



Indicators

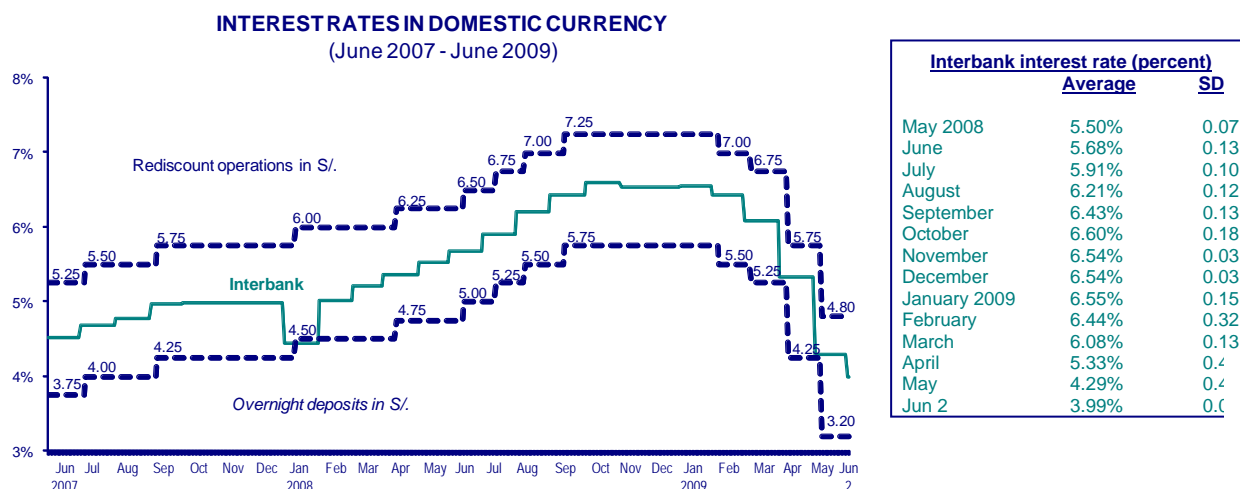
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- Interbank interest rate at 3.99 percent
- Exchange rate: US dollar traded at S/. 2.968
- Trade balance: economic surplus of US\$ 130 million in April
- Country risk at 262 bps.
- LSE grew 6.5 percent

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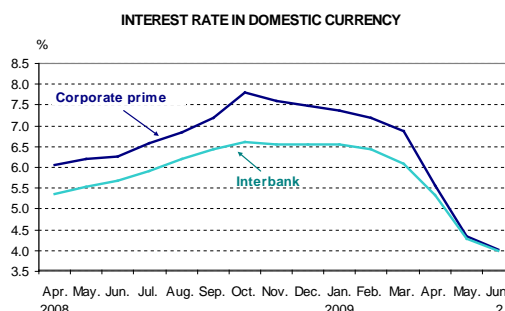
Interbank interest rate at 3.99 percent on June 2

So far in June, the average daily interbank interest rate is 3.99 percent, lower than the average rate of May (4.29 percent). On June 2, the interbank interest rate in domestic currency was 3.99 percent.



Corporate interest rate in nuevos soles declined to 4.03 percent

Between **May 26 and June 2**, the daily average of the 90-day corporate rate in domestic currency fell from 4.20 to 4.03 percent, while this rate in dollars fell from 2.25 to 2.19 percent.

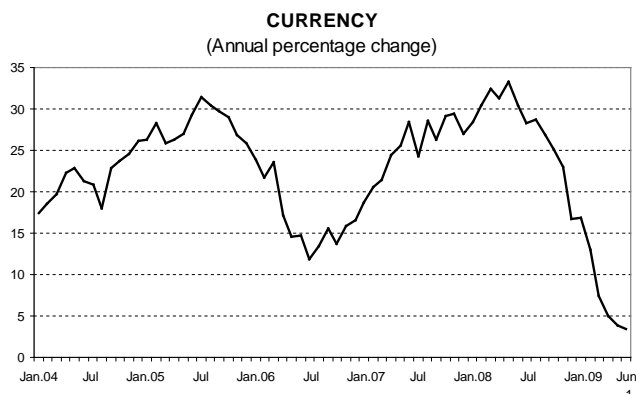


Monetary operations

Between **May 27 and June 2, 2009**, the Central Bank made the following operations: i) auctions of temporary purchases of 1-day, 3-day, and 1-week securities for a daily average of S/. 400 million on May 27 and May 28. The average interest rate on these securities is 3.40 percent; ii) sales of foreign currency (US\$ 50 million) to the Treasury, and iii) overnight deposits in local currency for a total of S/. 965.5 million.

Currency at S/. 15,934 million on June 1, 2009

Between May 26 and June 1, **currency in circulation** increased by S/. 117 million, while year-to-date it has shrank by S/. 1,401 million. As a result of this, currency in circulation has recorded a growth rate of 3.5 percent in the last 12 months –a lower rate than the one observed at end May (3.9 percent).



BCRP OPERATIONS (Millions of nuevos soles)

	FLOWS			STOCKS		
	From 05/26 to 06/21	Cummulated		Dec 31, 2008	May 31, 2009	Jun 01, 2009
		Monthly	Annual			
I. NET INTERNATIONAL POSITION	164	-59	-2,693	67,087	61,505	61,035
(Millions of US\$)	55	-20	-815	21,365	20,570	20,550
A. Foreign Exchange Operations	-50	0	-1,201			
1. Over the counter operations	0	0	-1,072			
2. Net swaps auctions in FC	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Public Sector	-50	0	-113			
4. Other operations	0	0	-16			
B. Rest of Operations	105	-20	386			
II. NET INTERNAL ASSETS	-47	9	1,292	-49,751	-45,521	-45,100
A. Monetary operations	507	612	818	-37,346	-37,140	-36,528
1. Sterilization	657	612	5,301	-42,759	-38,069	-37,457
a. Public Sector Deposits in soles	865	95	-2,709	-23,568	-26,372	-26,276
b. BCRP Certificates of Deposit (CDBCRP)	-300	300	4,806	-7,721	-3,216	-2,916
c. BCRP Indexed Certificates of Deposit (CDR)	32	0	-817	-4,425	-5,242	-5,242
d. BCRP Certificates of Deposit with restricted negotiation	0	0	3,942	-6,483	-2,542	-2,542
e. Overnight Deposits	60	217	-7	-23	-247	-30
f. Other operations	0	0	87	-538	-451	-451
2. Injection	-150	0	-4,483	5,412	929	929
a. Repos	-150	0	-4,483	5,412	929	929
B. Reserve Requirements in DC **	-316	-738	898	-4,975	-3,339	-4,077
C. Rest	-237	135	-424			
III. CURRENCY **	117	-50	-1,401	17,336	15,984	15,934
(Monthly percentage change)				8.9%	-0.4%	-0.3%
(Accumulated percentage change)				16.7%	-7.8%	-8.1%
(YoY)				16.7%	3.9%	3.5%
MEMO						
BCRP Certificates Stocks net of Repos				13,217	10,070	9,770

* As of Jun 1, 2009

** Preliminary data

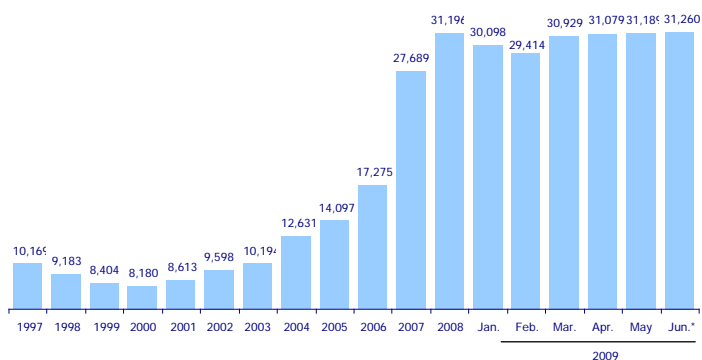
International reserves amounted to US\$ 31,260 million

NIRs amounted to **US\$ 31,260** million on June 3. This level of NIRs, which is US\$ 72 million higher than the one observed at the close of May, is equivalent to 14 months of imports, to 4.8 times the monetary base, and to 1.6 the public external debt.

Moreover, at the close of May, NIRs amounted to US\$ 31,189 million, a sum US\$ 110 million higher than the one recorded in the previous month.

On the other hand, the international investment position of the BCRP on June 3 was US\$ 20,553 million.

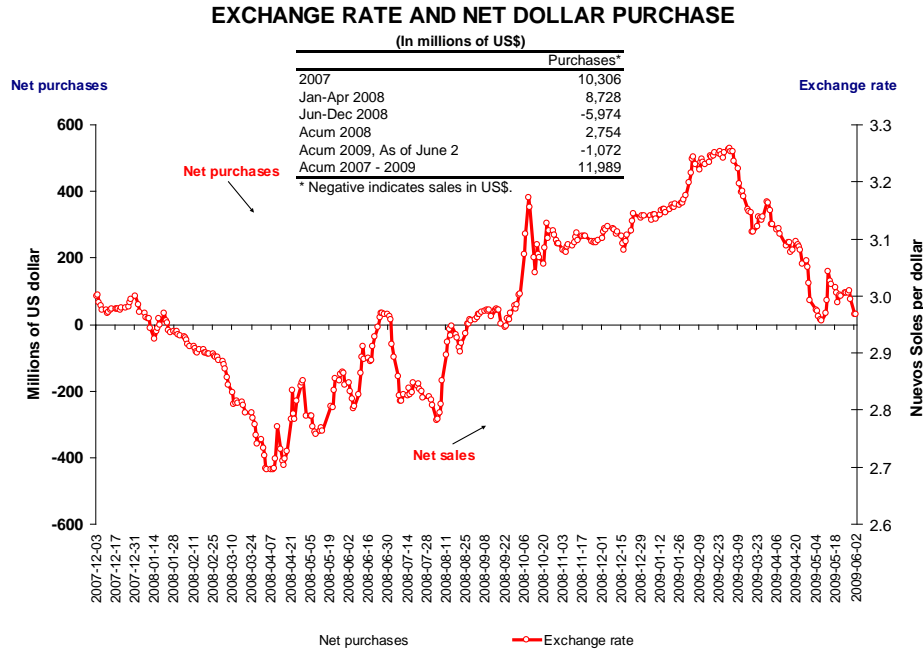
NET INTERNATIONAL RESERVES ACCUMULATED (Millions of US\$)



* As of June 3.

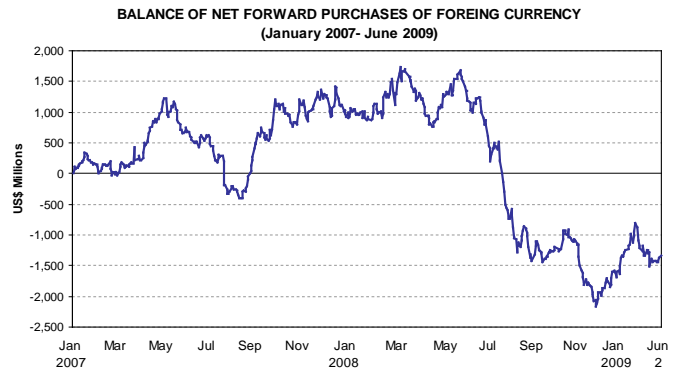
Exchange rate: US dollar traded at S/. 2.968

Between May 26 and June 2, 2009, the average interbank ask price of the dollar fell from S/. 3.005 to S/. 2.968, which represented an appreciation of the nuevo sol of 1.21 percent. The BCRP has not intervened in the exchange market since May 8.



Between May 26 and June 1, banks' balance of net forward purchases of foreign currency increased by US\$ 101.7 million.

In May, the balance of net forward purchases accumulated a decline of US\$ 161.1 million.



Real exchange rate declined 0.8 percent in May

In May, the multilateral real exchange rate declined 0.8 percent relative to the previous month.

This result is explained by a nominal appreciation of the New Sol of 0.9 percent (compared to the basket of currencies of Peru's main trading partners), an external inflation of 0.1 percent, and a null domestic inflation.



Inflation in May: -0.04 percent

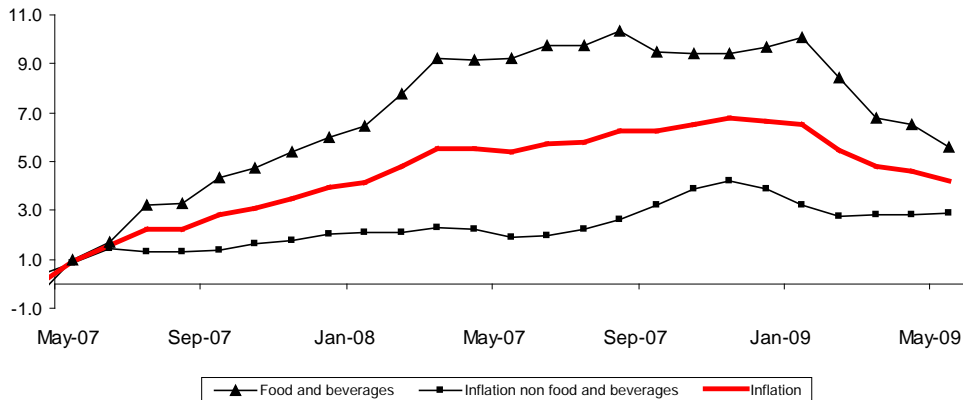
Inflation recorded a rate of -0.04 percent in May, and thus accumulated a rate of 4.21 percent in the last twelve months. Three items contributed to this month's inflation with 0.16 percentage points: chicken meat (0.32 percentage points), sugar (0.04 percentage points), and electricity rates (0.04 points). Conversely, three items contributed with -0.32 percentage points to this month's inflation rate: onion (-0.15 points), potato (-0.14 points), and other vegetables (-0.06 points).

INFLATION
(Accumulated percentage change)

	Weight	Monthly	12-month indicator			Annual average indicator		
		May. 2009	May. 2008	Abr. 2009	May. 2009	May. 2008	Apr. 2009	May. 2009
CPI	100.0	-0.04	5.39	4.64	4.21	3.73	5.89	5.79
1. Food and beverages	47.5	-0.13	9.20	6.51	5.59	5.88	9.04	8.73
2. Rest of items	52.5	0.03	1.92	2.82	2.88	1.79	2.96	3.04
a. Fuel and electricity	6.2	0.16	2.47	-8.41	-6.77	3.71	-0.63	-1.38
Fuel	3.9	-0.64	4.28	-15.03	-15.58	5.21	-1.61	-3.24
Electricity	2.2	1.89	-2.57	10.10	19.45	-0.27	2.10	3.84
b. Transports	8.4	-0.40	1.12	6.15	5.43	0.71	4.46	4.82
c. Public services	2.4	0.02	2.31	8.12	8.15	-1.11	6.04	6.53
d. Other goods and services	2.4	0.14	2.01	4.25	4.07	1.81	3.22	3.40

Food and beverage inflation showed a rate of -0.13 percent in May, and accumulated 5.6 percent in the last twelve months. **Inflation without food and beverages** was 0.03 percent, with an accumulated last 12-month rate of 2.9 percent.

INFLATION, FOOD AND BEVERAGES, INFLATION NON FOOD AND BEVERAGES
(Last 12-month percentage change)



Trade balance recorded surplus of US\$ 130 million in April

The trade balance showed a surplus of US\$ 130 million in April and thus accumulated a surplus of US\$ 576 million in the January-April period.

Exports in April amounted to US\$ 1,775 million, as a result of which exports accumulated a positive balance of US\$ 7,088 million in the first four months of the year. Exports of traditional products amounted to US\$ 1,340 million, while exports of non-traditional products amounted to US\$ 422 million.

Imports, which amounted to US\$ 1,645 million in April, accumulated US\$ 6,512 million in the January-April period. Purchases of consumer goods amounted to US\$ 305 million, while imported inputs and imported capital goods amounted to US\$ 759 million and US\$ 570 million, respectively.

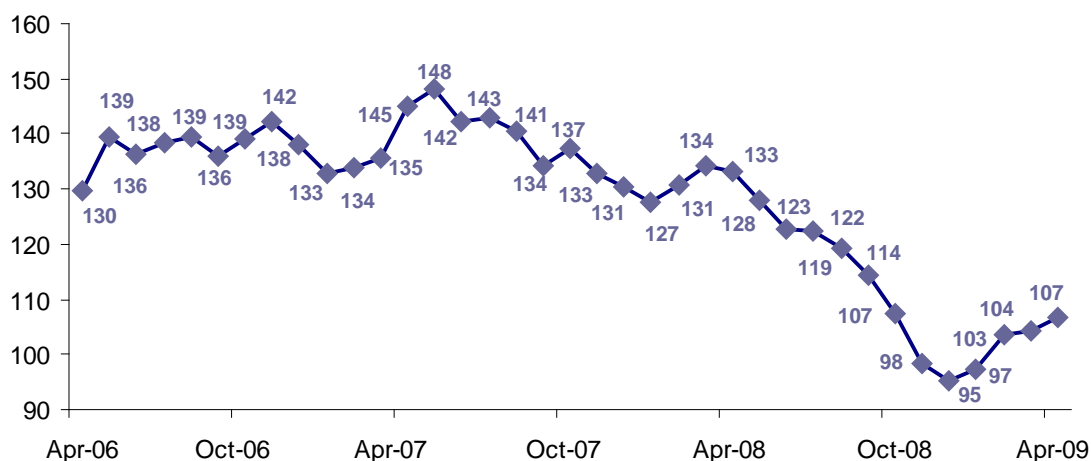
TRADE BALANCE
(FOB values in Millions of US\$)

	2009				January-April
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	2009
1. EXPORTS	1,613	1,791	1,909	1,775	7,088
Traditional products	1,134	1,341	1,394	1,340	5,209
Non-traditional products	468	440	507	422	1,838
Other products	10	10	8	13	41
2. IMPORTS	1,772	1,531	1,565	1,645	6,512
Consumption goods	315	304	311	305	1,235
Raw materials	712	612	734	759	2,816
Capital goods	737	604	508	570	2,420
Other goods	9	11	12	11	42
3. TRADE BALANCE	-159	260	344	130	576

Source: BCRP, SUNAT, Tacna Free Trade Zone, Banco de la Nación and companies.

Terms of trade grew 2.0 percent compared to March and 12.0 percent compared to December 2008 due to the higher prices of copper and crude.

TERMS OF TRADE
(1994=100)

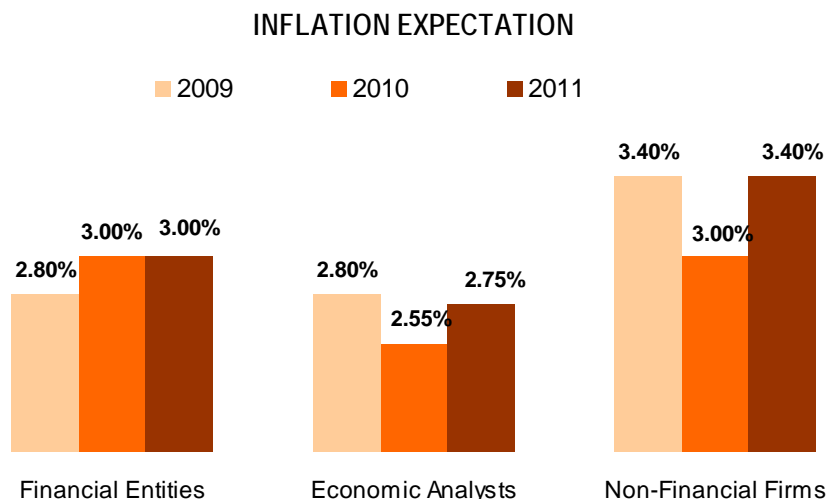


* As of IQ.

BCRP survey records improvement in firms' expectations

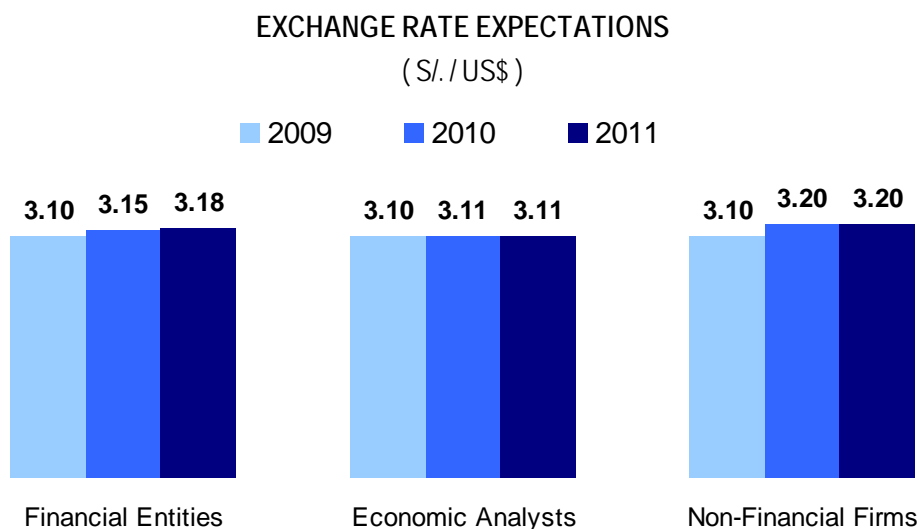
Economic analysts and non-financial firms have revised downwards their expectations about inflation in 2009 (from 3.0 to 2.8 percent and from 3.5 to 3.4 percent, respectively), while financial entities have revised them slightly upwards (from 2.75 to 2.8 percent).

In 2010 and 2011, financial entities and economic analysts expect inflation to range between 2.55 and 3.0 percent, that is, within the Central Bank's target range.



Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

As regards expectations on the exchange rate, the three surveyed groups expect the US dollar to be traded at S/. 3.10 in 2009. On the other hand, the three groups expect different levels of foreign exchange in 2010: financial entities project a level of S/. 3.15/dollar; analysts estimate S/. 3.11/dollar, and non-financial firms expect S/. 3.20/dollar. Moreover, in 2011 the dollar is expected to be traded at between S/. 3.11 and S/. 3.20.



Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

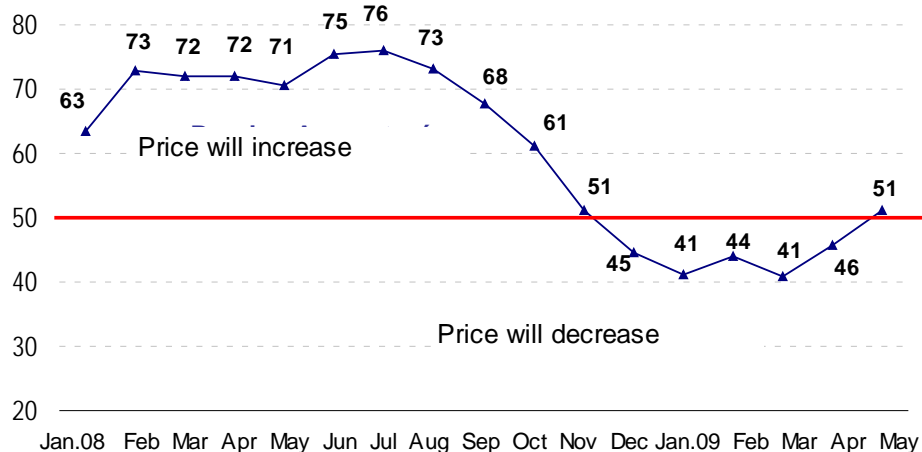
In the next 3-4 months, 77 percent of firms expects no change in the prices of the inputs.

INPUT PRICES (next 3 to 4 months) : May 2009
 (As a percentage of the companies that responded)

Sector	Higher	Same	Lower
Agriculture and Fishing	8	58	33
Mining and Fuel	20	67	13
Manufacture	13	78	9
Electricity, Water and Gas	36	64	0
Construction	14	71	14
Transport and Telecommunications	0	96	4
Services	7	93	0
Total	13	77	10
Memo:			
April 2009	8	76	16
March 2009	8	66	26
February 2009	10	68	22
May 2008	44	53	3

Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

INDEX OF AVERAGE INPUT PRICE
 (Next 3 to 4 months)



Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

In case of sale price of products, 74 percent of companies expects to maintain their prices.

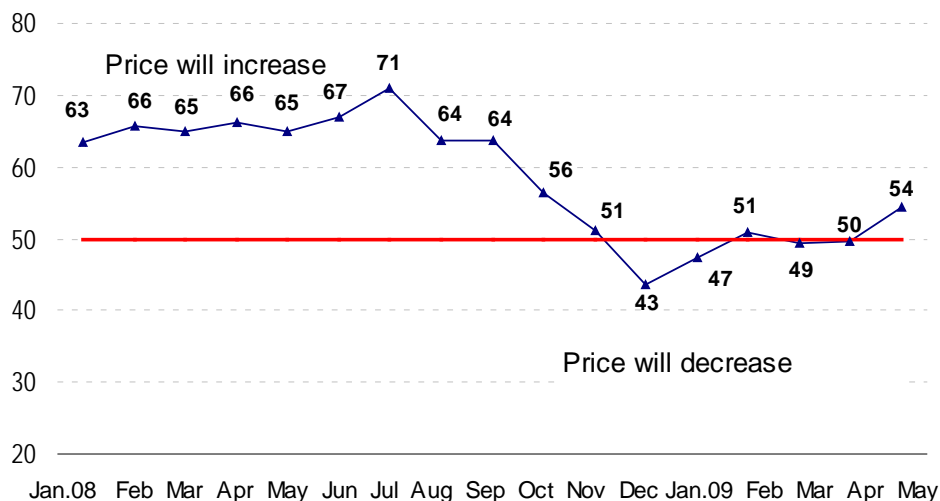
SALE PRICES (next 3 to 4 months) : May 2009

(As a percentage of the companies that responded)

Sector	Higher	Same	Lower
Agriculture and Fishing	21	43	36
Mining and Fuel	61	28	11
Manufacture	9	84	7
Electricity, Water and Gas	45	45	9
Construction	0	95	5
Commerce	23	70	8
Transport and Telecommunications	12	76	12
Services	28	67	6
Total	18	74	9
Memo:			
April 2009	14	70	15
March 2009	17	65	18
February 2009	17	67	15
May 2008	33	63	3

Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

INDEX OF AVERAGE SALE PRICE (Next 3 to 4 months)



Source: Survey on Macroeconomic Expectations, BCRP May 2009.

In May, the Central Reserve Bank of Peru conducted its monthly survey with the participation of 23 financial entities, 25 economic analysts, and 365 non-financial firms.

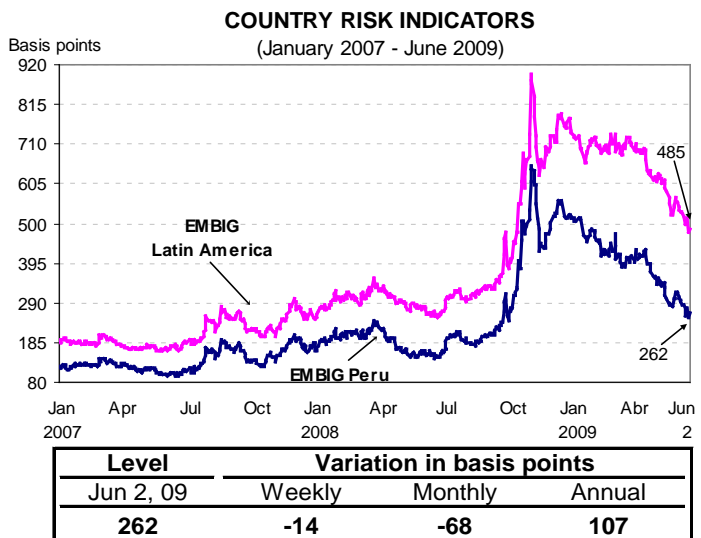
International Markets

Country risk at 262 basis points on June 2

The **EMBIG Peru** fell to 262 basis points on **June 2**.

In **May**, the average country risk, measured by the **EMBIG Peru** spread, dropped from 360 in April to 292 basis points, showing a similar evolution to the one seen in the region's spread, which fell 86 basis points in this period.

This drop of spreads in the region reflected investors' lower risk aversion following the publication of several positive economic data in the United States, as well as optimism in global markets.



Price of gold rose to US\$ 983.3 the troy ounce on June 2

The troy ounce of gold posted US\$ 983.3 on **June 2**.

In **May**, the average price of **gold** rose from US\$ 891.3 in April to US\$ 928.2 the troy ounce (4.1 percent).

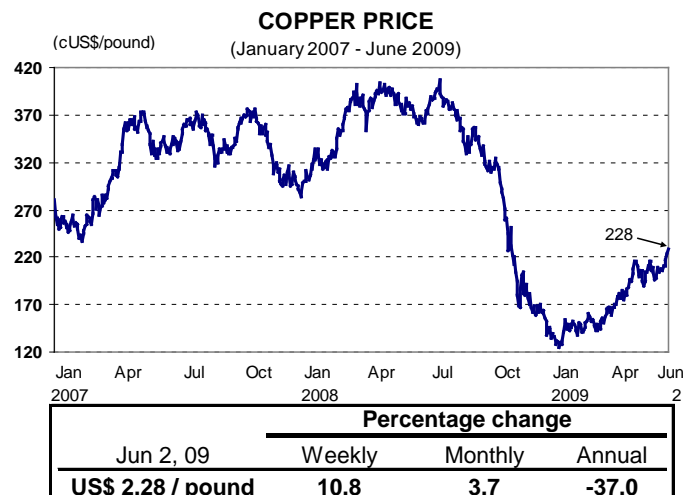
This rise in the price of gold was associated with higher demand for this metal and with the weakness of the dollar against the euro and the yen.



On **June 2**, the price of **copper** rose to US\$ 2.28 the pound.

In **May**, the average price of **copper** increased 3.7 percent compared to the average price in April (from US\$ 2.00 to US\$ 2.07 the pound).

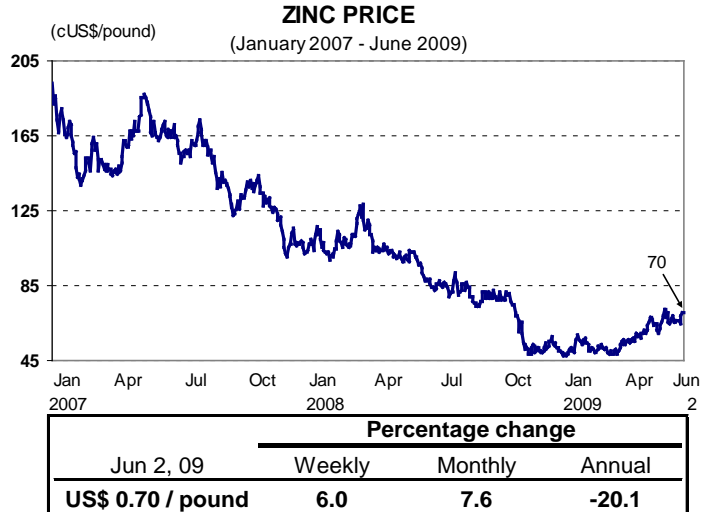
Factors contributing to this rise included the drop of inventories at the London Metal Exchange –inventories at the LME dropped 23 percent to 312 thousand tons– and the improvement of economic indicators in the United States, China and Japan.



On **June 2**, the price of zinc increased to US\$ 0.70 the pound.

The average price of **zinc** recorded an increase of 7.6 percent in **May**, after the pound of zinc rose to US\$ 0.67 from US\$ 0.63 in April.

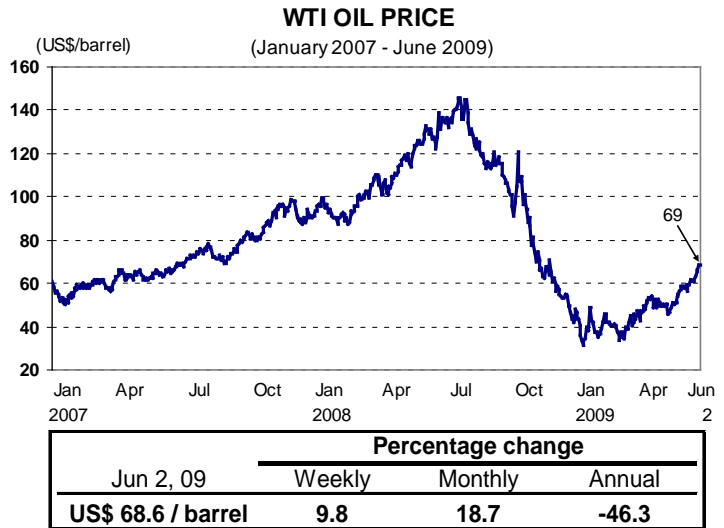
The increase observed in the price of this basic metal is associated mainly with lower inventories at the LME (zinc inventoried dropped 2.5 percent to 324 thousand tons) and with the recovery of stock markets.



The price of **WTI oil** at **June 2** had risen to US\$ 68.6 per barrel.

The average price of **WTI oil** rose from US\$ 49.8 in April to US\$ 59.2 the barrel in May (18.7 percent).

This rise was influenced by a better outlook on the global demand for energy and by the decline of crude inventories in the United States. Other factors contributing to this price rise included geopolitical tensions in Nigeria and a fire at a key refinery in the East Coast of the United States, which renewed fears about supply.

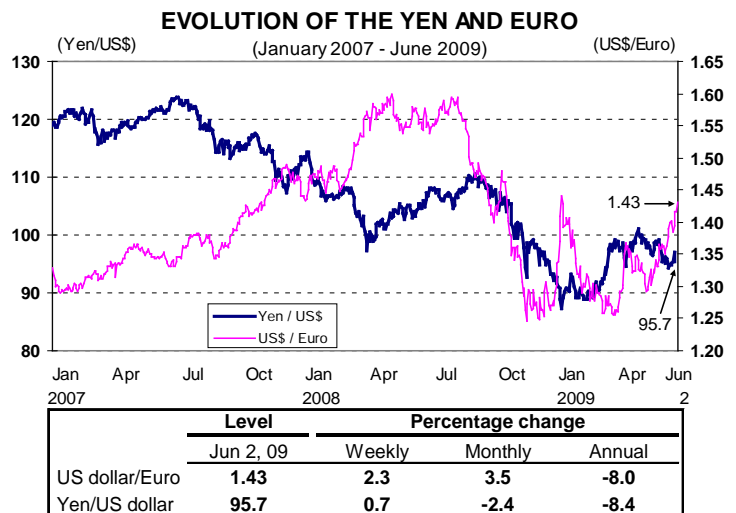


On average, the US dollar depreciated against the euro in May

In **May**, the **dollar** depreciated 3.5 percent on average against the **euro**.

The weakness of the dollar was associated with lower risk aversion, which made the dollar less enticing as a hedge asset. Reports of better-than-expected indicators of economic activity generated optimism about the global economy.

The dollar depreciated 2.4 percent on average against the **yen**.

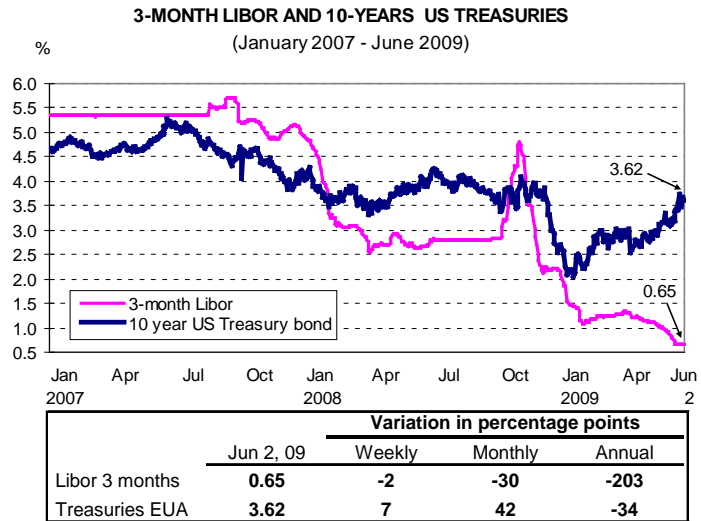


On **June 2**, the euro was traded at US\$ 1.43, while the dollar was traded at 95.7 yen.

On average, yield on 10-year US Treasuries increased to 3.30 percent in May

On average terms, the **3-month Libor** declined from 1.11 to 0.81 percent, while the yield on the **10-year US Treasury bond** increased from 2.88 to 3.30 percent in May.

Fears of new debt issues and optimism in the financial sector of the United States reflected in a lower demand for long-term Treasury bonds and hence in the higher yield of these papers.



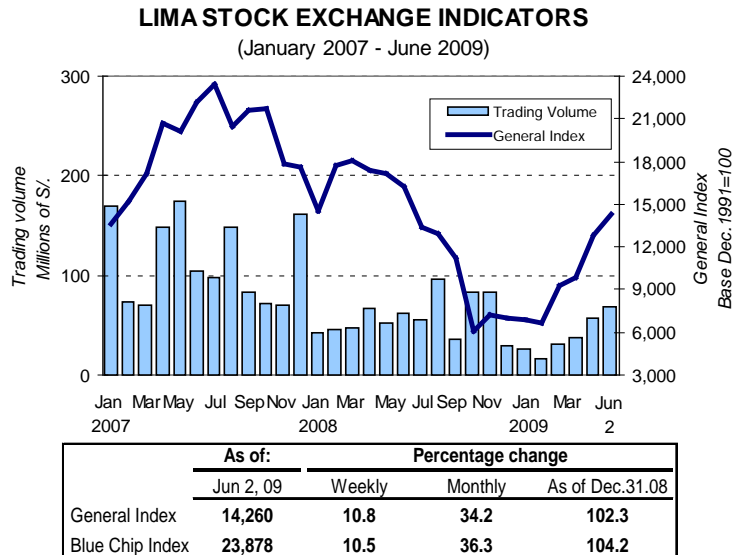
At June 2, the 3-month Libor had declined to 0.65 percent, while the yield on the 10-year US Treasuries had increased to 3.62 percent.

Lima Stock Exchange grew 6.5 percent

At **June 2**, the **General** and **Blue Chip** indices of the Lima Stock Exchange (LSE) had grown 6.5 percent and 5.9 percent, respectively.

In May, the General index and the Blue Chip index showed gains of 34.2 and 36.3 percent, respectively, in line with the positive evolution of Wall Street and markets in the region.

The growth of the LSE indices was influenced by the strong recovery of the prices of metals and with reports showing better-than-expected economic indicators in the United States.



Year-to-date, these indices have accumulate gains of 102.3 and 104.2 percent, respectively.

Resumen de Indicadores Económicos / Summary of Economic Indicators

	2008		2009											
	Dic	Ene	Feb	Mar	Abr	26 May	27 May	28 May	29 May	May	1 Jun	2 Jun	Jun	
RESERVAS INTERNACIONALES (Mills. US\$) / INTERNATIONAL RESERVES														
Posición de cambio / Net international position	21 365	20 361	19 827	20 334	20 257	20 470	20 425	20 397	20 570	313	20 550	20 619	49	
Reservas internacionales netas / Net international reserves	31 196	30 098	29 412	30 929	31 079	31 043	30 978	31 042	31 189	110	31 195	31 182	-7	
Depósitos del sistema financiero en el BCRP / Financial system deposits at BCRP														
Empresas bancarias / Banks	6 581	6 528	6 495	6 587	6 719	6 616	6 577	6 589	6 565	-153	6 570	6 512	-53	
Banco de la Nación / Banco de la Nación	6 297	6 340	6 161	6 192	6 312	6 130	6 087	6 116	6 090	-222	6 077	6 017	-74	
Resto de instituciones financieras / Other financial institutions	255	160	285	341	360	422	427	409	409	50	407	408	-1	
Depósitos del sector público en el BCRP / Public sector deposits at BCRP *	29	28	49	54	47	63	62	63	66	19	86	87	21	
	3 274	3 235	3 116	4 034	4 128	3 972	3 990	4 070	4 066	-62	4 062	4 063	-2	
OPERACIONES CAMBIARIAS BCR (MILL. US\$) / BCRP FOREIGN OPERATIONS														
Compras netas en Mesa de Negociación / Net purchases of foreign currency	-331	-690	-521	223	-58	0	0	-50	0	-153	0	1	1	
Operaciones swaps netas / Net swap operations	-289	-476	-473	0	0	0	0	0	0	77	0	0	0	
Compras con compromiso de recompras en ME (neto) / Net swaps auctions in FC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Operaciones con el Sector Público / Public sector	-10	0	0	235	-4	0	0	0	0	-231	0	0	0	
	-33	-17	-33	-13	-50	0	0	-50	0	0	0	0	0	
TIPO DE CAMBIO (S/. por US\$) / EXCHANGE RATE														
Compra interbancario/Interbank	Promedio / Average	3.113	3.150	3.235	3.173	3.083	3.003	3.004	3.007	2.992	2.992	2.964	2.966	2.965
Venta Interbancario	Apertura / Opening	3.117	3.153	3.239	3.181	3.094	3.011	3.004	3.002	3.001	2.995	2.970	2.974	2.972
	Mediodía / Midday	3.115	3.153	3.238	3.176	3.084	3.004	3.006	3.012	2.993	2.996	2.965	2.968	2.967
	Cierre / Close	3.117	3.154	3.237	3.175	3.083	3.007	3.008	3.008	2.986	2.997	2.975	2.963	2.969
	Promedio / Average	3.116	3.152	3.238	3.176	3.086	3.005	3.005	3.008	2.994	2.995	2.967	2.968	2.968
Sistema Bancario (SBS)	Compra / Bid	3.113	3.151	3.235	3.174	3.084	3.003	3.004	3.007	2.994	2.994	2.968	2.967	2.968
Banking System	Venta / Ask	3.115	3.152	3.237	3.175	3.086	3.004	3.004	3.007	2.995	2.995	2.970	2.968	2.969
Índice de tipo de cambio real (2001 = 100) / Real exchange rate Index (2001 = 100)											98,6			
INDICADORES MONETARIOS / MONETARY INDICATORS														
Moneda nacional / Domestic currency														
Emisión Primaria	(Var. % mensual) / (% monthly change)	11,8	-9,5	-2,3	-1,2	0,0								
Monetary base	(Var. % últimos 12 meses) / (% 12-month change)	25,5	20,7	10,1	7,1	-1,9								
Oferta monetaria	(Var. % mensual) / (% monthly change)	2,2	-3,4	-1,1	-0,5	0,1								
Money Supply	(Var. % últimos 12 meses) / (% 12-month change)	23,1	10,2	-0,4	-6,2	-9,6								
Crédito sector privado	(Var. % mensual) / (% monthly change)	2,5	1,5	-1,0	2,3	0,5								
Credit to the private sector	(Var. % últimos 12 meses) / (% 12-month change)	46,9	42,9	38,2	40,0	34,8								
TOSE saldo fin de período (Var % acum. en el mes) / TOSE balance (% change)		0,8	-0,3	-0,3	-0,5	-0,7	1,8	2,3	2,6	3,0	3,0	-0,6		
Superávit de encaje promedio (% respecto al TOSE) / Average reserve surplus (% of TOSE)		1,0	0,1	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,6		
Cuenta corriente de los bancos (saldo mill. S./) / Banks' current account (balance)		1 779	1 201	881	913	598	512	440	470	355	666	926	889	
Moneda extranjera / foreign currency														
Crédito sector privado	(Var. % mensual) / (% monthly change)	0,4	-0,5	-0,8	-1,4	-0,9								
Credit to the private sector	(Var. % últimos 12 meses) / (% 12-month change)	17,4	15,2	13,8	11,5	8,8								
TOSE saldo fin de período (Var. % acum. en el mes) / TOSE balance (% change)		-1,1	-1,7	-1,1	2,0	-2,4	-0,4	-0,4	-0,7	0,2	0,2	-0,2		
Superávit de encaje promedio (% respecto al TOSE) / Average reserve surplus (% of TOSE)		1,0	0,3	0,4	0,2	0,3	1,1	0,8	0,6	0,3	0,3	4,0		
INDICADORES BURSÁTILES / STOCK MARKET INDICES														
Índice General Bursátil (Var. %) / General Index (% change)		-4,8	-2,1	-3,4	38,5	8,0	3,5	-0,6	1,2	3,4	34,2	4,6	1,8	6,5
Índice Selectivo Bursátil (Var. %) / Blue Chip Index (% change)		-4,8	-3,0	-3,9	34,7	12,5	3,9	-0,6	1,6	3,3	36,3	4,7	1,2	5,9
Monto negociado en acciones (Mill. S.) - Prom. diario		29,2	25,5	15,8	31,2	36,7	107,7	88,3	60,9	162,0	64,0	68,7	67,4	68,1
INFLACIÓN (%) / INFLATION (%)														
Inflación mensual / Monthly		0,36	0,11	-0,07	0,36	0,02								
Inflación últimos 12 meses / % 12 months change		6,65	6,53	5,49	4,78	4,64								
GOBIERNO CENTRAL (MILL. S.) / CENTRAL GOVERNMENT (Mills. of S.)														
Resultado primario / Primary balance		-1 467	1 608	233	541	1 788								
Ingresos corrientes / Current revenue		5 230	5 403	4 293	4 938	6 819								
Gastos no financieros / Non-financial expenditure		6 718	3 854	4 069	4 401	5 069								
COMERCIO EXTERIOR (Mills. US\$) / FOREIGN TRADE (Mills. of US\$)														
Balanza Comercial / Trade balance		37	-159	260	344	130								
Exportaciones / Exports		1 948	1 613	1 791	1 909	1 775								
Importaciones / Imports		1 911	1 772	1 531	1 565	1 645								
PRODUCTO BRUTO INTERNO (Índice 1994=100) / GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT														
Variac. %, respecto al mismo mes del año anterior / Annual rate of growth (12 months)		4,9	2,9	0,1	3,1									
COTIZACIONES INTERNACIONALES / INTERNATIONAL QUOTATIONS														
LIBOR a tres meses (%) / LIBOR 3-month (%)		1,79	1,20	1,24	1,27	1,11	0,66	0,67	0,67	0,66	0,81	0,65	0,65	0,65
Dow Jones (Var. %) / (% change)		-0,60	-8,84	-0,63	7,73	7,35	2,37	-2,05	1,25	1,15	4,07	2,60	0,22	2,06
Rendimiento de los U.S. Treasuries (10 años) / U.S. Treasuries yield (10 years)		2,39	2,48	2,86	2,81	2,90	3,55	3,74	3,65	3,47	3,31	3,68	3,62	3,65
Stripped spread del EMBI+ PERÚ (pbs) / EMBI+ PERU stripped spread (basis points) *****		524	460	422	409	358	276	257	263	278	291	250	262	256

* Incluye depósitos de Promcepi. Fondo de Estabilización Fiscal (FEF), Cofide, fondos administrados por la ONP, y otros depósitos del MEF. El detalle se presenta en el cuadro No.24 de la Nota Semanal.

** A partir del 18 de enero, el BCRP utiliza los depósitos a plazo en moneda nacional como instrumento monetario.

*** A partir del 8 de mayo de 2009, esta tasa se redujo a 4,75%.

**** Las tasas de interés para los créditos de regulación monetaria en dólares serán a la tasa Libor a un mes más un punto porcentual.

***** Desde el 29 de setiembre de 2006, el JP Morgan, de acuerdo a sus criterios de liquidez de mercado, ha incluido dentro de su EMBI+ PERÚ los bonos globales Peru 2025 y 2033. Al ser los spreads de dichos bonos cercanos a los 200 pbs, ello explica el aumento de cerca de 40 pbs en el EMBI+ PERÚ a partir del 29 de setiembre.

Fuente: BCRP, INEI, Banco de la Nación, BVL, Sunat, SBS, Reuters y Bloomberg.

Elaboración: Departamento de Publicaciones Económicas.