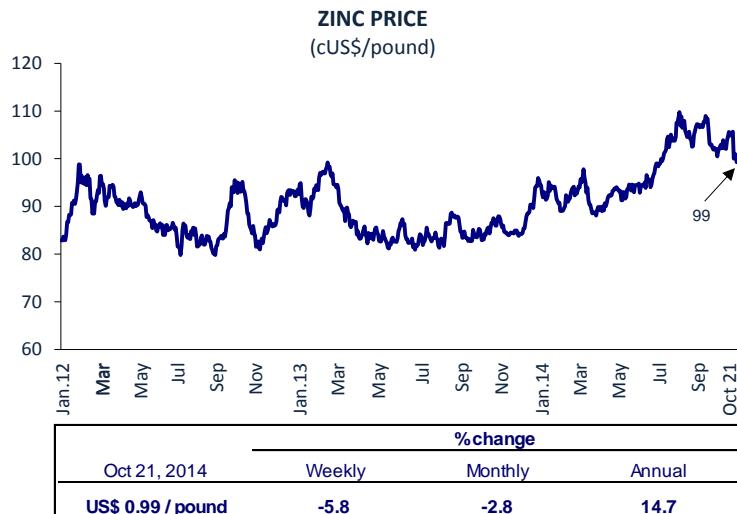
The price of copper fell mainly due to concerns of slowdown in the Eurozone and negative economic signals in China, as well as by signals of a global oversupply of this metal.



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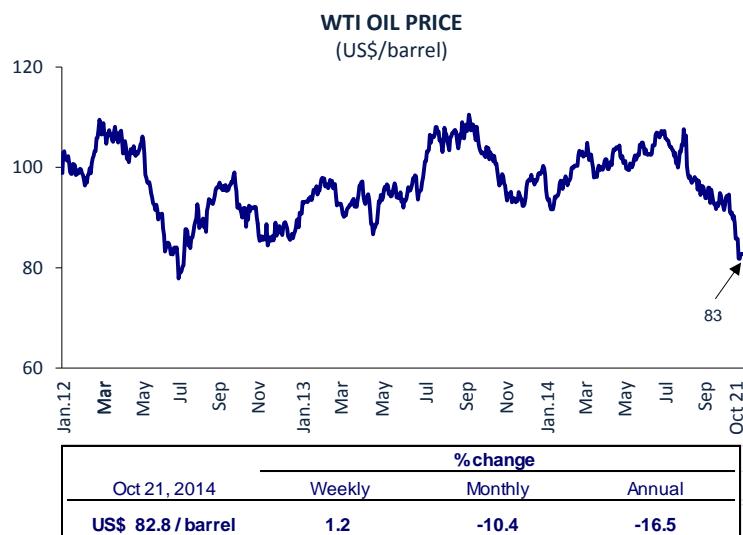
In the same period, the price of **zinc** fell 5.8 percent to US\$ 0.99 per pound.

The fall in the price of zinc reflected the uncertainty about China's growth and plenty of supply.



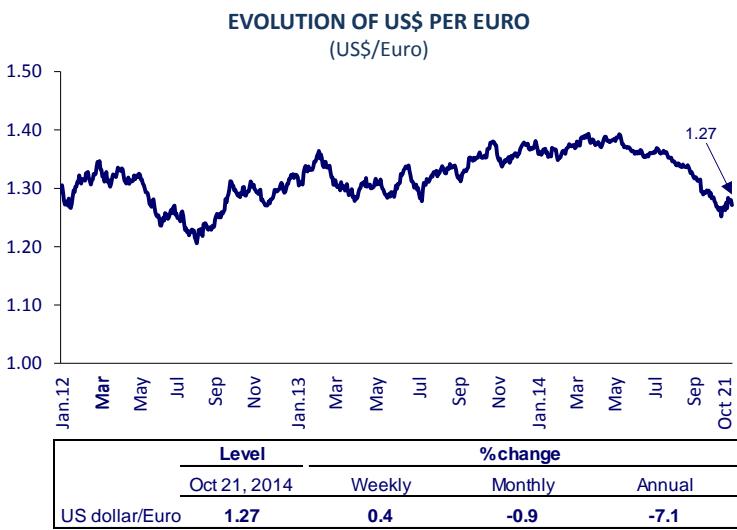
In October 14 – 21, the price of **WTI oil** rose 1.2 percent to US\$ 82.8 per barrel.

The price of crude was influenced by evidence of higher demand in China. Nevertheless, the increase of weekly inventories in the United States offsets this price increased.



US dollar depreciated against the euro

Between October 14 and October 21, the **dollar** depreciated 0.4 percent against the **euro**, amid statements of Federal Reserve officials suggested delaying that the end of the quantitative easing (QE).



Yield on 10-year US Treasuries at 2.22 percent

Between October 14 and October 21, the **3-month Libor** remained at 0.23 percent.

On the other hand, the yield on the **10-year US Treasuries** rose 2 basis points to 2.22 percent after dissemination of positive activity indicators and favorable exchange markets in the United States.

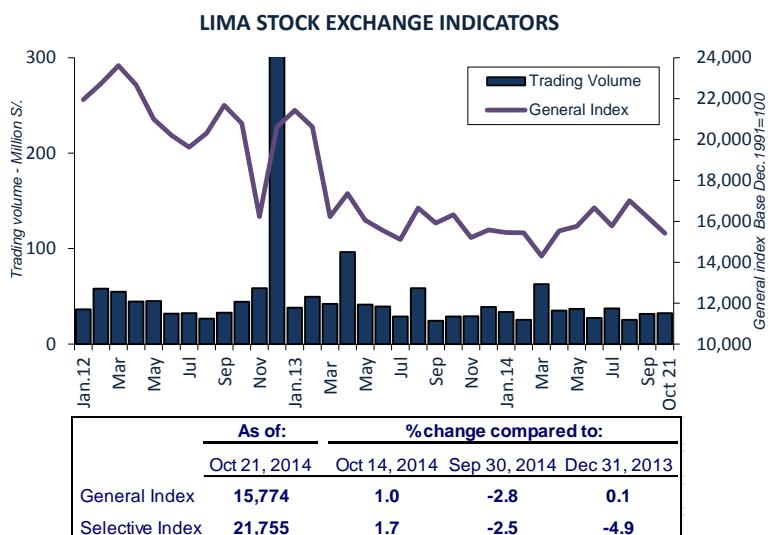


Lima Stock Exchange

In the week of October 14-October 21, the **General Index** of the Lima Stock Exchange (LSE) grew 1.0 percent and the **Selective Index** grew 1.7 percent.

The behavior of both indices was favored by the rise in the prices of precious metals and upward trend in industrial stocks.

Year-to-date, the General Index has risen 0.1 percent and the Selective Index has fallen 4.9 percent.



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Resumen de Indicadores Económicos / Summary of *Economic Indicators*

* Includes depósitos de Promepri, Fondo de Estabilización Fiscal (FEF), Cofide, fondos administrados por la ONP, y otros depósitos del MEF. El detalle se presenta en el cuadro No. 12 de la Nota Semanal.

** A partir del 18 de enero de 2008, el BCRP utiliza los depósitos a plazo en moneda nacional como instrumento monetario.

*** A partir del 6 de octubre de 2010, el BCRP utilizará Certificado de Depósito en Moneda Nacional con Tasa de Interés Variable (CDV BCRP) y CD Liquidables en Dólares (CDL BCRP) como instrumentos monetarios.

***** Las empresas reportan a la SBS información más segmentada de las tasas de interés. Estos cambios introducidos por la SBS al reporte de tasas activas (Res. SBS N° 11356-2008; Oficio Múltiple N° 24719-2010-SBS) son a partir de julio de 2010.

***** A partir del 12 de setiembre de 2014, esta tasa baje a 4,30%.

Fuente: BCRP, INEI, Banco de la Nación, BVL, Sunat, SBS, Reuters y Bloomberg.

Elaboración: Departamento de Publicaciones Económicas