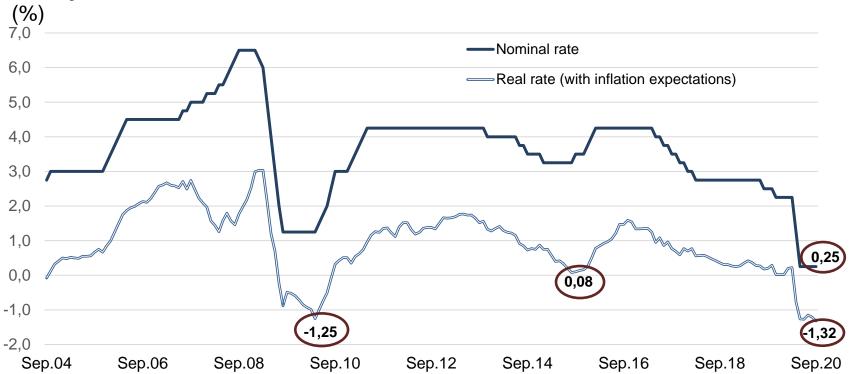
Monetary Policy Statement September 2020

September 11, 2020



The Board of Directors of the Central Reserve Bank of Peru (BCRP) decided to continue its expansionary policy stance, maintaining the reference rate at 0.25 percent and implementing further liquidity injection operations





	Dec.16	Apr.17	May.17	Jul.17	Sep.17	Nov.17	Dec.17	Jan.18	Mar.18	Aug.19	Nov.19	Mar.20	Abr.20	May.20	Jun.20	Jul.20	Aug.20	Sep.20
(I) Nominal rate	4.25	4.25	4.00	3.75	3.50	3.25	3.25	3.00	2.75	2.50	2.25	2.25	1.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
(II) Inflation expectations	2.91	3.00	3.05	2.89	2.73	2.66	2.48	2.30	2.19	2.32	2.23	2.03	2.02	1.51	1.52	1.40	1.46	1.57
(III) Real rate: (I)-(II)	1.34	1.25	0.95	0.86	0.77	0.59	0.77	0.70	0.56	0.18	0.02	0.22	-0.77	-1.26	-1.27	-1.15	-1.21	-1.32



Inflation in 2020 and 2021 is expected to fall below the target range due to a significant weakening of domestic demand. One-year ahead expected inflation was 1.6 percent in August.



* Corresponds to the average on expectations of financial entities and economic analysts.

Survey of Macroeconomic Expectations: Inflation (%)

		Survey date	:
	Jun 30	Jul 31	Aug 31
Economic analysts 1/			
2020	1.50	1.10	1.40
2021	2.00	2.00	2.00
2022	2.10	2.25	2.25
Financial entities 2/			
2020	0.60	1.00	0.90
2021	1.50	1.50	1.55 👚
2022	2.00	2.00	2.00
Non-financial firms 3/			
2020	2.00	2.00	2.00
2021	2.20	2.00	2.00
2022	2.23	2.22	2.20

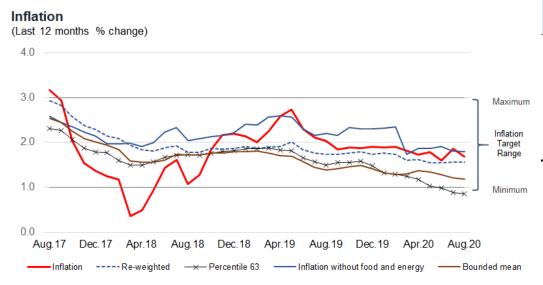
^{1/ 15} analysts in June, 15 in July, and 17 in August 2020.

^{2/ 16} financial entities in June, 16 in July, and 14 in August 2020.

^{3/ 260} non-financial firms in June, 260 in July, and 311 in August 2020.



Year-on-year inflation decreased from 1.9 percent in July to 1.7 percent in August, while trend inflation remains in the lower part of the target range.



	Annual average	Annual %	% change
	2001-2019	Jul.20	Aug.20
CPI	2.59	1.86	1.69
CPI excluding food and energy	2.15	1.81	1.79
Trend indicators			
Bounded mean	2.58	1.22	1.19
Percentile 63	2.53	0.88	0.85
Re-weighted	2.51	1.56	1.55

Bounded mean: Weighted average of the percentage change of prices between the 34th and 84th percentiles.

Percentile 63: Corresponds to the percentage changes of the item located in the 63th percentile.

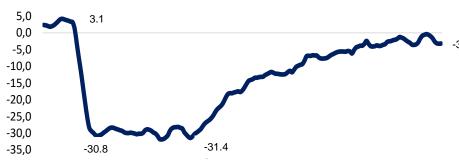
Re-weighted: Reduces the weight of items with greater volatility, considers the original weights of each item between the standard deviation of their monthly percentage changes.



Leading indicators point to a recovery in July and August, although they remain below last year's levels.

Daily Electricity Production

(Annual % change of the moving average 7 with respect to the moving average of the same day of 2019)



r.	01 Mar	.29 Apı	r.26 Ma	ıy.24	Jun.21	Jul.19	Aug	.16 Aı	ıg.30
		1-15 Mar.	16-31 Mar.	April	May	June	July	August	
	% change	2.5	-27.4	-30.0	-25.4	-12.4	-5.9	-2.8	
	CWh	155	100	102	100	127	125	120	

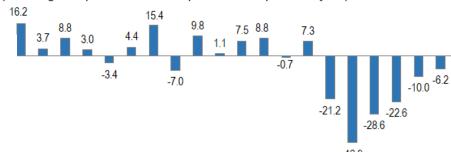
Number of Job Ads on Websites 1/

Source: COES

Mai

Non traditional exports*

(% change respect to the same period of the previous year)

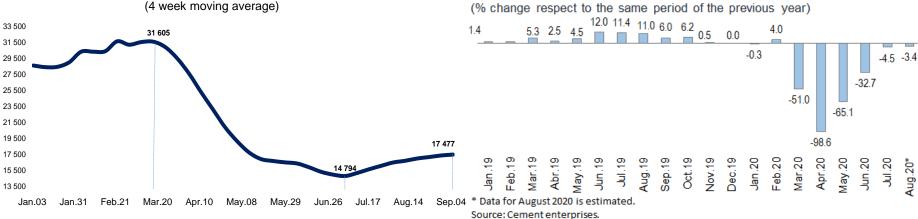


Jan. 19	Feb.19	Mar.19	Abr.19	May.19	Jun.19	Jul.19	Aug.19	Sep.19	Oct.19	Nov.19	Dec.19	Jan .20	Feb.20	Mar.20	Apr.20	May.20	Jun.20	Jul.20	4ug.20*
				020 i															

Source: Sunat

Domestic consumptions of cement

(% change respect to the same period of the previous year)



1 / Job announcements with 7 days old since date of publication. Source: Aptitus, Bumeran and Computrabajo



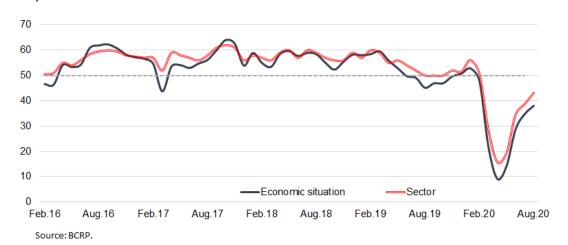
While firms' growth expectations continued to recover in August, most remain in pessimistic territory.

Macroeconomic Expectations: Survey Results

		Dec.2019	Mar.2020	Jun.2020	Jul.2020			Aug.2020)		Correlation with GDP 1/
EXPECTATION:											
ECONOMIC SITUATION:	IN 3 MONTHS	50.8	21.8	28.8	34.8	1	<	38.1		<	0.63
	IN 12 MONTHS	61.5	41.5	53.1	53.5		>	58.0		>	0.42
SECTOR:	IN 3 MONTHS	51.5	28.5	34.6	38.7		<	43.2		<	0.67
	IN 12 MONTHS	61.5	43.4	54.7	56.3		>	60.2		>	0.33
COMPANY'S SITUATION:	IN 3 MONTHS	56.1	28.3	36.6	43.4		<	45.9		<	0.66
	IN 12 MONTHS	66.6	46.4	56.5	60.2		>	63.6		>	0.66
ABOUT DEMAND:	IN 3 MONTHS	55.1	30.7	38.6	46.6		<	47.6		<	0.66
	IN 12 MONTHS	68.0	47.4	55.3	60.5		>	63.5		>	0.66
NEW PERSONNEL HIRED:	IN 3 MONTHS	48.6	35.9	32.9	37.5		<	40.6		<	0.66
	IN 12 MONTHS	54.0	39.6	45.5	47.4		<	49.0		<	0.58

Memo: Greater than 50 points (neutral) means that confidence is on the optimistic tranche and less than 50 points in the pessimistic tranche.

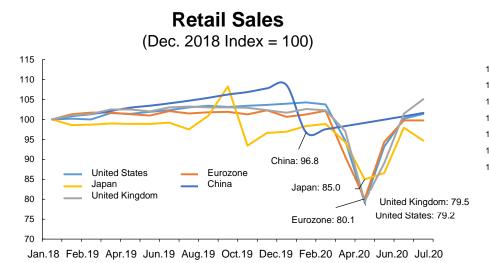
Expectations about the economic situation and sector in 3 months



^{1/} Correlations from December 2007 to December 2019, respectively.



Global economic activity is recovering gradually during the second half of the year, but remains below last year's levels.



Source: Investing and Trading Economics

World Exports (Volume index 2010 = 100 and billions of US \$) 130 1 600 125 1 500 120 1 400 115 1 300 110 1 200 105 1 100 100 1 000 95 900 800 700 Jan.19 Feb.19 Apr.19 Jun.19 Aug.19 Oct.19 Dec.19 Feb.20 Apr.20 Jun.20

Value (Right axis)

Volume (Left axis)



In August, metal and oil prices rose in line with a recovery in economic activity, stimulus in the main developed economies and the depreciation of the dollar. They continue with the upward trend since April.

International quotation (end of period)

		Dog 10	Mar.20	11.20	Aug 20	Son 20	% change	e of Aug.20 re	espect to:
		Dec.19	war.20	Jul.20	Aug.20	Sep. 20 -	Jul.20	Mar.20	Dec.19
Products of	of exports								
Copper	(US\$ cents per pound)	2.792	2.176	2.924	3.052	3.043	4.4	40.3	9.3
Zinc	(US\$ cents per pound)	1.040	0.847	1.043	1.147	1.082	10.0	35.4	10.3
Gold	(US\$ per troy ounce)	1,514.8	1,609.0	1,768.1	1,964.9	1,944.3	11.1	22.1	29.7
Silver	(US\$ per troy ounce)	17.85	13.97	24.39	28.14	26.88	15.4	101.4	57.6
Products of	of imports								
Oil	(US\$ per barrel)	61.1	20.5	40.3	42.6	37.0	5.8	108.1	-30.2
Wheat	(US\$ per ton)	177.8	183.0	170.1	202.5	203.9	19.0	10.6	13.8
Maize	(US\$ per ton)	148.4	128.7	117.3	130.7	134.6	11.4	1.5	-11.9
Soy bean	(US\$ per ton)	756.4	591.5	671.1	756.8	741.9	12.8	28.0	0.1

^{*} As of September 10

Source: Reuters



Peru has had the lower volatility against the dollar.

Exchange rate (end of period)

		Dec 10	Mar 20	11.20	A.v. 20	San 40, 20	Sep 11, 20 —	% chang	e of Aug.20 re	spect to:
		Dec.19	Mar.20	Jul.20	Aug.20	Sep 10, 20	Sep 11, 20 —	Jul.20	Mar.20	Dec.19
Dollar Index	Spot	96.39	99.05	93.35	92.14	93.34	93.34	-1.3	-7.0	-4.4
Eurozone	Euro*	1.121	1.103	1.178	1.194	1.182	1.184	1.3	8.2	6.4
Japan	Yen	108.61	107.54	105.83	105.91	106.13	106.17	0.1	-1.5	-2.5
Brazil	Real	4.025	5.205	5.223	5.494	5.319	5.302	5.2	5.5	36.5
Chile	Peso	753	854	758	777	770	768	2.5	-9.0	3.2
Colombia	Peso	3287	4065	3733	3741	3707	3715	0.2	-8.0	13.8
Mexico	Peso	18.93	23.67	22.28	21.89	21.44	21.32	-1.7	-7.5	15.6
Peru	Sol	3.314	3.432	3.536	3.544	3.547	3.573	0.2	3.3	6.9

^{*} An increase in the index implies an appreciation of the dollar, except in the euro.

Source: Reuters

Bonds in local currency (end of period)

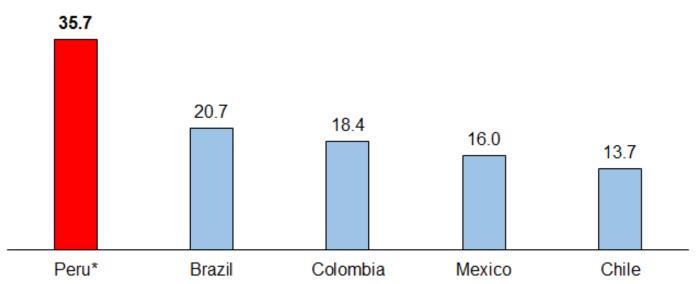
		Dec 40	Mar 20	11.20	A.v. 20	Sam 40, 20	San 11 20	Change in	bps. of Aug.20	respect to:
		Dec.19	Mar.20	Jul.20	Aug.20	Sep 10, 20	Sep 11, 20 -	Jul.20	Mar.20	Dec.19
Germany	EUR	-0.19	-0.47	-0.53	-0.40	-0.43	-0.48	13	8	-21
USA	USD	1.92	0.67	0.53	0.71	0.68	0.67	18	4	-121
Japan	YPN	-0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.02	3	4	7
Brazil	BRL	6.79	7.92	6.57	7.09	7.19	7.22	52	-83	30
Chile	CLP	3.17	3.61	2.40	2.39	2.60	2.68	-1	-122	-77
Colombia	COL	6.35	7.19	5.89	5.68	5.39	5.40	-21	-151	-66
Mexico	MXN	6.89	7.07	5.71	6.07	5.96	5.95	35	-100	-82
Peru	PEN	4.23	4.89	3.22	3.29	3.41	3.46	7	-160	-94

Source: Reuters

The NIR as a percentage of Peru's GDP are the highest in the region.

Net International Reserves

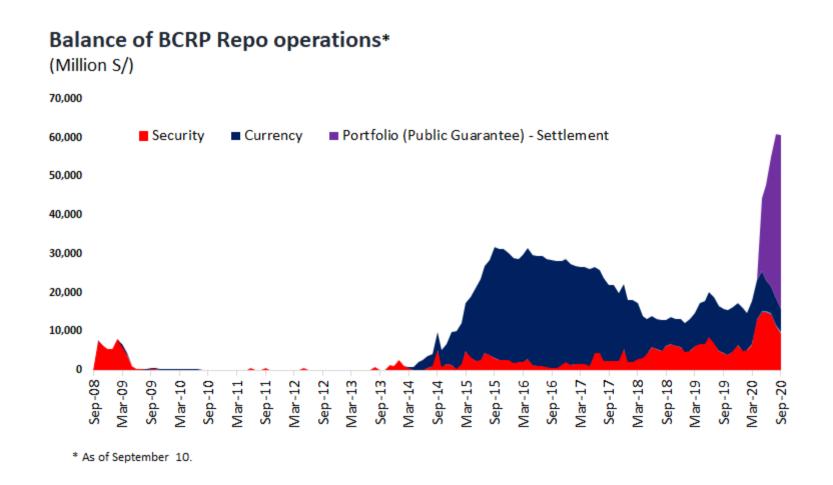
(As % GDP)



*Peru as of September 10. Other countries as of June 2020. Source: BCRP and CEIC.



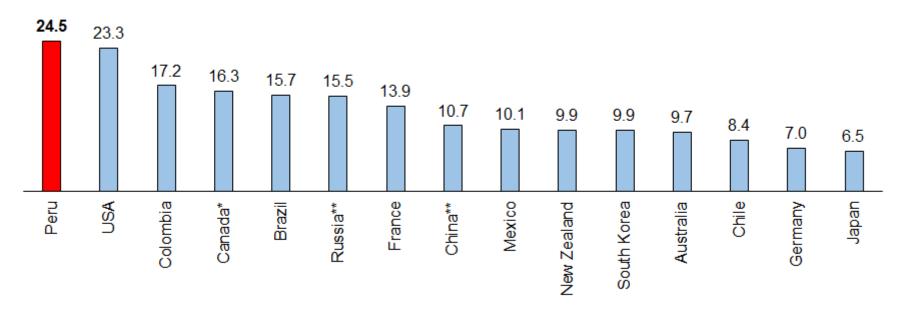
The BCRP will continue to take the necessary steps to sustain the payments system and credit flows. As of September 10, the BCRP's liquidity injection operations totaled S/ 60.8 billion, of which S/ 44.3 billion were associated with government-backed repos.



Global liquidity has grown in most countries.

Liquidity (M3): July 2020

(Annual % change)



*June 2020.

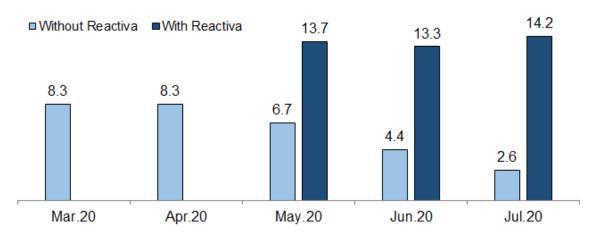
** M2

Source: Central banks.

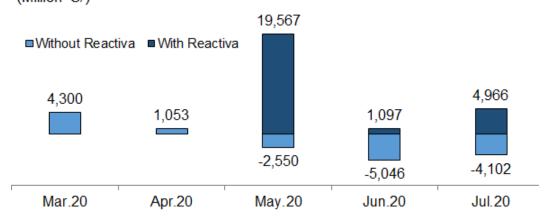
In this context, credit to the private sector grew 14.2 percent year-on-year in July.

Growth of credit to the private sector

(Annual % change)



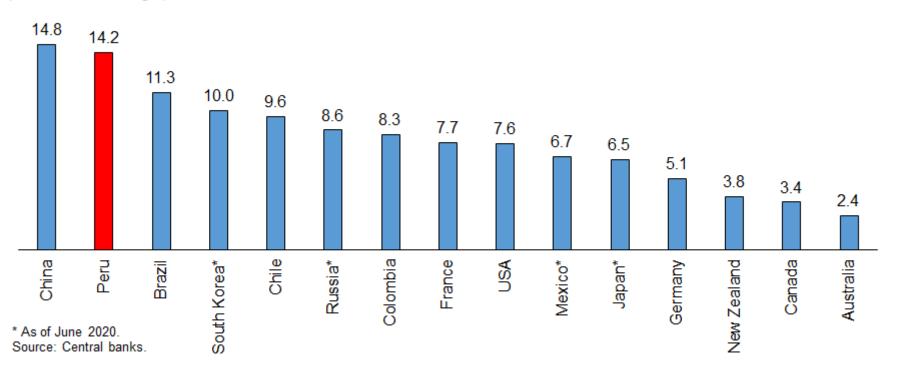
Monthly flow of credit to the private sector (Million S/)



Credit to the private sector has been growing countercyclical.

Credit to the private sector: July 2020

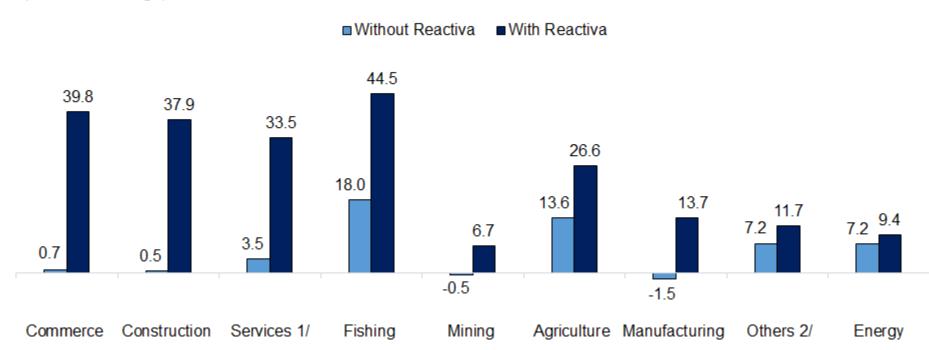
(Annual % change)



The Reactiva Peru Program has reached all sectors ...

Growth of Business Loans by Economic Sector - July 2020

(Annual % change)



^{1/} Includes hotels and restaurants, transportation, Real estate act., business act., education and social services.

Source: BSI and Datamart

^{2/} Includes credit to households for business purposes, not sectorized, community serv. and non-profit.



... with interest rates declining steadily since April.

Interest rate in domestic currency 1/

(%)

	Dec.19	Mar.20	Apr.20	May.20	Jun.20	Jul.20	Aug.20	Sep.20*	Historical average	Accum. % respect to Feb.
Reference	2.25	1.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	3.44	-2.00
Interbank	2.25	2.03	0.57	0.24	0.21	0.24	0.25	0.22	3.48	-1.99
90-day corporate prime	3.29	2.83	1.46	1.29	0.90	1.04	1.15	1.11	4.33	-2.01
Corporates	3.80	3.63	4.04	2.94	3.03	2.84	2.66	2.59	5.20	-0.74
Large companies	6.01	5.86	5.58	1.98	2.56	3.64	3.07	3.24	6.76	-3.02
Medium-sized enterprises	9.28	8.86	8.05	2.41	3.86	3.96	2.57	2.80	10.04	-7.00
Small businesses	18.03	18.14	18.16	2.04	4.29	4.94	3.29	3.81	20.35	-14.98
Micro businesses	31.32	32.56	33.13	3.22	3.79	4.33	4.44	5.43	32.34	-26.92
FTAMN	18.24	16.04	11.22	6.00	8.82	10.32	9.20	10.36	20.45	-10.63

^{1/} Annual rates for operations in the last 30 working days.

Source: SBS and BCRP

^{*} Information as of September 9, 2020.

^{**} Average since September 2010.

Additionally, phase two of the "Reactiva Peru" program continued in August, with 23 auction sessions totaling S/ 24.8 billion at an average interest rate of 1.70 percent since June 30.

Repos of Portfolio with Government Guarantee Phase 2*:

	110	pos of Folklone w	itii doveriiilleii	t dual affice Filas	DC 2 .				
Guarantee		Allocated amount*	Interest rate for clients (%)						
percentage	(million soles)	(million soles)	Minimum	Maximum	Average				
80	2,150	875	1.25	2.15	1.66				
90	15,050	10,234	0.99	2.50	1.38				
95	20,400	7,985	0.60	2.50	1.41				
98	27,450	5,706	0.55	5.00	2.69				
Total	65,050	24,800	0.55	5.00	1.70				

Allocated amount* (%)	*
3.5	
41.3	
32.2	
23.0	
100.0	

Repos of Portfolio with Government Guarantee*

Guarantee	Auctioned amount	Allocated amount*	Interest rate for clients (%)						
percentage	(million soles)	(million soles)	Minimum	Maximum	Average				
80	12,400	9,593	0.79	2.15	1.16				
90	33,050	24,240	0.90	2.50	1.21				
95	27,800	14,083	0.54	2.50	1.29				
98	29,079	6,884	0.50	5.00	2.53				
Total	102,329	54,800	0.50	5.00	1.38				

Allocated amount*					
(%)					
17.5					
44.2					
25.7					
12.6					
100.0					

^{*}As of September 10.

^{*}As of September 10.



98 percent of the enterprises that received Reactiva Peru Program loans are small and micro businesses.

REACTIVA loans by size of companies 1/

	Credit Amount		Number of Enterprises		Average Sale ^{2/}	
	(Million S/)	Participation (%)	(Units)	Participation (%)	(Million S/)	Participation (%)
Corporate and large companies	27,384	51.7	6,325	1.5	27,753	65.7
Medium-sized enterprises	2,622	4.9	1,903	0.4	1,313	3.1
Small businesses and Microbusinesses	22,985	43.4	427,463	98.1	13,154	31.2
Total	52,991	100.0	435,691	100.0	42,220	100.0

^{1/} With information from COFIDE as of September 7, 2020. For the classification of company size, the amount of annual sales is used according to information from SUNAT.

Note: The criteria to classify the companies is made according to the information from SUNAT.

Microbusinesses: annual sale between 0 to 150 UIT

Small businesses: annual sale between 150 to 1,700 UIT

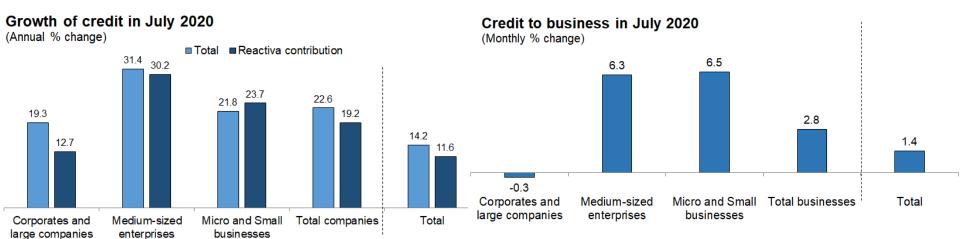
Medium-sized enterprises: annual sale between 1,700 to 2,300 UIT

Large companies: annual sale greater than 2,300 UIT

^{2/} In the case of microenterprises without sales information, the average sales of that category have been imputed.



Medium, small and micro enterprises have increased their contribution to credit growth with the Reactiva Peru Program.

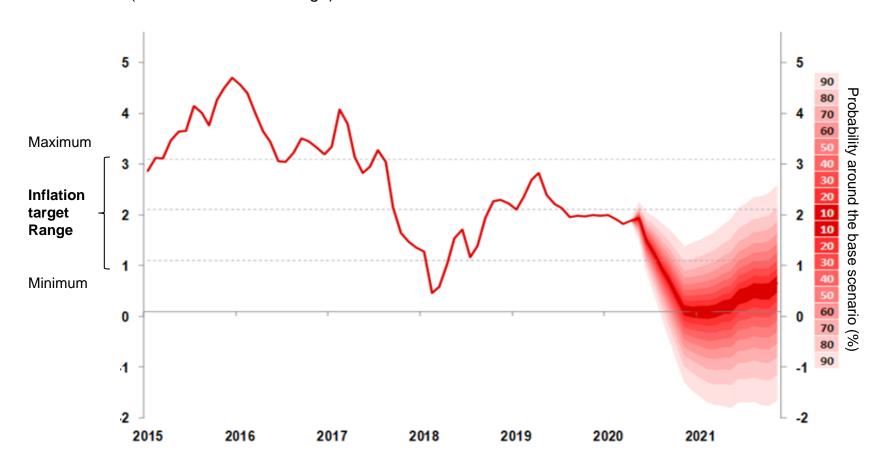




The Board considers it appropriate to maintain a strong expansionary monetary stance for as long as the negative effects of the pandemic on inflation and its determinants persist. The BCRP stands ready to expand monetary stimulus using a range of instruments.

Inflation forecast: 2020-2021

(Last 12-month % change)



Monetary Policy Statement September 2020

September 11, 2020