



**INTERNATIONAL RESERVES: COMPOSITION AND  
PERFORMANCE AS OF NOVEMBRE 2004**

At the end of November 2004, the gross international reserves (GIR) amounted to USD 12 348 million, USD 172 millions higher than the level of the previous month. Its composition by asset class was as follows:

GROSS INTERNATIONAL RESERVES (millions of US\$)				
Asset	31.12.2003	30.09.2004	31.10.2004	30.11.2004
Deposits abroad	3502,9	3867,2	4570,8	4397,4
Securities	5883,9	6500,1	6763,4	7083,2
Gold	462,7	466,4	477,4	505,2
Others <sup>1/</sup>	356,5	363,5	364,5	362,5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10206,0</b>	<b>11197,2</b>	<b>12176,1</b>	<b>12348,3</b>

<sup>1/</sup> Includes subscriptions of capital to FLAR and credit balances from ALADI.

The book value of liquid international assets (see glossary) reached USD 11 736 million, showing the following composition in terms of currencies, term to maturity and credit risk:

Currencies	%	Term to maturity	%	Long term rating <sup>2/</sup>	%
US\$	91,0	0-3 months	46,5	AAA	57,8
Other currencies <sup>1/</sup>	6,9	3-12 months	28,3	AA+ / AA / AA-	42,2
Gold	2,1	1-5 years	25,2	A+ / A	0,0

<sup>1/</sup> Euros, sterling pounds and canadian dollars.

<sup>2/</sup> Average rating from Fitch, Standard & Poor's and Moody's.

The total return based on actual book entries (see glossary) was 1,75% for the period December 2003 – November 2004, and excluding gold holdings was 1,83%. The average duration of the portfolio was 0,55 years at the end of November.

**ANNEX 1: GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

**Gross International Reserves (GIR).**- Central Bank's GIR<sup>1</sup> are composed mainly of deposits in foreign banks, foreign securities and bonds, gold holdings and any other internationally recognized means of payments such as coins and bills. It also includes subscriptions to international organizations, and the credit balance from the financial agreement signed with other Latinoamerican central banks as part of the Asociación Latinoamericana de Integración, ALADI <sup>2</sup>.

**Liquid International Assets.**- The international assets which are under management and can be rapidly converted into cash. They are the result of excluding from the GIR subscriptions of capital to international financial organizations, such as Fondo Latinoamericano de Reservas (FLAR), credit balances from ALADI, and holdings of gold in Central Bank of Peru's vaults.

**Total return based on actual book entries.**- It is calculated as a quotient, in which the numerator considers interest earnings and profit/loss from securities sales; and the denominator, the average daily balances of deposits, securities and gold (abroad and in vaults), excluding the valuation effect from changes in exchange rates and the prices of gold and securities.

<sup>1</sup> The concept used by the Central Bank is consistent with the paragraph 424 of the Manual of the Balance of Payments, IMF, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.

<sup>2</sup> For historic series, see in this web page Home/Statistics/Charts/Weekly Report Charts/ 23 "Concepts of international liquidity of the Central Bank of Peru".