



# Reserve Accumulation Global Imbalances, and the Dollar Trap

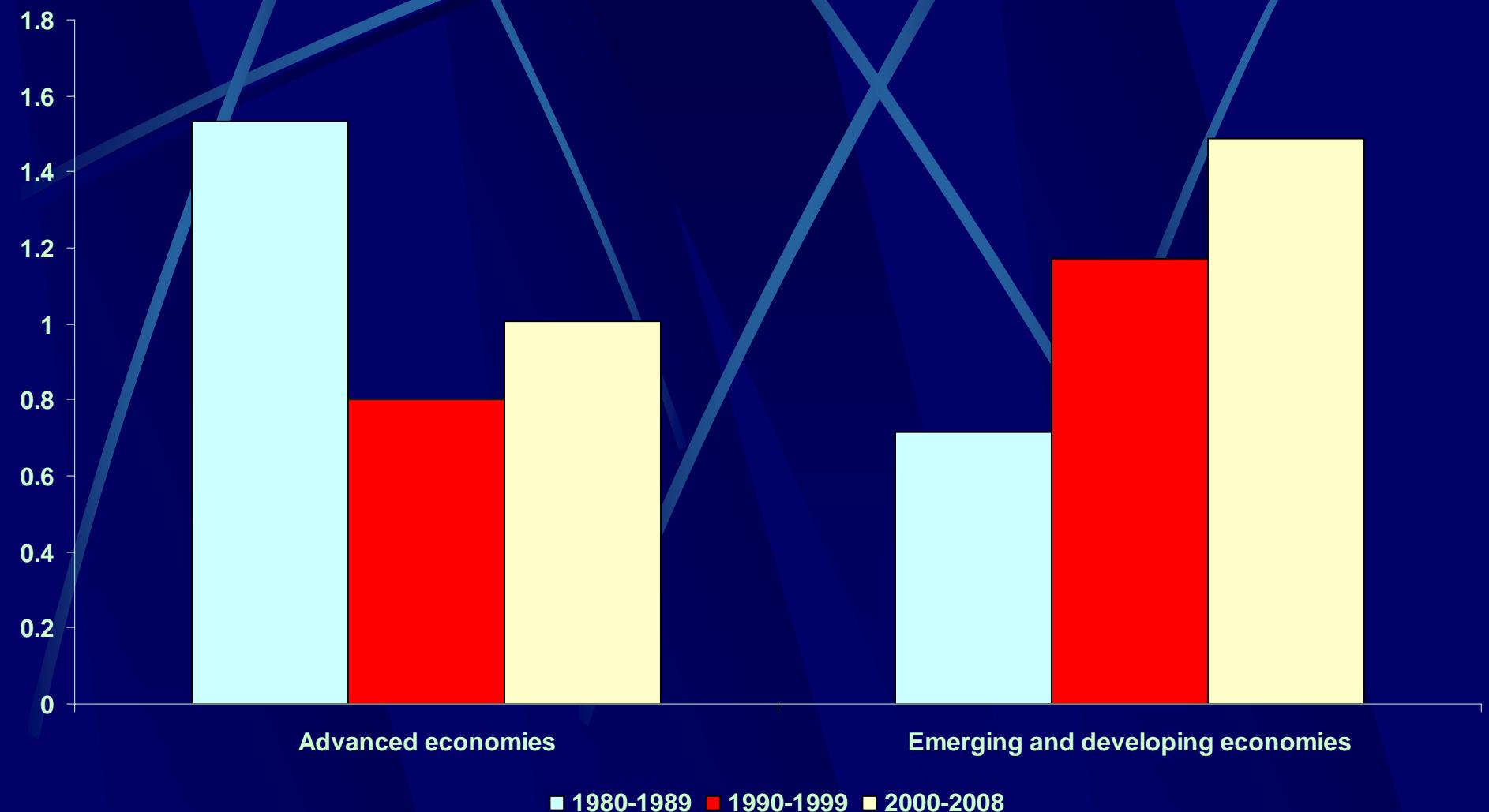
Felipe Larraín B.  
July 2009



# Reserve Accumulation: an Insurance Against Shocks

# Macroeconomic Volatility in the World

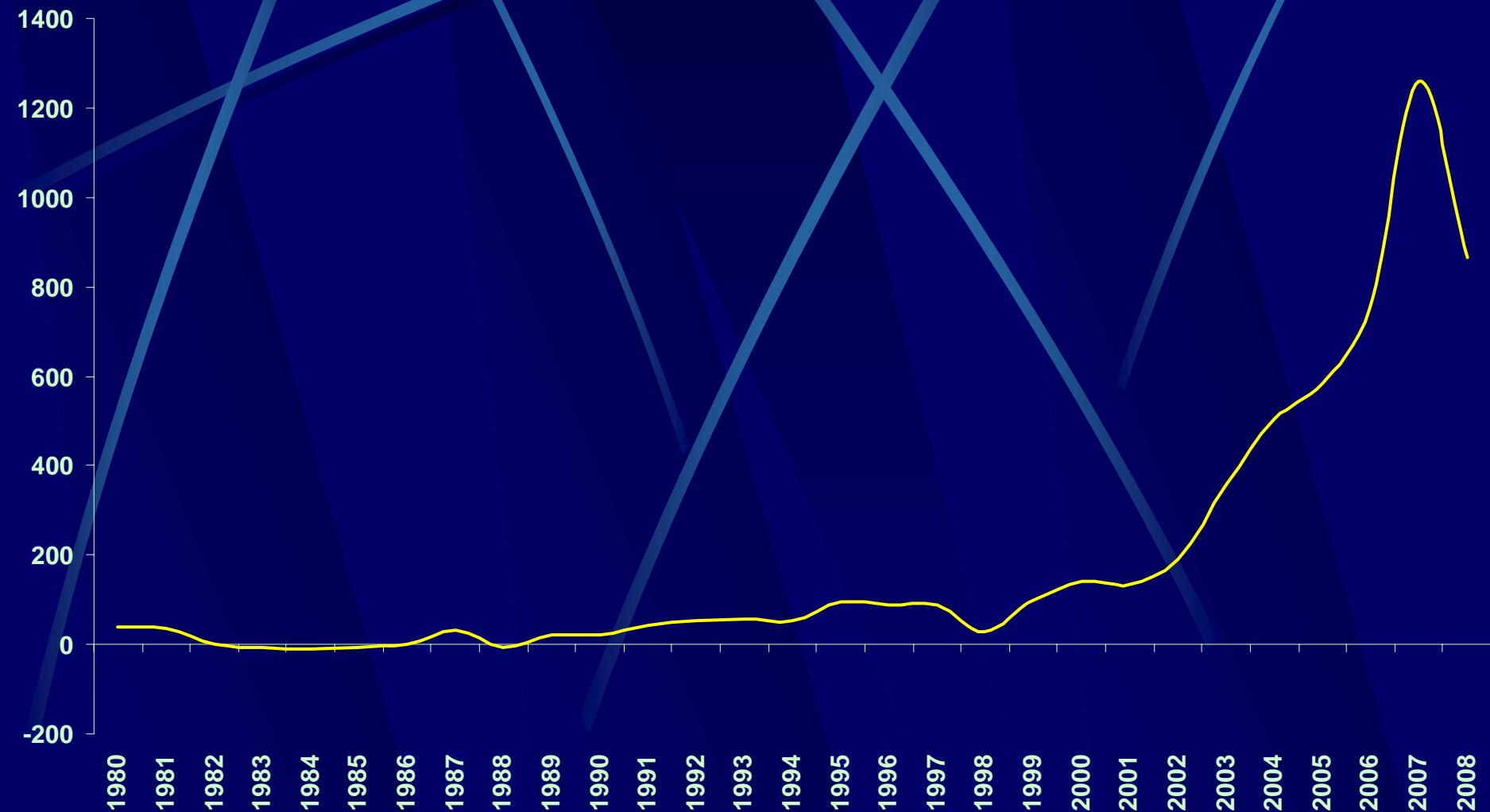
(standard deviation of GDP growth, %)



Source: IMF

# Emerging Economies: Increasing Reserve Accumulation

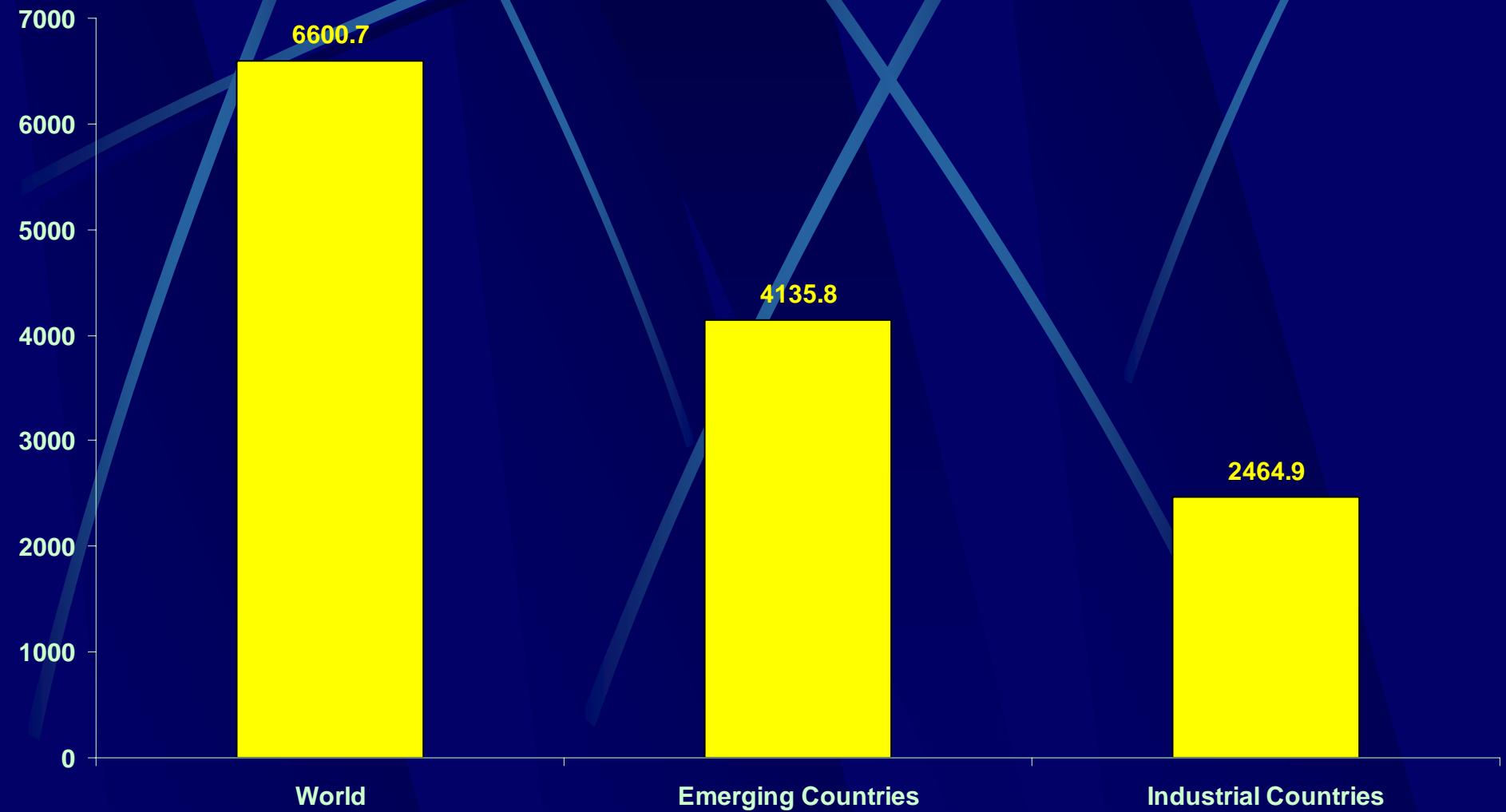
(change in reserves, billions of US\$)



Source: IMF

# International Reserves in the World

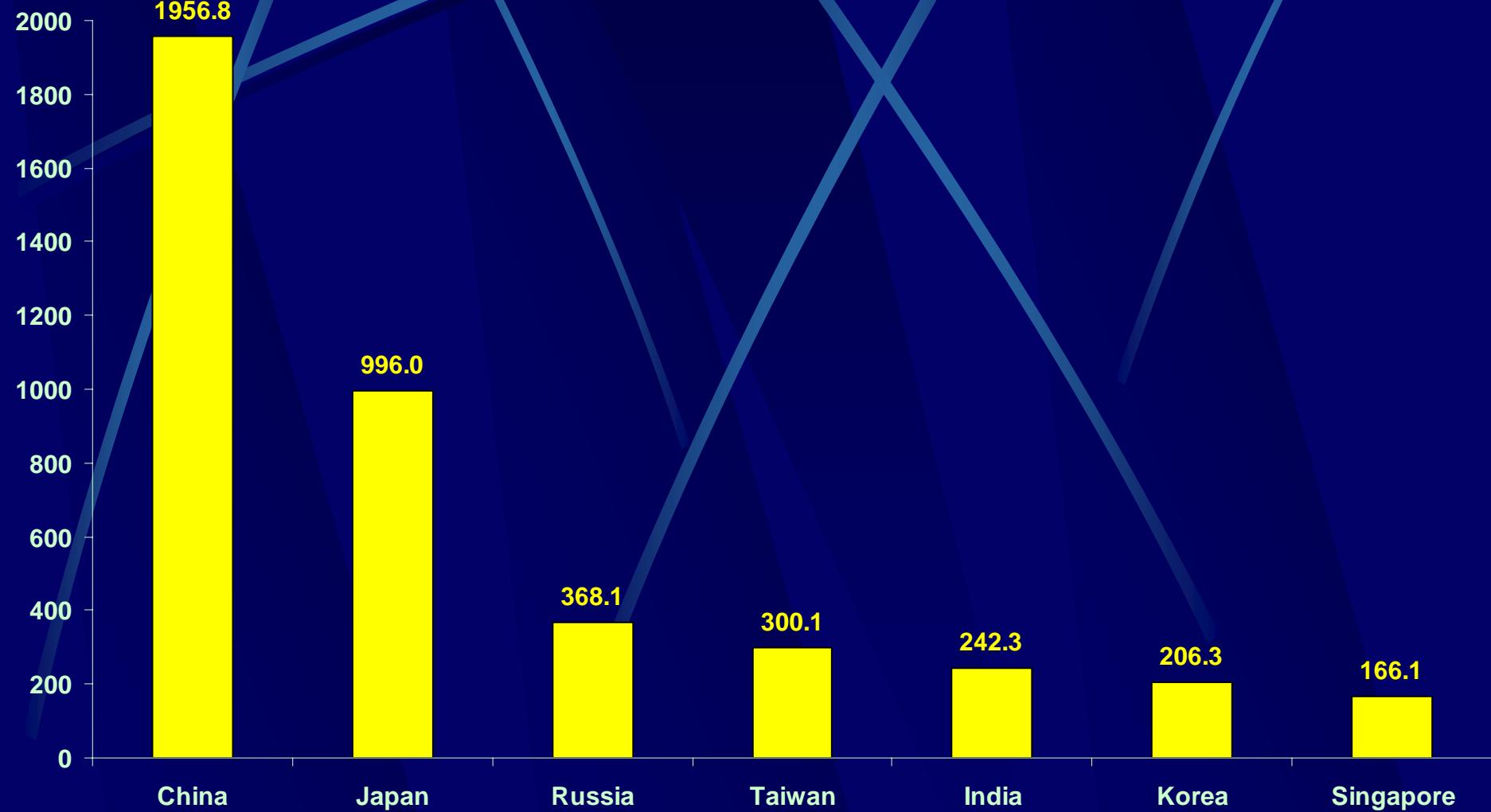
(2009Q1, International Reserves minus Gold, billions of US\$)



Source: IMF

# Largest International Reserve Holders

(2009Q1, International Reserves minus Gold, billions of US\$)



Source: IMF

# An Alternative to Reserve Accumulation: Lender of last resort

- Increased funding from existing IFIs
- Swap agreements among central banks
- Creation of an Emerging Market Fund

# Problems

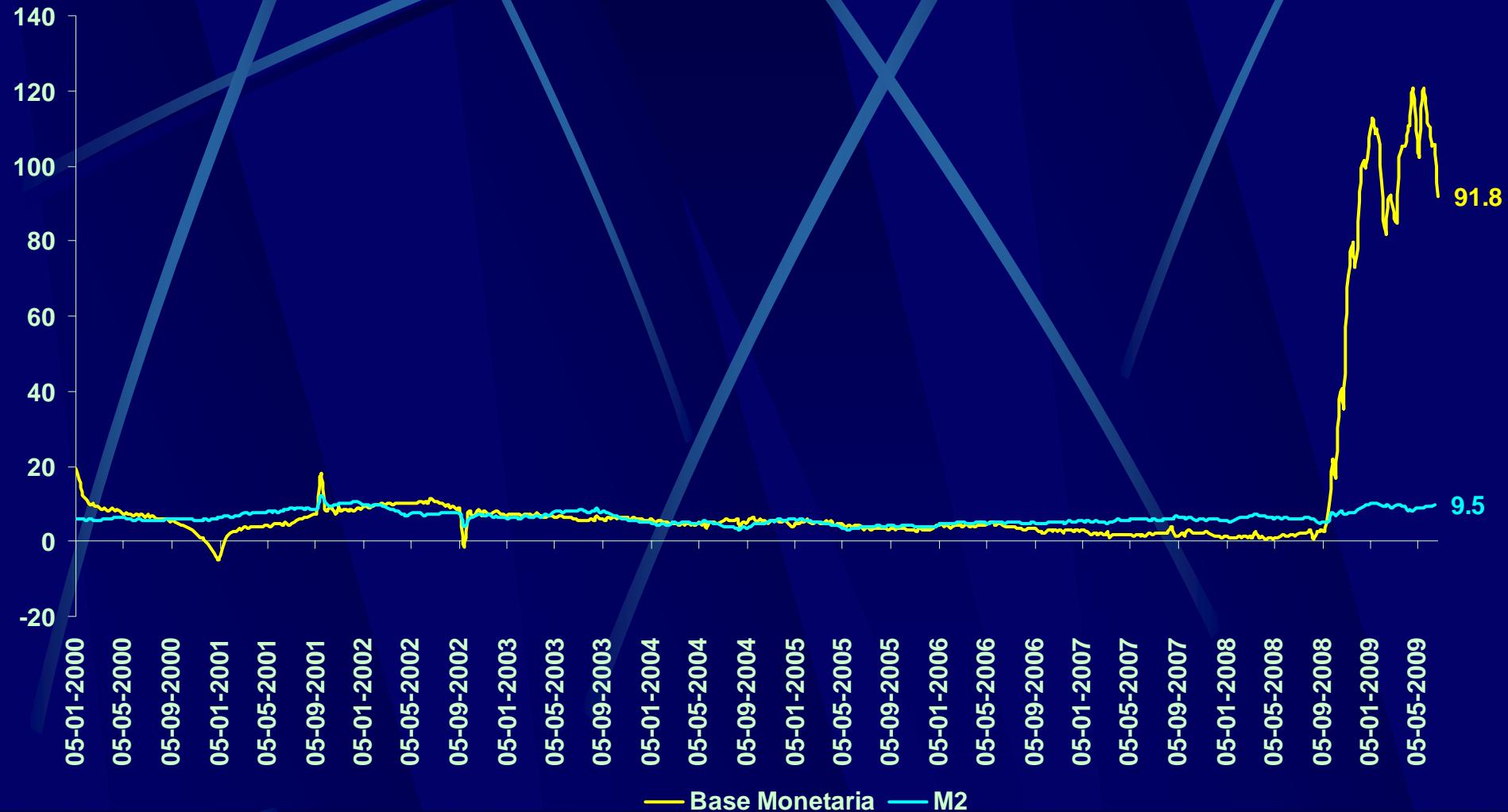
- No perfect substitutes to reserves
- Moral hazard
- Capitalization of a large enough fund ( Preventing fund depletion at times of crisis)



# **Large U.S. and Global Imbalances: a Threat to the Current International Monetary System**

# The Explosion of the US Monetary Base

(variación % anual, Mh al 24-06-2009, M2 al 15-06-2009)

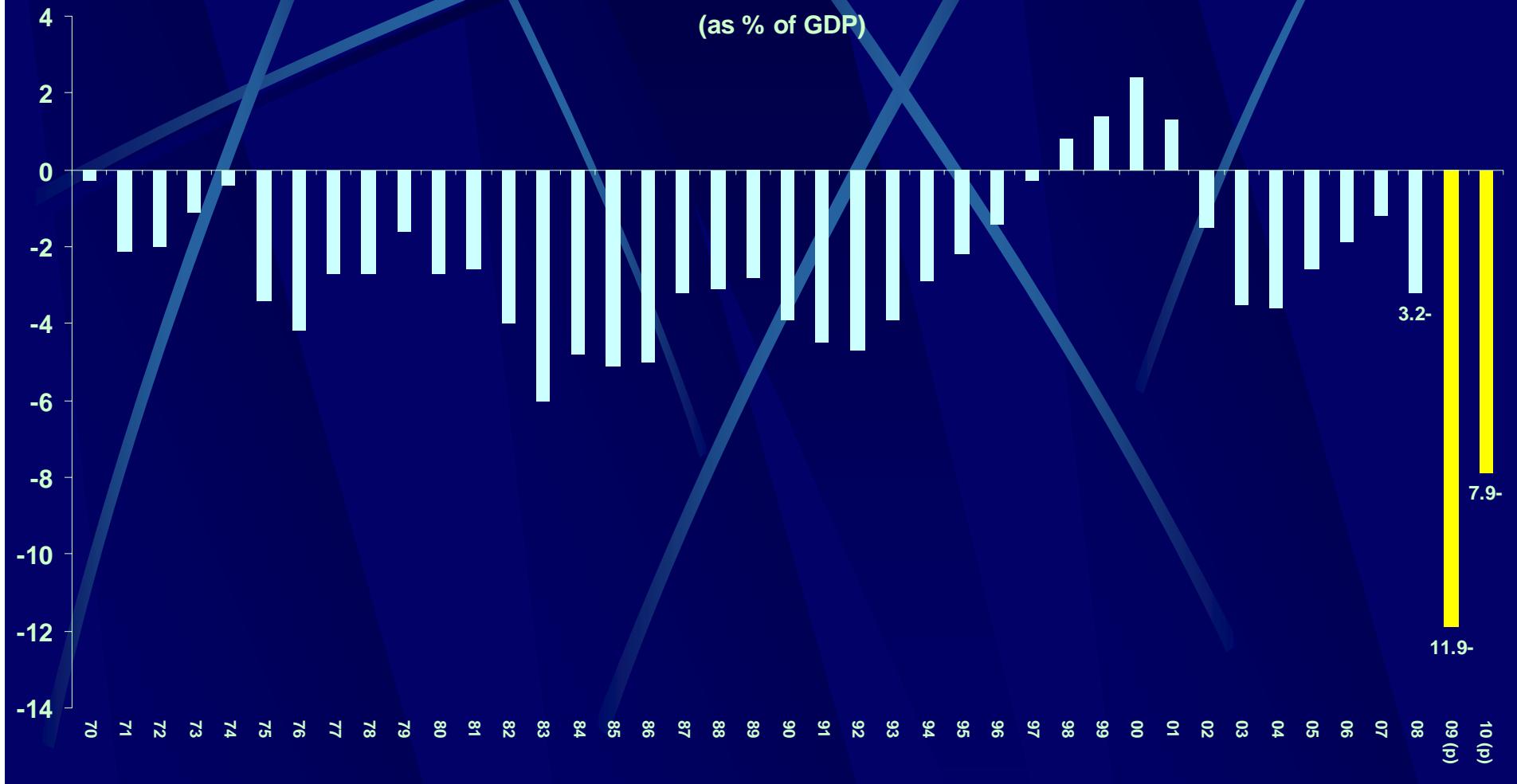


Fuente: St. Louis FED

10

# USA: Fiscal Balance

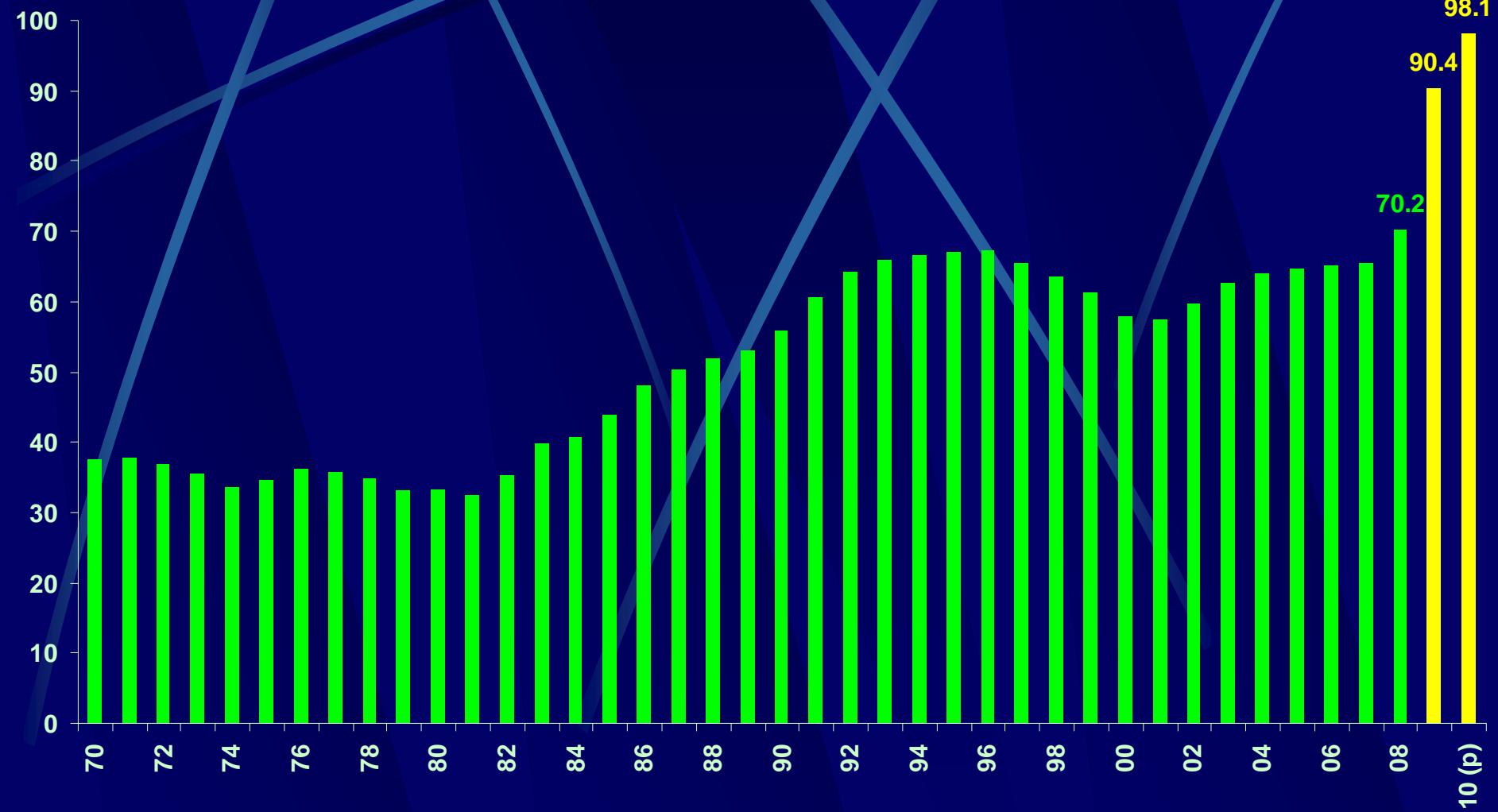
(as % of GDP)



Source: IMF, Congressional Budget Office

# USA: Public Debt

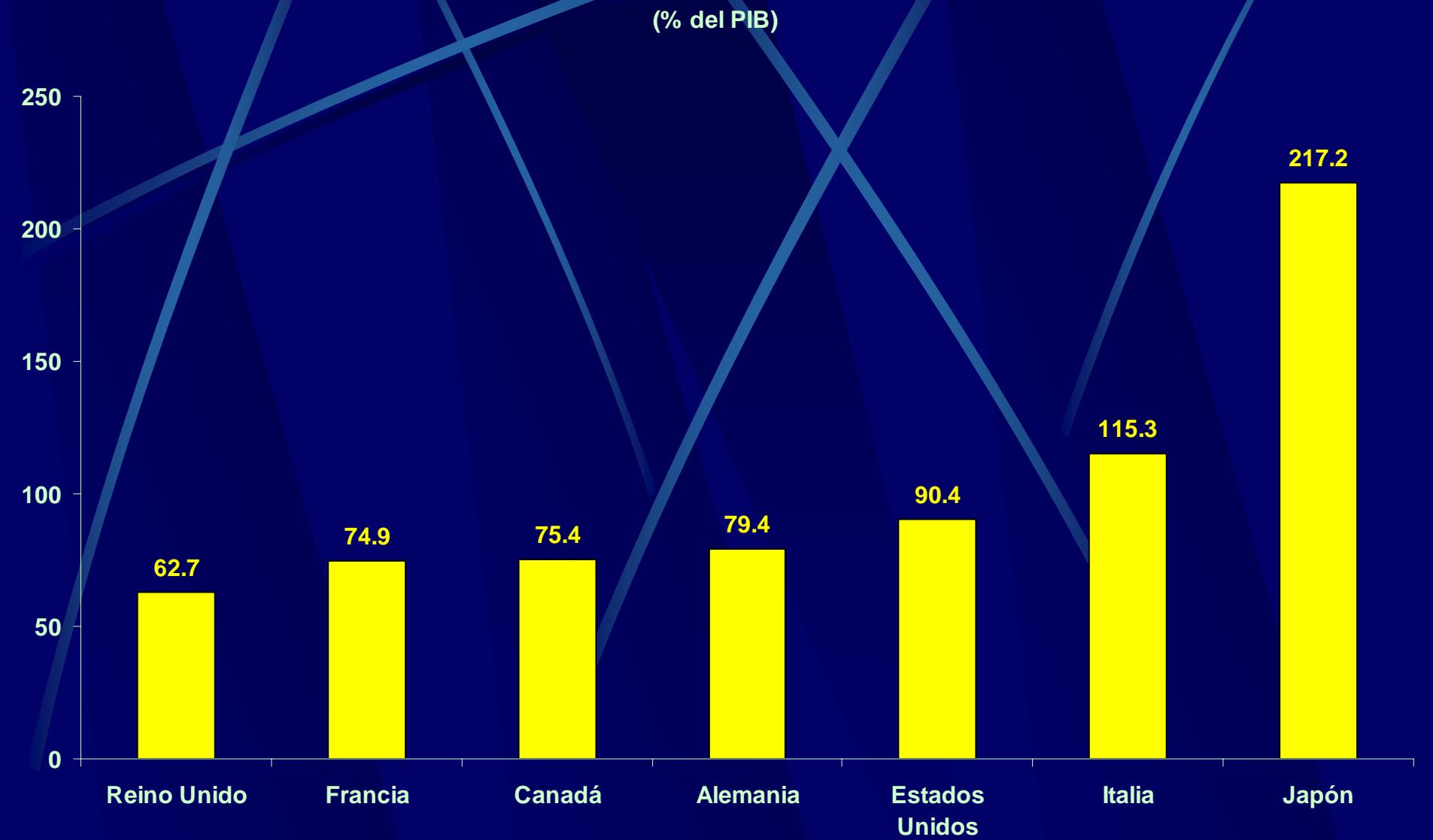
(as % of GDP)



Source: Office of Management and Budget

12

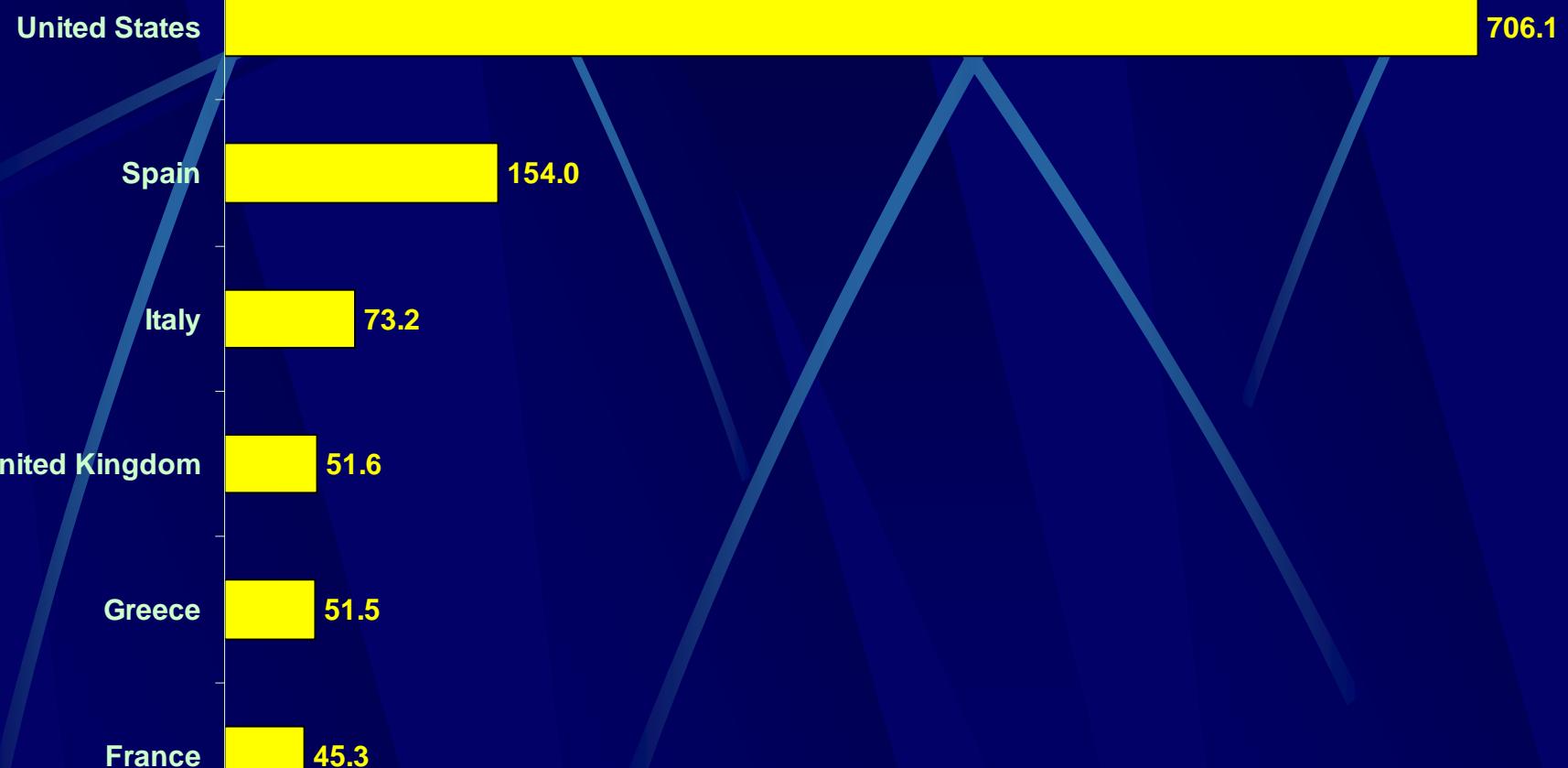
# Public Debt in the G7, 2009 (p)



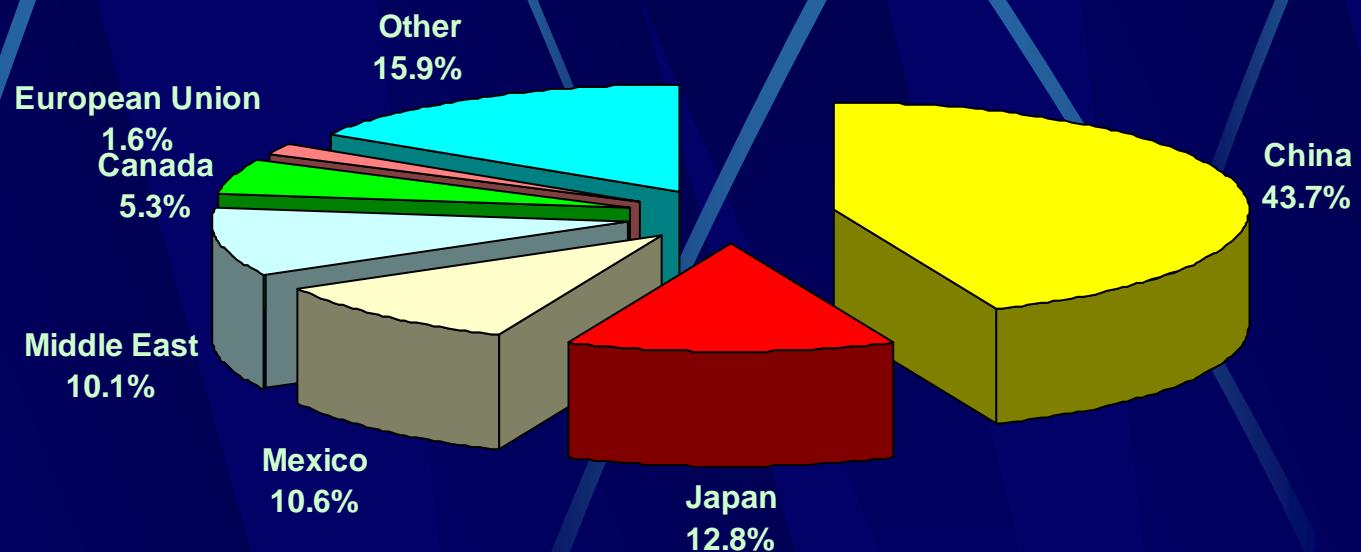
Fuente: Office of Management and Budget, FMI

# Big Current Account Deficits 2008

(billions of US\$)



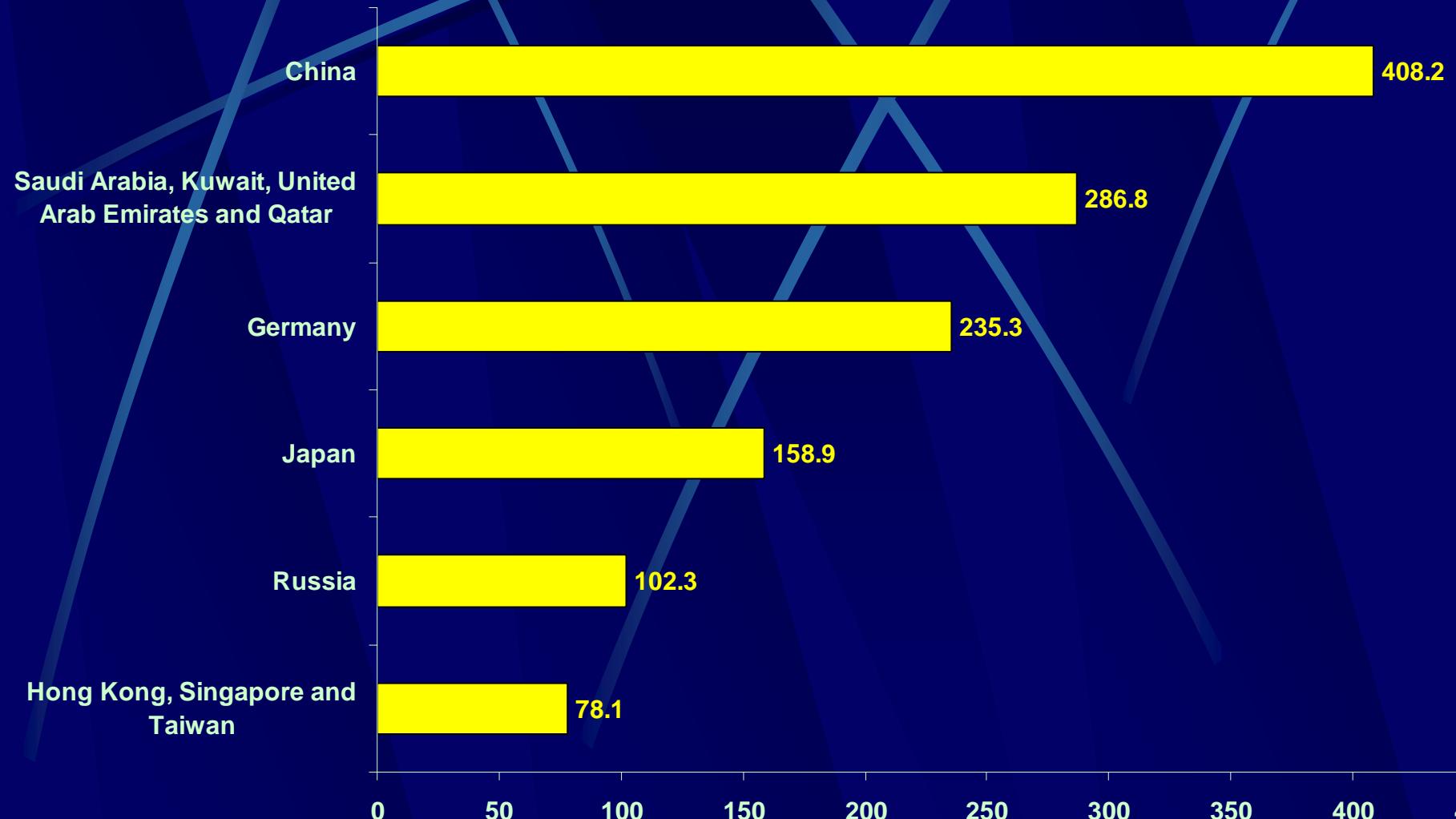
# USA: Composition of the Current Account Deficit (2008)



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

# Big Current Account Surpluses 2008

(billions of US\$)

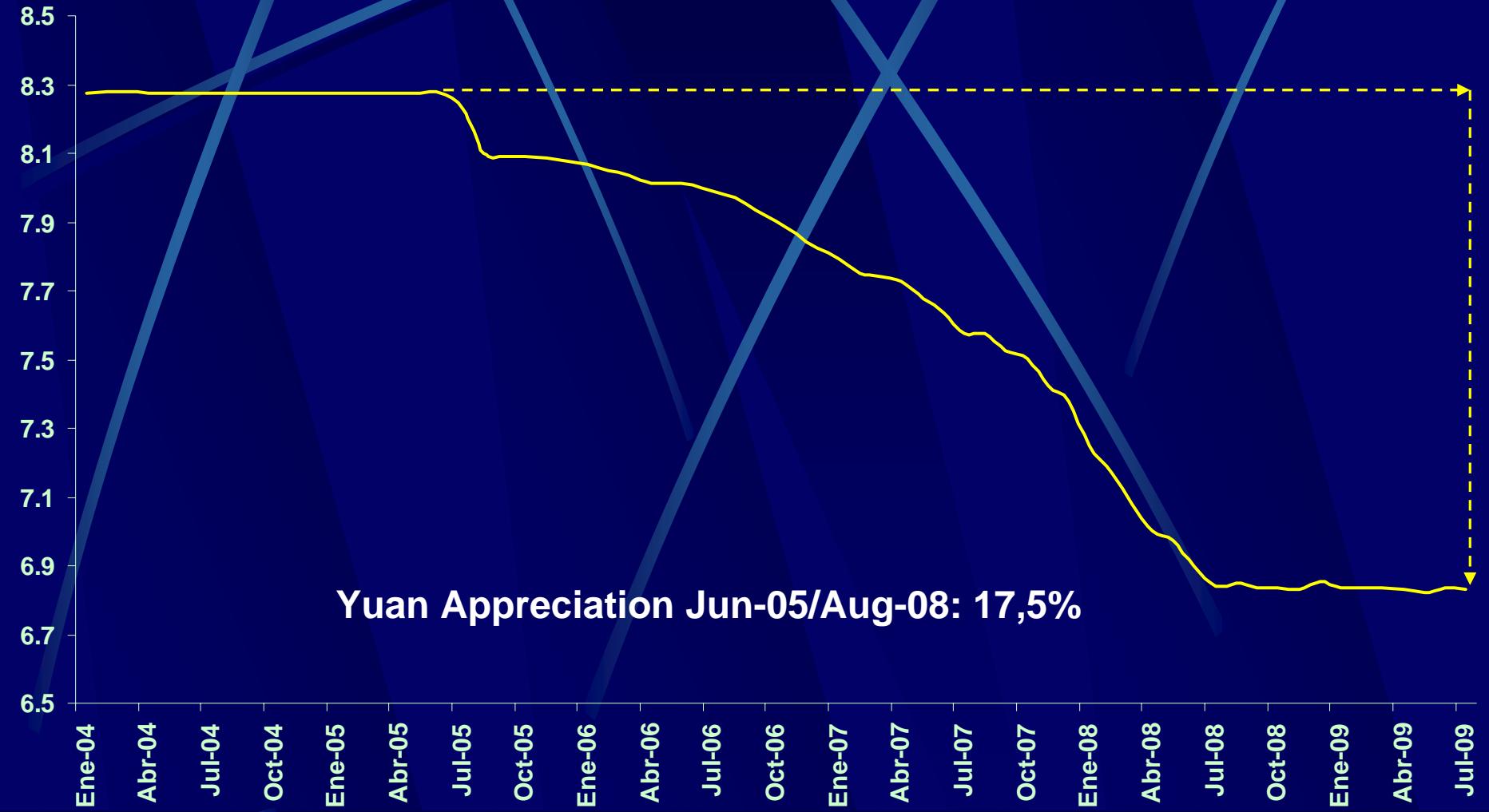


# Two Mechanisms

- Growth Rebalancing
- Exchange Rate Realignments

# Nominal Exchange Rate: Yuan

(Yuan/US\$)

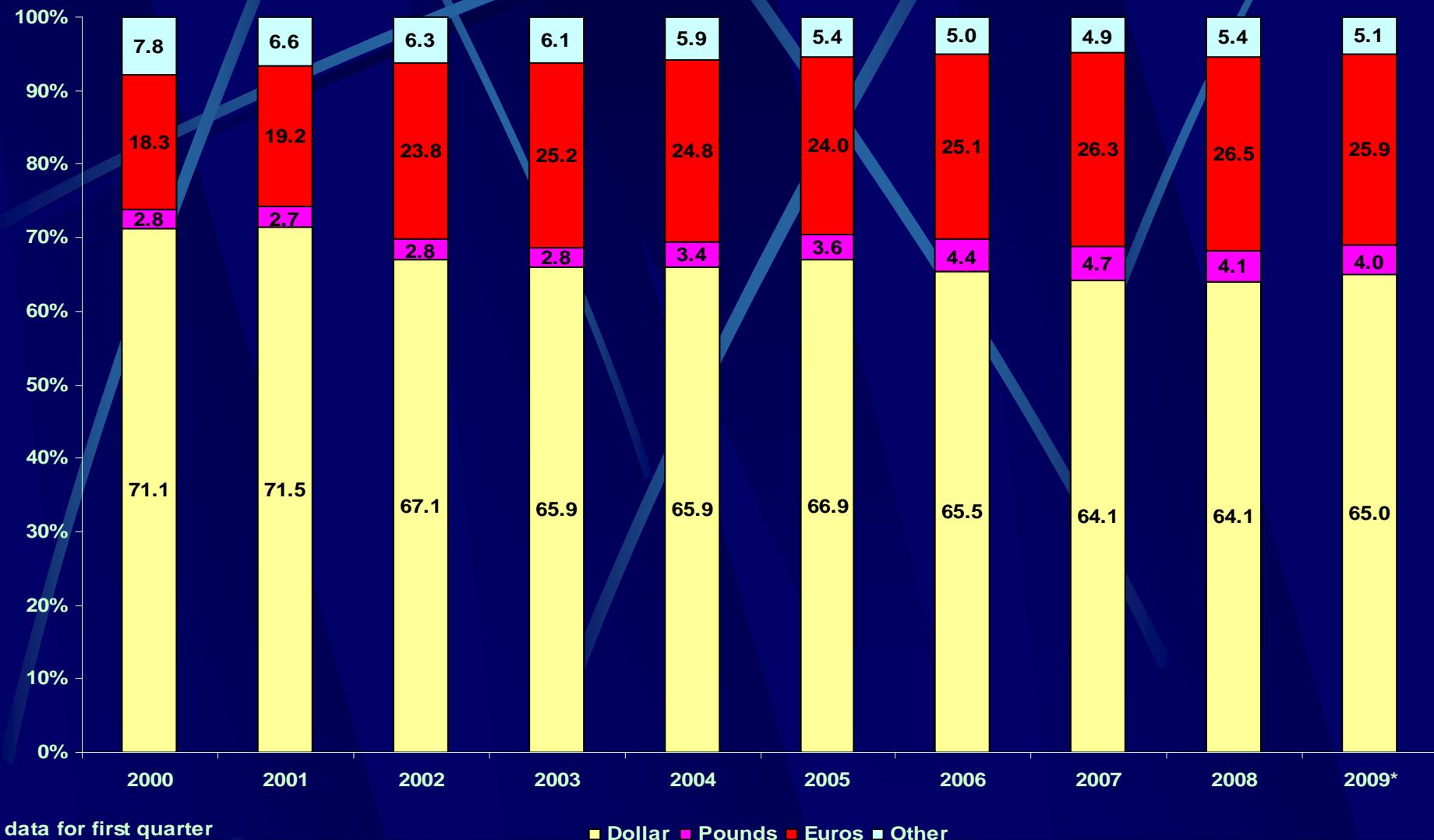


# **Reserve Currencies: the Present and the Future**



# Reserve Currencies

(international reserves composition)



\* data for first quarter

■ Dollar ■ Pounds ■ Euros ■ Other

Source: IMF

# Alternative Options for Reserve Currency

- Euro?
- Yen?
- Yuan?
- BRIC currencies?
- SDR?

Main candidate today: SDR

# SDR Issues

- Advantage of supra-national currency, uncontaminated by a country`s local policies
- Expand and promote use of SDRs (financial instruments, commodity pricing)
- Enlarge basket of currencies used to determine the value of the SDR
- Central IMF role requires change in IMF`s governance
- Ways to discipline both deficit and surplus countries (A tax on chronic surpluses?)

# Conclusion

- Most likely: the US dollar will remain as the main reserve currency, but...
- Growing competition from other currencies: SDRs, BRIC currencies
- the dollar will continue to lose weight
- The process will be slow, gradual

# Reserve Accumulation Global Imbalances, and the Dollar Trap