



**INTERNATIONAL RESERVES: COMPOSITION AND
PERFORMANCE AS OF JULY 2011**

At the end of July 2011, gross international reserves (GIR) amounted to USD 47 715 million, USD 520 million higher than the previous month. Its composition by asset class was as follows:

GROSS INTERNATIONAL RESERVES (millions of US\$)				
Asset	30.12.2010	31.03.2011	30.06.2011	27.07.2011
Deposits abroad	10,777.2	12,326.9	10,241.1	10,216.6
Securities	30,391.7	30,735.3	33,678.5	33,982.4
Gold	1,564.9	1,598.7	1,671.1	1,798.7
Others <u>1/</u>	1,416.6	1,515.6	1,604.7	1,717.7
TOTAL	44,150.4	46,176.5	47,195.4	47,715.4

1/ Includes subscriptions of capital to FLAR and credit balances from ALADI.

The value of liquid international assets (see glossary) reached USD 45 951 million, showing the following composition in terms of currency denomination, term to maturity and credit risk:

Currencies	Jul-27-2011	Term to maturity	Jul-27-2011	Long term rating <u>2/</u>	Jul-27-2011
US\$	81.4	0-3 months	36.2	AAA	70.8
Other currencies <u>1/</u>	16.6	3-12 months	21.6	AA+ / AA / AA-	20.7
Gold	2.0	>1 year	42.1	A+	8.5

1/ Mostly euros.

2/ Average rating from Fitch, Standard & Poor's and Moody's. The minimum long term credit rating required by the BCRP for its correspondents banks is A+ and for securities held in its portfolio is AA -.

The Net International Position at the end of July 2011 reached US\$ 31 463 million.

The duration of the portfolio was 1,04 years at the end of July.

ANNEX 1: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Gross International Reserves (GIR).- Central Bank's GIR¹ are composed mainly of deposits in foreign banks, foreign securities and bonds, gold holdings and any other internationally recognized means of payments such as coins and bills. It also includes subscriptions to international organizations, and the credit balance from the financial agreement signed with other Latin-American central banks as part of the Asociación Latinoamericana de Integración, ALADI².

Net International Position.- Central Bank's Net International Position is the difference of assets and liabilities in foreign exchange, both internationally and with residents. These assets could be diversified by currencies and gold.

Liquid International Assets.- Assets which can be easily negotiated in the international financial markets. They are the result of excluding from the GIR subscriptions of capital to international financial organizations, such as Fondo Latinoamericano de Reservas (FLAR), IMF's Reserve Tranche Position and fiduciary funds, credit balances from ALADI, and holdings of gold in Central Bank of Peru's vaults.

¹ The concept used by the Central Bank is consistent with the paragraph 424 of the Manual of the Balance of Payments, IMF, 5th Edition.

² For historical series, see in this Webpage Home/Statistics/Weekly Report Charts/ 25 "Concepts of international liquidity of the Central Bank of Peru".