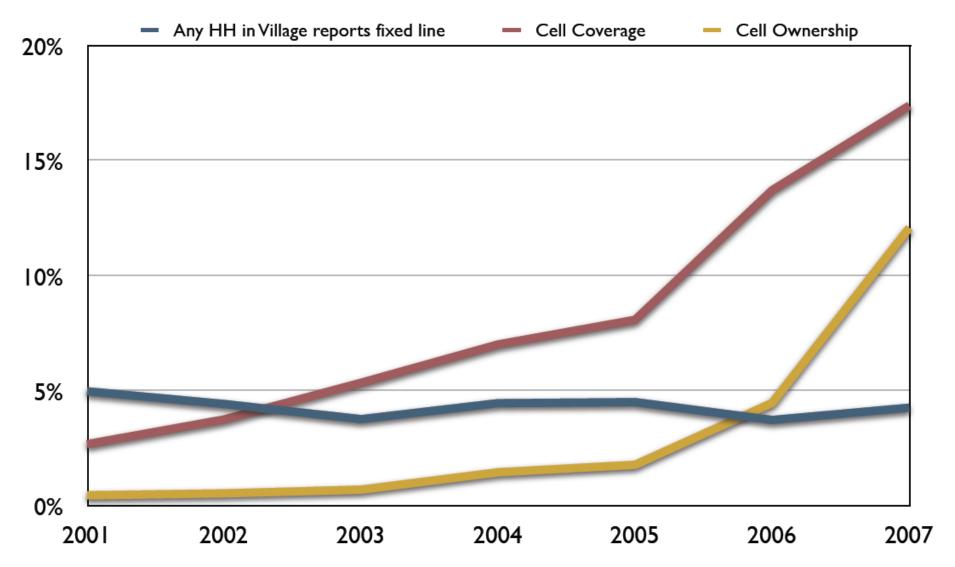
The Effects of Cellular Phone Infrastructure: Evidence from Rural Peru

Diether Beuermann Christopher McKelvey Carlos Sotelo-Lopez

Motivation

- Cell phone penetration rates are skyrocketing worldwide, particularly in developing countries.
- Increasingly, those getting service have had no prior telephone service (leap-frogging)
- Rural Peru is no the exception...



Motivation

- So there is:
 - explosive growth in cell phone use
 - where land-line phone technology is being "leapfrogged"
- Much hope that these trends will lead to income/welfare growth
- Begs the question what is known about the extent to which phones foster development?

How will this impact HH in developing countries?

- Early evidence cross-country regression models (Roller and Waverman, 2001):
 - ICT infrastructure associated with faster growth among OECD countries, 1970-90
 - But countries with better ICT may be unobservably different than those without

How will this impact HH in developing countries?

- Improved Market Efficiency (Jensen, 2007)
 - Cell phones help fishermen in Kerala, India get price information
 - Led to reduced price variation across markets and eliminated waste
 - This increased production & profits (net of cell phone costs)
 - Led to a reduction in price, increasing consumer welfare

How will this impact HH in developing countries?

- Improved Market Efficiency (Aker, 2008)
 - Similar results for grain markets in Niger following cell phone roll-out
 - Reduced price dispersion
 - No increase in production, but consumer prices decrease
 - Net consumers better off; Net producers worse off

Through what mechanism?

- Reduced search costs
 - cell phones make it cheaper for buyers & sellers to search for the best price
- Greater bargaining power
 - knowing prevailing prices may strengthen one's bargaining position
- Better diffusion of non-price information
 - e.g., technological innovations, best farming practices, weather forecasts

Research Questions I

- There is a range of mechanisms and predict the direction of the effect is difficult
- So the impact may vary by commodity/context:
 - Jensen finds an increase in fishing profits, while Aker's results suggests that net grain producers are worse off
- This is the first study to look across commodities and gauge the <u>overall impact</u> of cell phones on income and welfare
 - Fundamental for understanding the impact of cellular infrastructure on development

Outcomes of interest

- In order to fully assess the impact on welfare we need to look at the impact on:
 - consumption prices & quantity consumed \rightarrow <u>expenditures</u>
 - employment & wage rate \rightarrow <u>labor income</u>
 - output prices & quantity sold $\rightarrow \underline{\text{farm production}}$
 - input prices & utilization $\rightarrow \underline{\text{farm expenditures}}$
- We've just begun the empirical analysis, so for now we can only tell the beginning of this story...

Research Questions II

- If cell phones do result in increased profit and welfare, how are gains distributed across society?
 - Producers vs. consumers
 - Cell phone owners vs. non-cell phone owners
 - Wealthy vs. poor
 - Those in areas with land-lines vs. those with no prior service

Strategy:

- Use nationally representative data from Peru to examine the impacts of the cell phone build-out in Peru
 - Annual HH survey from 2001-2007
 - The location and construction date of every tower in Peru
- Look at effect of rural cell phone tower construction has on neighboring villages

Strategy

- Why only rural villages?
 - Most cities had already been treated by 2001, so no treatment variation
- Why the impact of cell phone towers and not ownership?
 - Easier to deal with the non-random placement of towers
 - But we do plan to look at heterogeneity in treatment for owners/non-owners

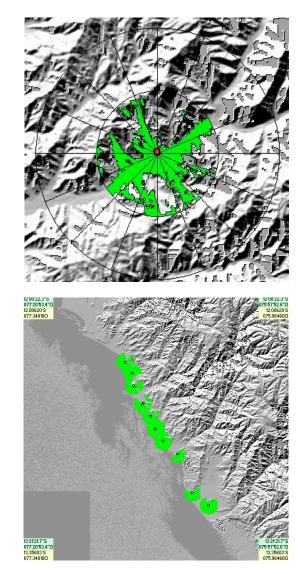
Data:

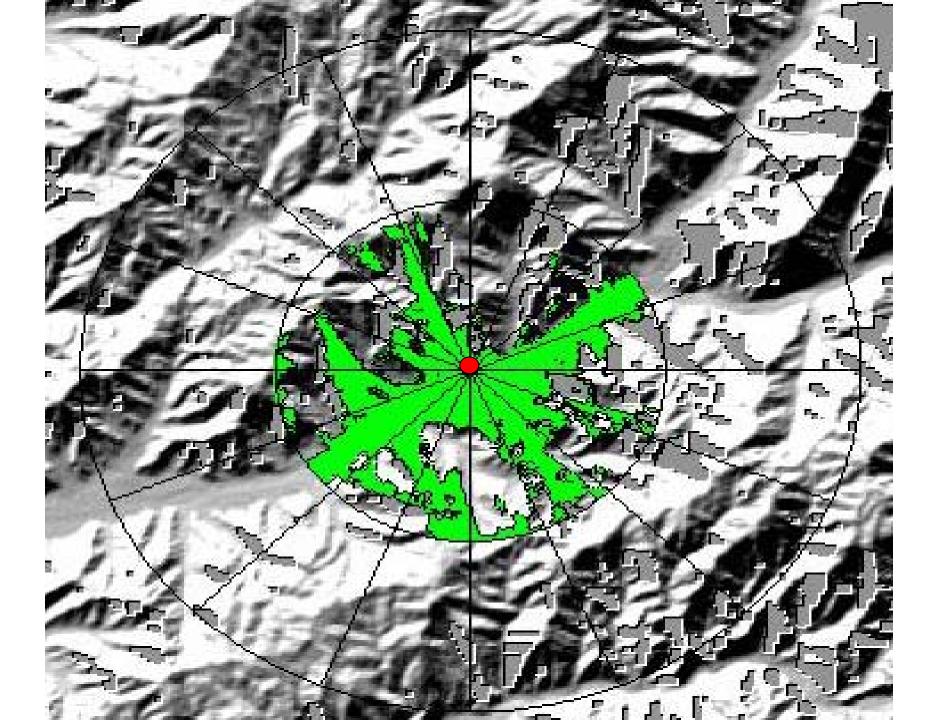
- Annual HH survey data from 2001-2007:
 - Encuesta Nacional de Hogares (ENAHO)
 - Design is repeated cross-section (5,000 to 7,000 HH per year, for a total of 49,697); also has a small rotating panel
- Cellular tower data:
 - Data from the Fund for Investment in Telecommunications (FITEL)
 - Includes: tower location, construction date, company, height, transmission frequency & strength

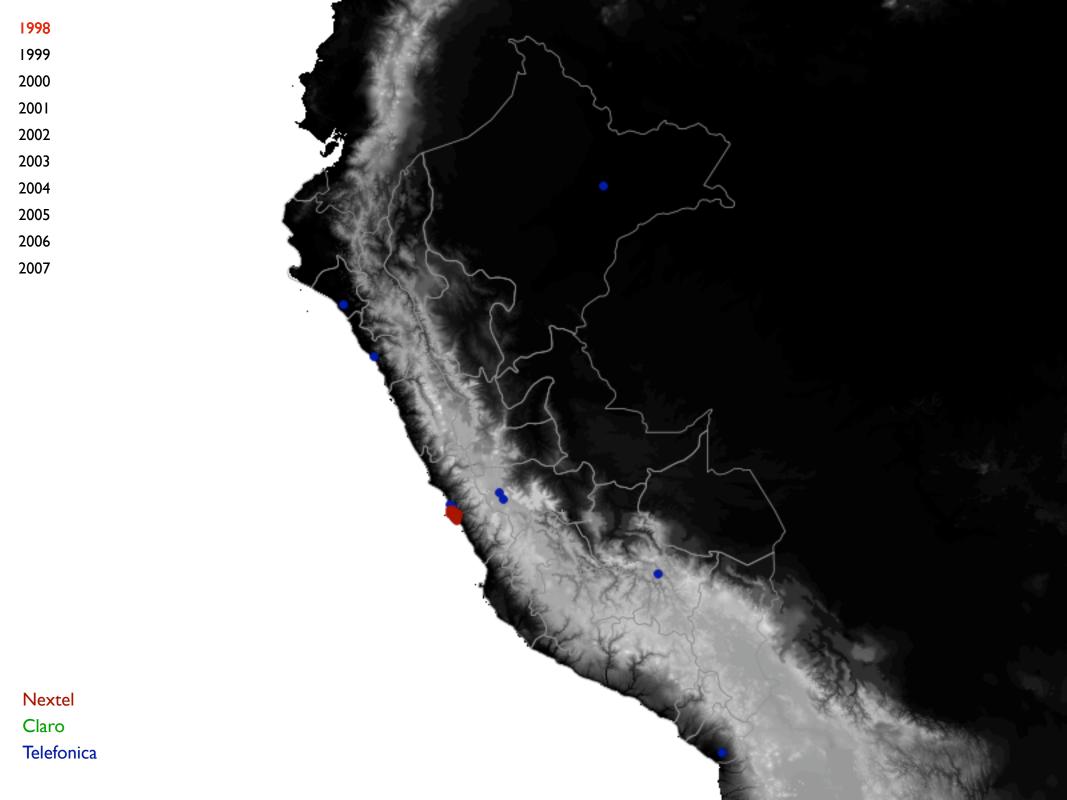
- 85% of HH run a home farm
 - Typical crops include: wheat, corn, potato, lima beans, barley, plantains
- For those who own a cell phone, cell expenditure is about \$9 per month, while average monthly income is about \$170
- Most people use pre-paid cellular plans

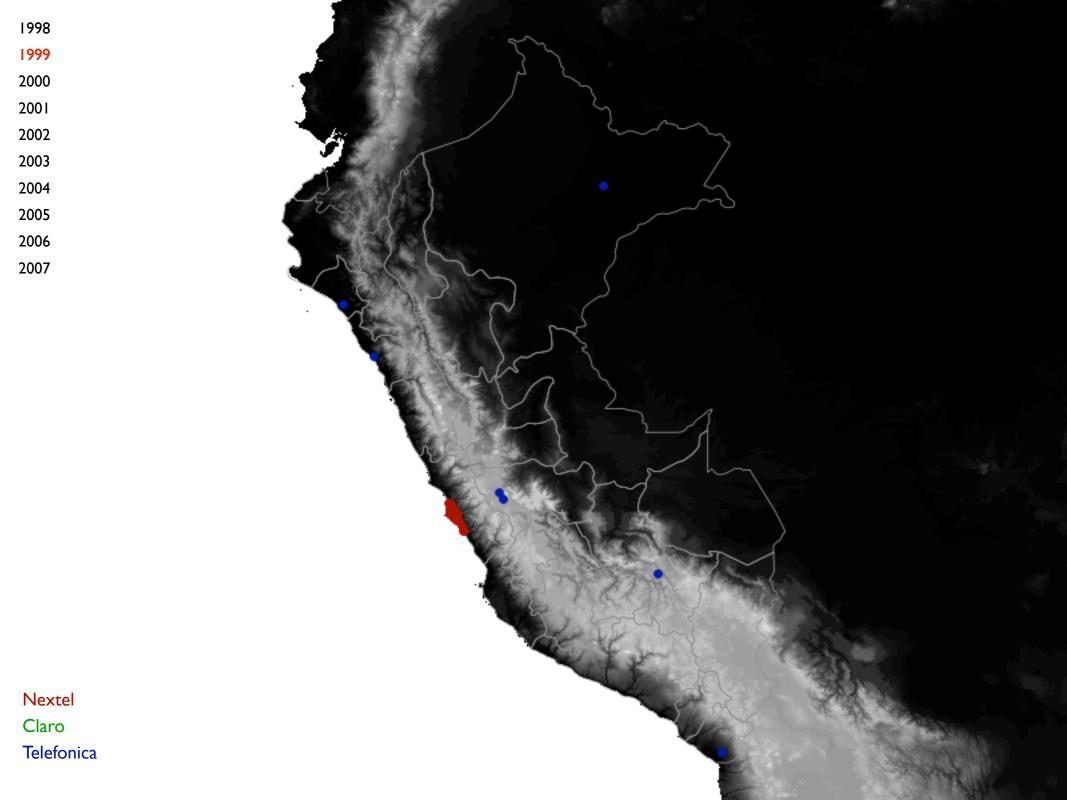
Methodology for simulating coverage areas

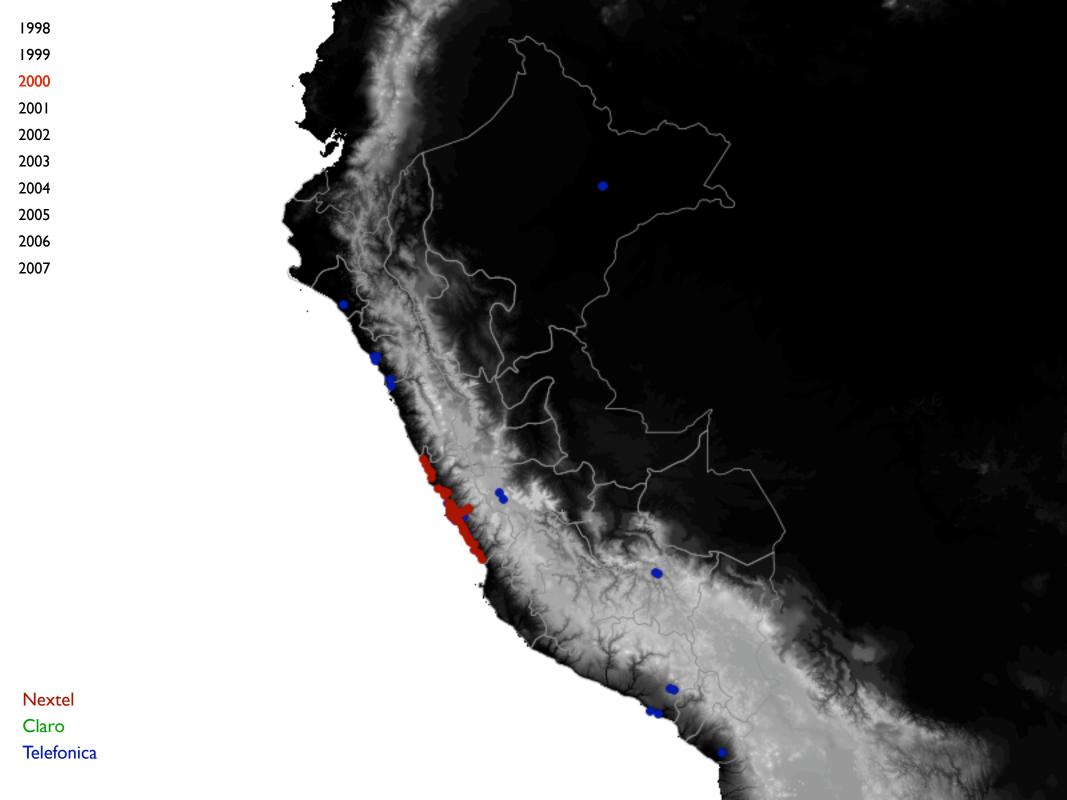
- Coverage simulation was done using the radio propagation software: Radio Mobile
- Implements Longley-Rice model, also known as the Irregular Terrain Model (ITM)
- We use the Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM) –90m resolution elevation data
- Taking into account terrain and earth curvature, coverage areas projected using
 - base station and phone: transmission strength; antenna type, height, and gain; reception limit
- Coverage maps are patched together, and we then determine which villages have coverage

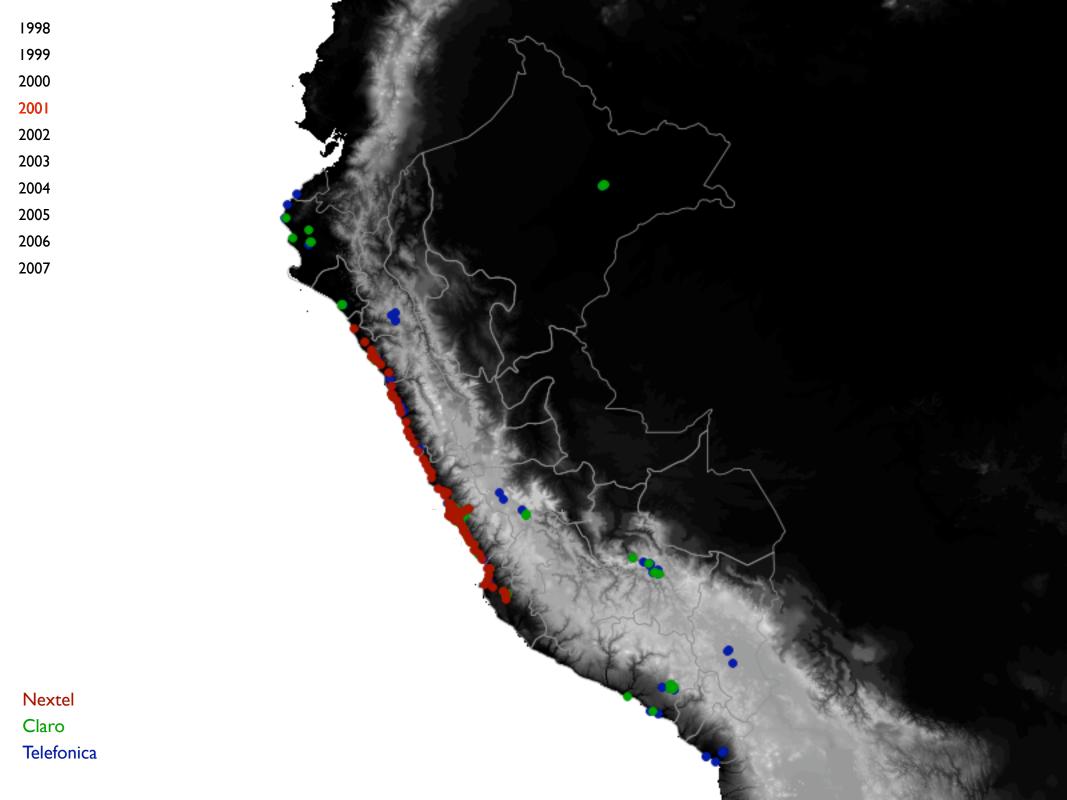


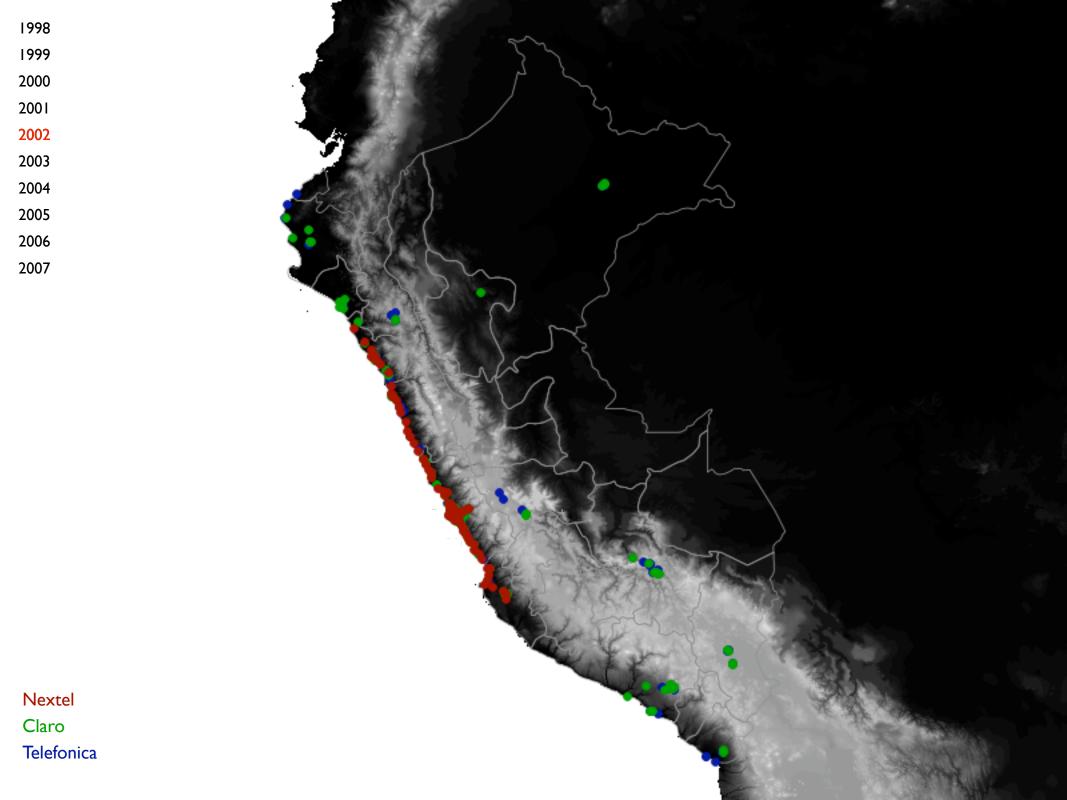


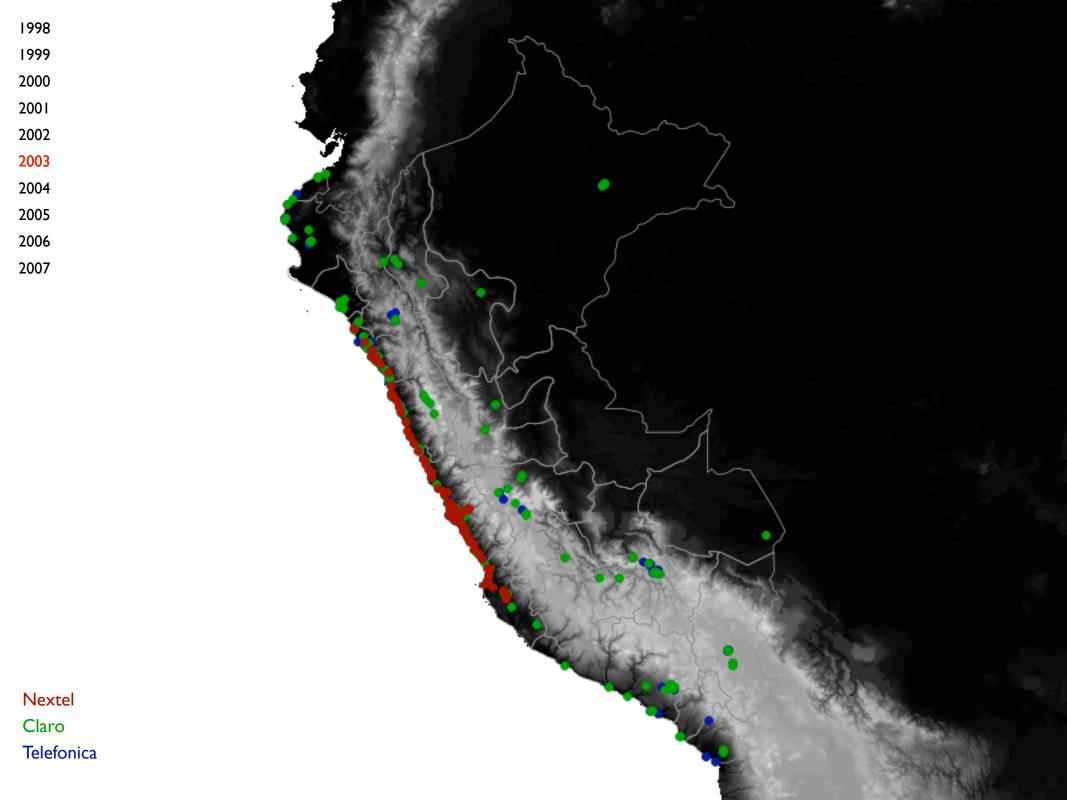


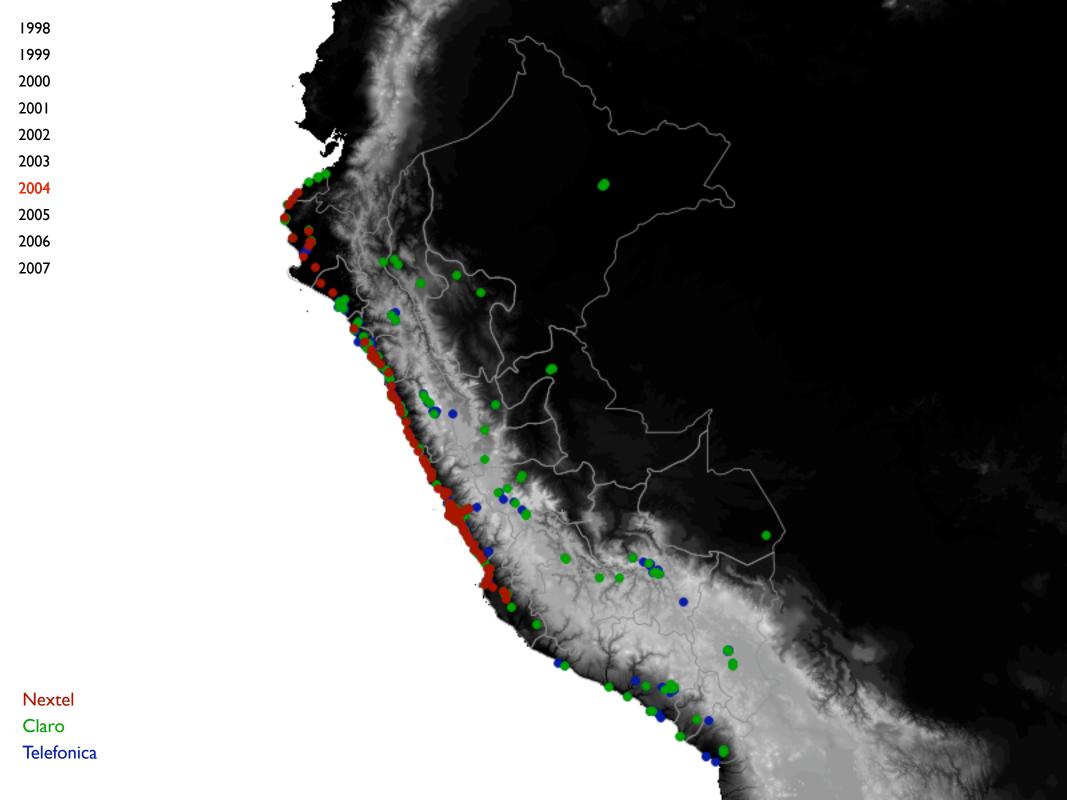


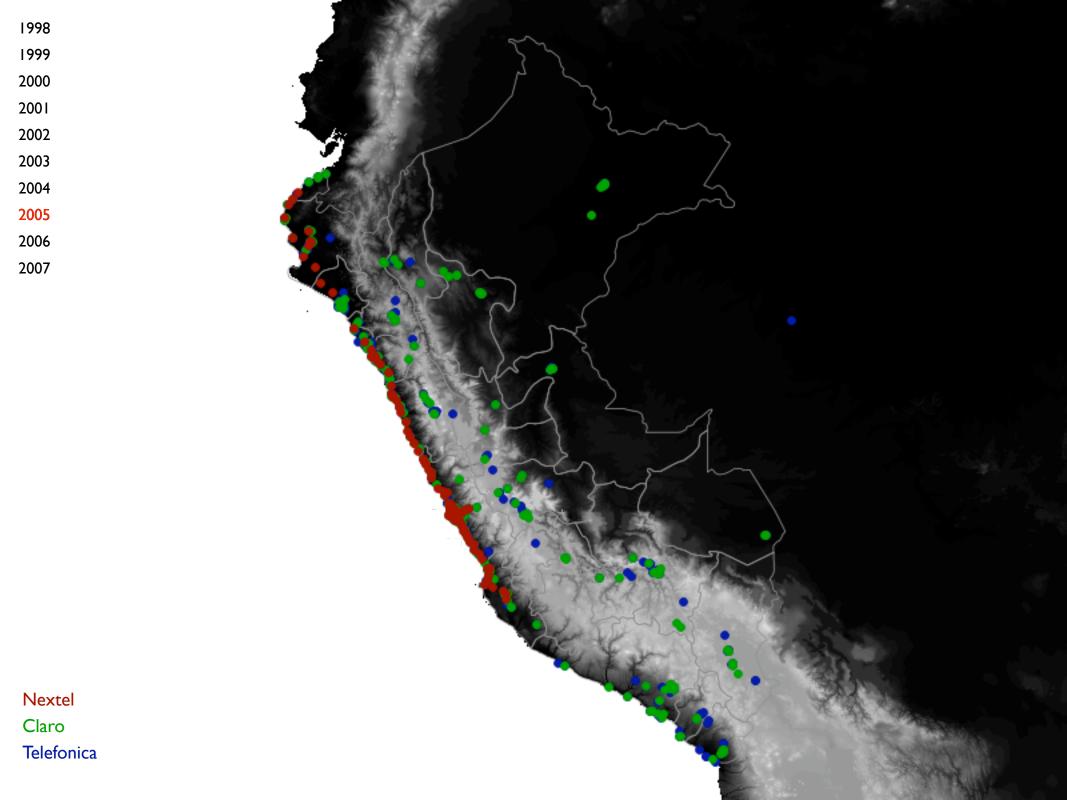


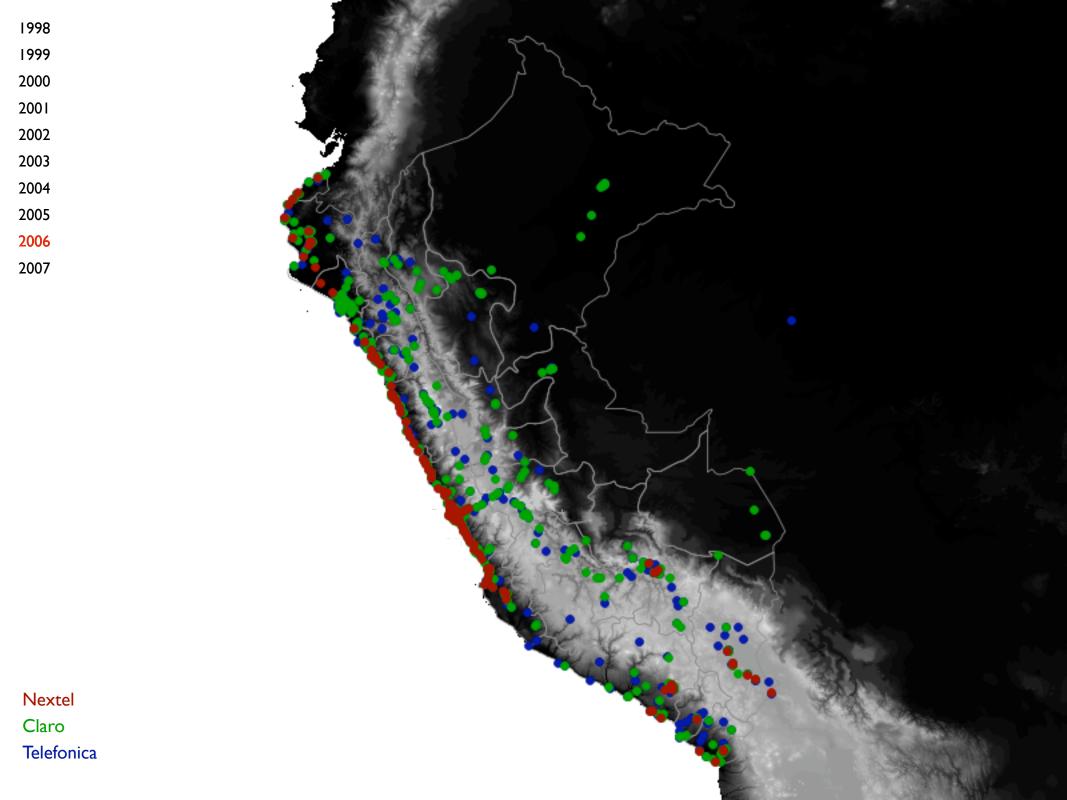


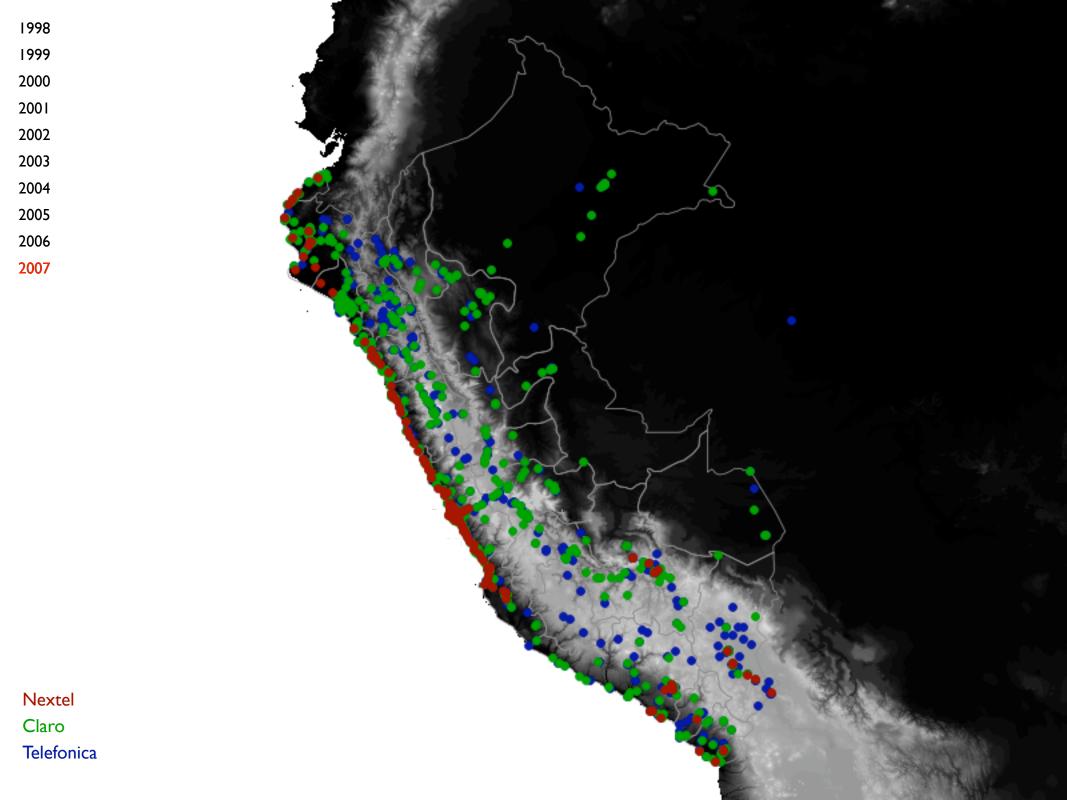




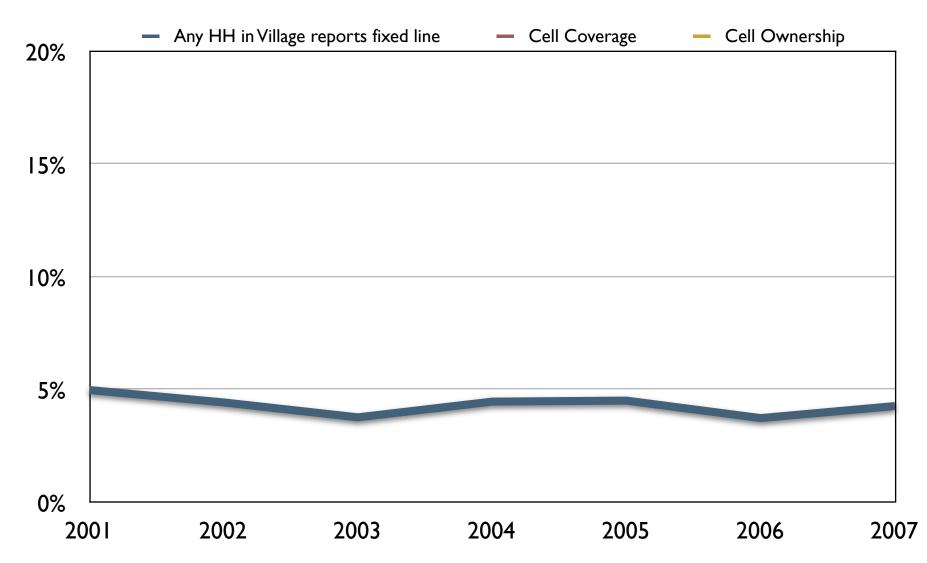


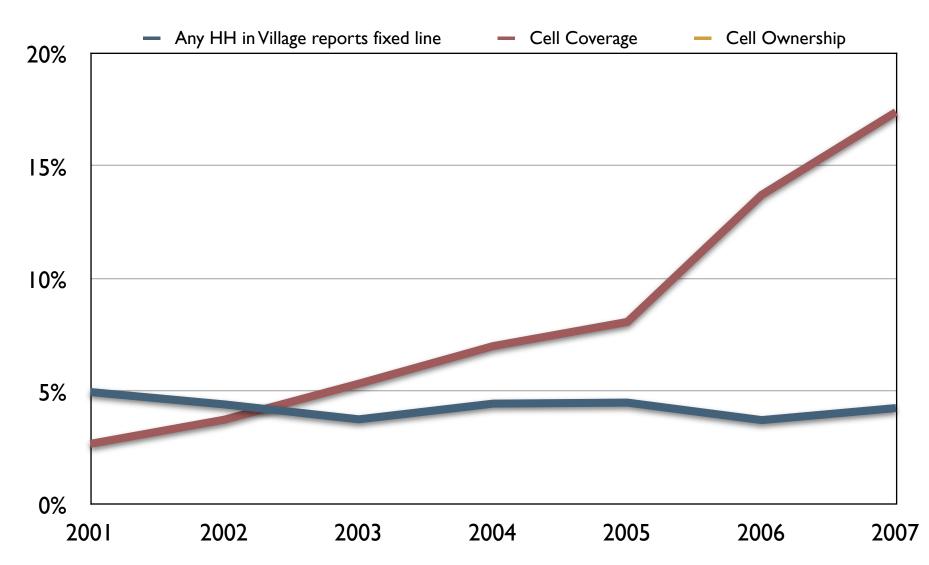


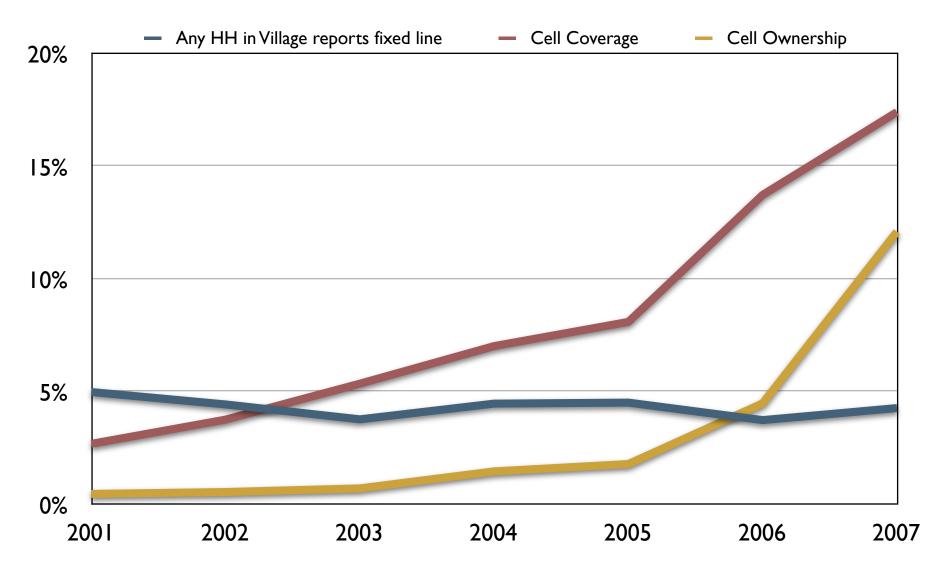




- Any HH in Village reports fixed line - Cell Coverage - Cell Ownership







Matching Coverage Simulation with HH Cell Ownership Data

Cell Phone Ownership

Year		
ICal	Areas without	Areas with
	coverage	coverage
2001	0.35%	3.75%
2002	0.28%	4.72%
2003	0.44%	5.08%
2004	I.00%	12.39%
2005	I.07%	9.72%
2006	2.43%	17.55%
2007	7.74%	32.83%

Empirical Strategy: OLS

• As a baseline empirical strategy, we regress outcomes of interest on village coverage status:

 $y_{tci} = coverage_{tc} + \mu_t + \varepsilon_{tci}$

Empirical Strategy: OLS

	HH Cell Phone Ownership	Log HH income	Any Assets	Log HH Assets	Log HH Expenditures			
					Total	Food	Non- Food	Durables
Coverage	0.151	0.565	0.119	0.711	0.606	0.712	0.503	0.158
	(15.43)**	(18.82)**	(12.96)**	(14.92)**	(23.72)**	(26.38)**	(16.25)**	(3.83)**
N (Households)	42335	40093	42335	28508	42148	41248	41850	32689

Potential Concern: Selection into Treatment

- To interpret results as causal, we'd need to believe coverage is uncorrelated with other factors influencing HH well-being
 - Unlikely, since coverage providers select coverage areas that maximize profits
- Descriptive statistics make it clear that treated areas are better-off...

Pre-Treatment Descriptives

	Pre-Treatment Mean			
	Not Covered by 2007	Covered by 2007		
Household Expenditures	228.9	303.0		
(SE)	(1.1)	(3.6)		
Household Income	459.5	585.7		
(SE)	(3.4)	(13.8)		
N (Households)	33683	4505		

Empirical Strategy: Village FE

• As a second strategy, we employ village fixed effects to wash out time-invariant factors that are correlated with coverage

 $y_{tci} = coverage_{tc} + \mu_c + \mu_t + \varepsilon_{tci}$

Empirical Strategy: Village FE

	HH Cell Phone Ownership		Any Assets	Log HH - Assets	Log HH Expenditures			
		Log HH income			Total	Food	Non- Food	Durables
Coverage	0.072	0.040	-0.029	0.135	0.075	0.061	0.089	-0.095
	(5.12)**	(0.91)	(1.62)	(2.16)*	(2.17)*	(1.71)	(1.90)	(1.13)
N (Households)	42335	40093	42335	28508	42148	41248	41850	32689

Empirical Strategy: Treatment Duration

- Still need to believe that there are no time-varying community characteristics that are correlated with coverage
- Possible to check this by seeing if there are any pre-treatment trends
- Moreover, some benefits of coverage may take time -so we allow treatment effect to vary with duration:

 $y_{tci} = \sum_{j \neq 0} duration_{tcj} + \mu_c + \mu_t + \epsilon_{tci}$

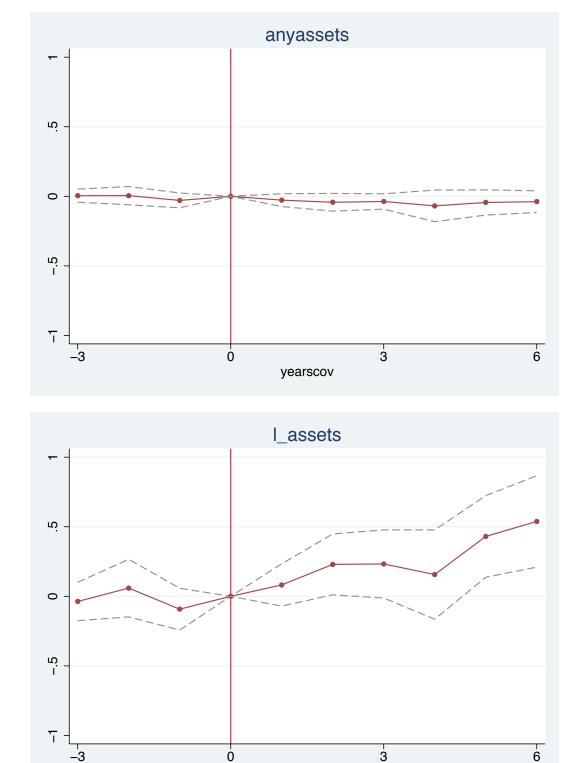
• where duration = [t = treatment year - j]

Years of	HH Cell	Log HH income	Any Assets	Log HH - Assets	Log HH Expenditures				
Treatment	Phone Ownership				Total	Food	Non- Food	Durables	
Before: 3+ Years	-0.013	-0.059	0.005	-0.037	-0.063	-0.036	-0.045	-0.122	
	(1.28)	(1.16)	(0.19)	(0.53)	(1.32)	(0.77)	(0.65)	(1.13)	
Before: 2 Years	-0.003	0.072	0.005	0.059	-0.009	0.038	0.011	0.055	
	(0.25)	(1.02)	(0.14)	(0.56)	(0.14)	(0.67)	(0.13)	(0.43)	
Before: Year	-0.006	-0.039	-0.029	-0.092	-0.009	-0.000	-0.007	0.009	
	(0.54)	(0.74)	(1.08)	(1.21)	(0.19)	(0.00)	(0.11)	(0.09)	
After: I Year								-0.151	
								(1.50)	
After: 2 Years								0.024	
								(0.18)	
After: 3 Years								0.021	
								(0.13)	
After: 4 Years								0.317	
								(2.08)*	
After: 5 Years								0.319	
								(2.02)*	
After: 6+ Years								0.446	
								(2.56)*	
Observations	42335	40093	42335	28508	42148	41248	41850	32689	

Years Treatment	HH Cell Phone Ownership
Before: 3+ Years	-0.013 (1.28)
Before: 2 Years	-0.003
Before: I Year	(0.25) -0.006
After: I Year	(0.54) 0.046
After: 2 Years	(3.12)** 0.112
After: 3 Years	(4.39)** 0.104
After: 4 Years	(3.73)** 0.198
After: 5 Years	(6.08)** 0.182
After: 6+ Years	(5.84)** 0.291
Observations	(7.67)** 42335

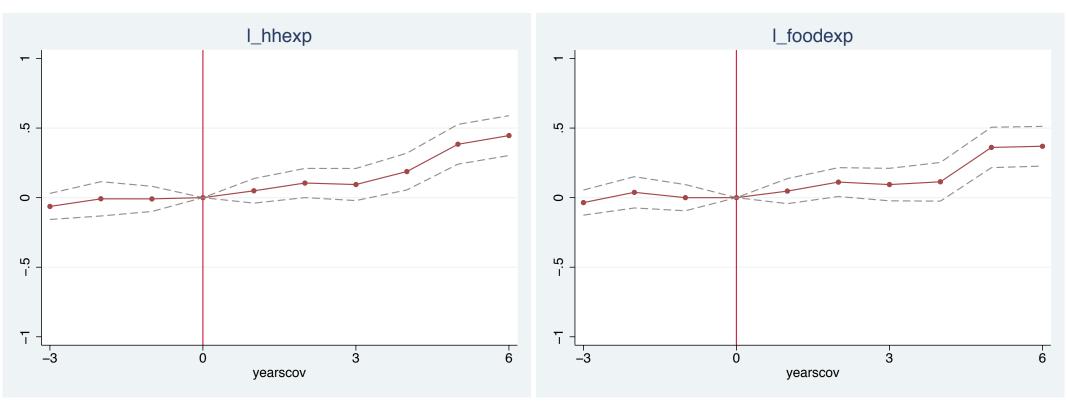
Years Treatment	Log HH income	
Before: 3+ Years	-0.059	
	(1.16)	
Before: 2 Years	0.072	Lincomo
	(1.02)	I_income
Before: Year	-0.039	
	(0.74)	
After: I Year	-0.013	·
	(0.24)	
After: 2 Years	0.145	0
	(2.14)*	
After: 3 Years	0.069	
	(0.89)	
After: 4 Years	0.213	
	(2.45)*	Υ -
After: 5 Years	0.268	-3 0 3
	(2.90)**	yearscov
After: 6+ Years	0.340	
	(3.63)**	
Observations	40093	

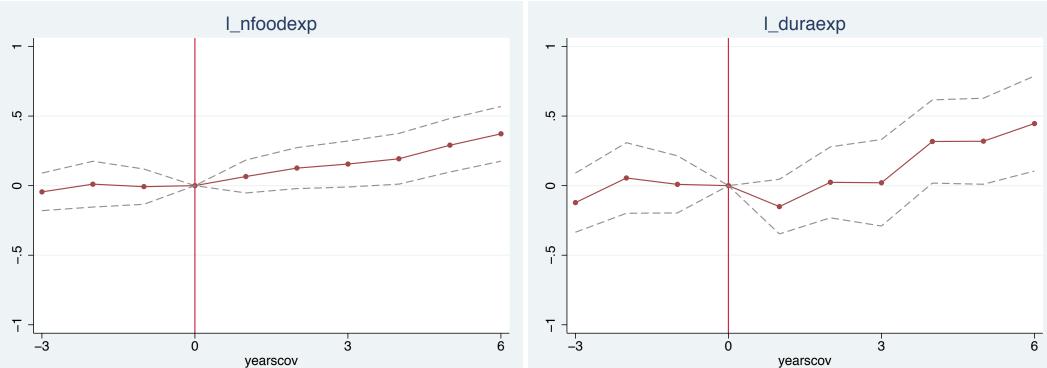
Years Treatment	Any Assets	Log HH Assets
Before: 3+ Years	0.005	-0.037
	(0.19)	(0.53)
Before: 2 Years	0.005	0.059
	(0.14)	(0.56)
Before: Year	-0.029	-0.092
	(1.08)	(1.21)
After: I Year	-0.027	0.082
	(1.16)	(1.05)
After: 2 Years	-0.043	0.229
	(1.32)	(2.06)*
After: 3 Years	-0.037	0.233
	(1.32)	(1.86)
After: 4 Years	-0.069	0.156
	(1.19)	(0.96)
After: 5 Years	-0.044	0.430
	(0.95)	(2.88)**
After: 6+ Years	-0.038	0.538
	(0.97)	(3.21)**
Observations	42335	28508



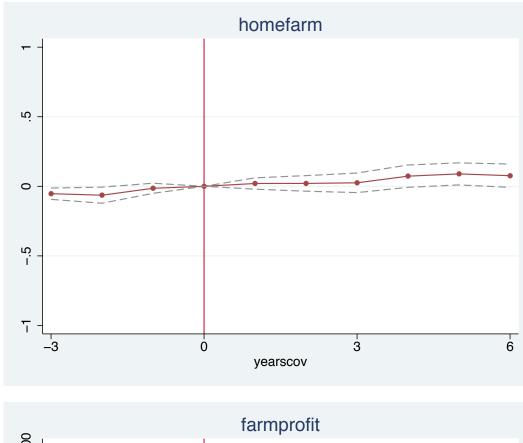
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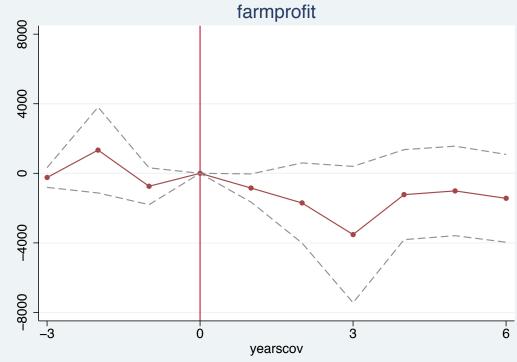
Years Treatment	Log HH Expenditures	
Before: 3+ Years	-0.063	
	(1.32)	
Before: 2 Years	-0.009	L bboyn
	(0.14)	I_hhexp
Before: Year	-0.009	
	(0.19)	
After: I Year	0.049	- in
	(1.09)	
After: 2 Years	0.105	0
	(1.96)*	
After: 3 Years	0.094	
	(1.60)	۲. – ۱. –
After: 4 Years	0.188	
	(2.79)**	Γ
After: 5 Years	0.384	–3 0 3 yearscov
	(5.26)**	ycarocov
After: 6+ Years	0.446	
	(6.11)**	
Observations	42148	



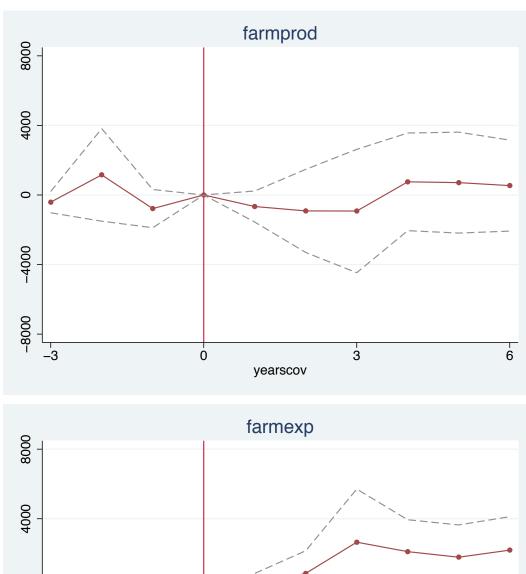


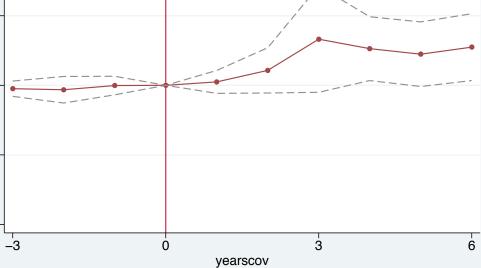
Years Treatment	Home Farm	Farm Profits
Before: 3+ Years	-0.053	-243
	(2.57)*	(0.84)
Before: 2 Years	-0.064	1,337
	(2.16)*	(1.06)
Before: Year	-0.014	-744
	(0.76)	(1.38)
After: I Year	0.020	-846
	(0.98)	(2.04)*
After: 2 Years	0.021	-1,706
	(0.73)	(1.45)
After: 3 Years	0.025	-3,520
	(0.70)	(1.76)
After: 4 Years	0.073	-1,227
	(1.78)	(0.93)
After: 5 Years	0.089	-1,012
	(2.21)*	(0.77)
After: 6+ Years	0.076	-1,438
	(1.79)	(1.12)
Observations	42334	33687





Years Treatment	Farm Production	Farm Expenditures
Before: 3+ Years	-410	-194
	(1.31)	(0.86)
Before: 2 Years	1,154	-255
	(0.85)	(0.65)
Before: Year	-783	-13
	(1.40)	(0.05)
After: Year	-664	196
	(1.46)	(0.58)
After: 2 Years	-915	859
	(0.75)	(1.29)
After: 3 Years	-923	2,653
	(0.51)	(1.70)
After: 4 Years	756	2,108
	(0.53)	(2.25)*
After: 5 Years	711	١,789
	(0.48)	(1.89)
After: 6+ Years	539	2,195
	(0.40)	(2.24)*
Observations	33687	33813





0

-4000

-8000

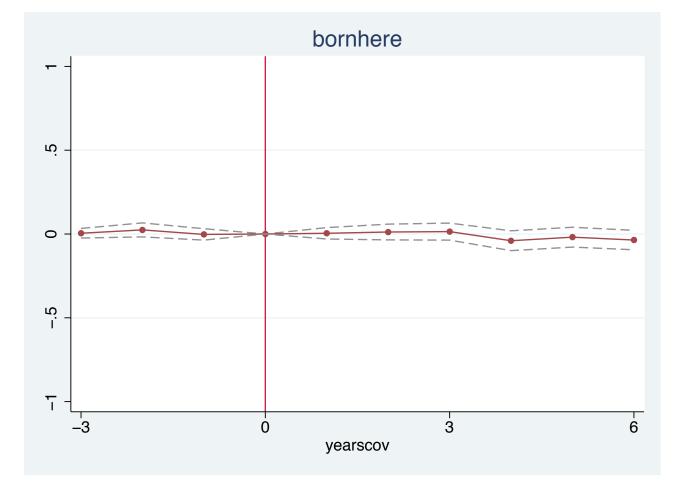
Preliminary Conclusions

- Early evidence points toward:
 - producers are not worse off:
 - no statistically significant impact on profits
 - consumers are better off:
 - large gains in HH resources
- Will continue to hone this story:
 - in particular, prices

Potential Concern: Migration to Treatment Area

- Another potential concern is migration to the treatment area
 - Suppose more entrepreneurial or wealthier households migrated to areas with cell phone service
 - These results could simply reflect the changing demographics of these towns

Years Treatment	Born in District
Before: 3+ Years	0.005
	(0.32)
Before: 2 Years	0.025
	(1.16)
Before: Year	-0.002
	(0.13)
After: I Year	0.004
	(0.25)
After: 2 Years	0.012
	(0.50)
After: 3 Years	0.014
	(0.55)
After: 4 Years	-0.040
	(1.32)
After: 5 Years	-0.019
	(0.62)
After: 6+ Years	-0.036
	(1.21)
Observations	187378



- Another robustness check we're pursuing:
 - Household fixed effects

Conclusions & Implications

- Producers are no worse off, consumers are better off
- If cell phones generate income growth, this is great news for the development community:
 - Adoption is skyrocketing
 - Interventions have cost nothing, since they are funded by the private sector
- But we need to be careful about concluding that development should fund cell tower construction

Future Work

- Prices
- Heterogeneity:
 - Cell phone owners vs. non-cell phone owners
 - Wealthy vs. poor
 - Those in areas with land-lines vs. those with no prior service

	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
	I_income	anyassets	l_assets	I_hhexp	l_foodexp	l_nfoodexp	l_duraexp
Before: 3+ Years	-0.05	0.007	-0.026	-0.053	-0.022	-0.037	-0.109
	[0.92]	[0.28]	[0.37]	[1.04]	[0.45]	[0.52]	[1.02]
Before: 2 Years	0.077	0.007	0.072	0.004	0.062	0.015	0.058
	[1.04]	[0.21]	[0.66]	[0.05]	[1.00]	[0.17]	[0.45]
Before: 1 Year	-0.02	-0.023	-0.101	0.018	0.032	0.013	0.019
	[0.36]	[0.85]	[1.31]	[0.38]	[0.65]	[0.20]	[0.19]
After: 1 Year	-0.057	-0.028	-0.042	0.02	0.036	0.01	-0.221
	[1.03]	[1.17]	[0.50]	[0.41]	[0.73]	[0.15]	[2.11]*
After: 2 Years	0.066	-0.054	0.064	0.075	0.116	0.065	-0.103
	[0.90]	[1.66]	[0.52]	[1.27]	[2.00]*	[0.79]	[0.76]
After: 3 Years	0.006	-0.043	-0.004	0.057	0.057	0.094	-0.09
	[0.07]	[1.47]	[0.03]	[0.86]	[0.89]	[1.02]	[0.52]
After: 4 Years	0.068	-0.093	-0.185	0.065	0.029	0.033	0.098
	[0.72]	[1.64]	[1.05]	[0.83]	[0.38]	[0.31]	[0.59]
After: 5 Years	0.165	-0.062	0.248	0.339	0.328	0.206	0.16
	[1.44]	[1.34]	[1.47]	[4.00]**	[3.69]**	[1.90]	[0.91]
After: 6 Years	0.118	-0.07	0.031	0.298	0.252	0.19	0.142
	[1.16]	[1.71]	[0.17]	[3.64]**	[3.03]**	[1.75]	[0.74]
Observations	40093	42335	28508	42148	41248	41850	32689
R-squared	0.38	0.32	0.37	0.42	0.45	0.34	0.26

	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
	I_income	anyassets	l_assets	I_hhexp	I_foodexp	I_nfoodexp	l_duraexp
Before: 3+ Years	-0.05	0.007	-0.026	-0.053	-0.022	-0.037	-0.109
	[0.92]	[0.28]	[0.37]	[1.04]	[0.45]	[0.52]	[1.02]
Before: 2 Years	0.077	0.007	0.072	0.004	0.062	0.015	0.058
	[1.04]	[0.21]	[0.66]	[0.05]	[1.00]	[0.17]	[0.45]
Before: 1 Year	-0.02	-0.023	-0.101	0.018	0.032	0.013	0.019
	[0.36]	[0.85]	[1.31]	[0.38]	[0.65]	[0.20]	[0.19]
After x Own: 1 Year	0.802	0.104	1.43	0.728	0.528	0.976	0.866
	[7.72]**	[3.19]**	[7.79]**	[7.67]**	[5.59]**	[8.34]**	[3.64]**
After x Own: 2 Years	0.71	0.15	0.973	0.469	0.295	0.593	0.893
	[7.46]**	[5.87]**	[4.77]**	[5.21]**	[3.74]**	[6.28]**	[4.83]**
After x Own: 3 Years	0.514	0.076	1.28	0.424	0.467	0.504	0.597
	[4.19]**	[2.22]*	[7.03]**	[3.53]**	[5.12]**	[3.42]**	[2.27]*
After x Own: 4 Years	0.464	0.093	0.956	0.496	0.386	0.641	0.674
	[4.16]**	[1.62]	[4.28]**	[5.38]**	[4.45]**	[5.30]**	[3.93]**
After x Own: 5 Years	0.617	0.168	0.534	0.449	0.35	0.535	0.539
	[4.89]**	[4.05]**	[2.35]*	[4.44]**	[3.46]**	[3.20]**	[2.24]*
After x Own: 6 Years	0.59	0.092	1.184	0.419	0.327	0.48	0.588
	[6.64]**	[3.27]**	[6.34]**	[5.44]**	[3.81]**	[5.41]**	[4.04]**
Observations	40093	42335	28508	42148	41248	41850	32689
R-squared	0.38	0.32	0.37	0.42	0.45	0.34	0.26